



## **Regulatory Disclosures**

**30 June 2022**

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## Summary of Pillar III Regulatory Disclosures

Disclosure requirement	Tables and templates	Page No.	Q2 of 2022
Part I : Key prudential ratios, overview of risk management and RWA	KM1: Key prudential ratios	1	✓
	OV1: Overview of RWA	2	✓
Part IIA : Composition of regulatory capital	CC1: Composition of regulatory capital	3 - 10	✓
	CC2: Reconciliation of regulatory capital to balance sheet	11	✓
	CCA: Main features of regulatory capital instruments	12	✓
Part IIB : Macroprudential supervisory measures	CCyB1: Geographical distribution of credit exposures used in countercyclical capital buffer	13	✓
Part IIC : Leverage ratio	LR1: Summary comparison of accounting assets against leverage ratio exposure measure	14	✓
	LR2: Leverage ratio	15	✓
Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures	CR1: Credit quality of exposures	16	✓
	CR2: Changes in defaulted loans and debt securities	17	✓
	CR3: Overview of recognized credit risk mitigation	18	✓
	CR4: Credit risk exposures and effects of recognized credit risk mitigation – BSC approach	19	✓
	CR5: Credit risk exposures by asset classes and by risk weights – BSC approach	20	✓
Part IV : Counterparty Credit risk	CCR1: Analysis of counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by approaches	24	✓
	CCR2: CVA capital charge	25	✓
	CCR3: Counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by asset classes and by risk weights – BSC approach	26	✓
	CCR5: Composition of collateral for counterparty default risk exposures (including those for contracts or transactions cleared through CCPs)	27	✓
	CCR6: Credit-related derivatives contracts	28	✓
	CCR8: Exposures to CCPs	29	✓
Part V : Securitization exposures	SEC1: Securitization exposures in banking book	30	✓
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	SEC4: Securitization exposures in banking book and associated capital requirements – where AI acts as investor	33	✓
Part VI : Market risk	MR1: Market risk under STM approach	34	✓

Template KM1: Key prudential ratios

		30-Jun-22	31-Mar-22	31-Dec-21	30-Sep-21	30-Jun-21
		USD	USD	USD	USD	USD
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
		T	T-1	T-2	T-3	T-4
<b>Regulatory capital (amount)</b>						
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	157,183,813	159,248,754	165,087,628	165,522,563	165,135,578
2	Tier 1	157,183,813	159,248,754	165,087,628	165,522,563	165,135,578
3	Total capital	174,658,306	176,792,498	182,511,094	182,947,853	182,569,763
<b>RWA (amount)</b>						
4	Total RWA	620,520,982	609,868,287	584,934,293	584,921,268	554,244,420
<b>Risk-based regulatory capital ratios (as a percentage of RWA)</b>						
5	CET1 ratio (%)	25.33%	26.11%	28.22%	28.30%	29.79%
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	25.33%	26.11%	28.22%	28.30%	29.79%
7	Total capital ratio (%)	28.15%	28.99%	31.20%	31.28%	32.94%
<b>Additional CET1 buffer requirements (as a percentage of RWA)</b>						
8	Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%
9	Countercyclical capital buffer requirement (%)	0.143%	0.182%	0.205%	0.205%	0.200%
10	Higher loss absorbency requirements (%) (applicable only to G-SIBs or D-SIBs)	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
11	Total AI-specific CET1 buffer requirements (%)	2.643%	2.682%	2.705%	2.705%	2.700%
12	CET1 available after meeting the AI's minimum capital requirements (%)	17.83%	18.61%	20.72%	20.80%	22.29%
<b>Basel III leverage ratio</b>						
13	Total leverage ratio (LR) exposure measure	660,516,266	654,400,945	628,063,166	636,528,477	602,651,574
14	LR (%)	23.80%	24.34%	26.29%	26.00%	27.40%
<b>Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) / Liquidity Maintenance Ratio (LMR)</b>						
Applicable to category 1 institution only:						
15	Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
16	Total net cash outflows	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
17	LCR (%)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Applicable to category 2 institution only:						
17a	LMR (%)	106.58%	130.65%	161.52%	167.13%	136.79%
<b>Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) / Core Funding Ratio (CFR)</b>						
Applicable to category 1 institution only:						
18	Total available stable funding	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
19	Total required stable funding	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
20	NSFR (%)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Applicable to category 2A institution only:						
20a	CFR (%)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Template OV1: Overview of RWA

		(a)	(b)	(c)
		RWA		Minimum capital requirements
		30-Jun-22	31-Mar-22	30-Jun-22
		USD	USD	USD
		T	T-1	T
1	Credit risk for non-securitization exposures	595,068,937	584,668,130	47,605,515
2	Of which STC approach	-	-	-
2a	Of which BSC approach	595,068,937	584,668,130	47,605,515
3	Of which foundation IRB approach	-	-	-
4	Of which supervisory slotting criteria approach	-	-	-
5	Of which advanced IRB approach	-	-	-
6	Counterparty default risk and default fund contributions	12,143,511	12,208,331	971,481
7	Of which SA-CCR approach	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
7a	Of which CEM	-	-	-
8	Of which IMM(CCR) approach	-	-	-
9	Of which others	12,143,511	12,208,331	971,481
10	CVA risk	-	-	-
11	Equity positions in banking book under the simple risk-weight method and internal models method	-	-	-
12	Collective investment scheme ("CIS") exposures – LTA*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
13	CIS exposures – MBA*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14	CIS exposures – FBA*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14a	CIS exposures – combination of approaches*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
15	Settlement risk	-	-	-
16	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
17	Of which SEC-IRBA	-	-	-
18	Of which SEC-ERBA (including IAA)	-	-	-
19	Of which SEC-SA	-	-	-
19a	Of which SEC-FBA	-	-	-
20	Market risk	-	-	-
21	Of which STM approach	-	-	-
22	Of which IMM approach	-	-	-
23	Capital charge for switch between exposures in trading book and banking book (not applicable before the revised market risk framework takes effect)*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
24	Operational risk	13,308,534	12,991,826	1,064,683
24a	Sovereign concentration risk	-	-	-
25	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% RW)	-	-	-
26	Capital floor adjustment	-	-	-
26a	Deduction to RWA	-	-	-
26b	Of which portion of regulatory reserve for general banking risks and collective provisions which is not included in Tier 2 Capital	-	-	-
26c	Of which portion of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings which is not included in Tier 2 Capital	-	-	-
27	Total	620,520,982	609,868,287	49,641,679

Point to note:

1. Items marked with an asterisk (\*) will be applicable only after their respective policy frameworks take effect. Until then, "Not applicable" should be reported in the rows.

**Explanation of significant drivers behind differences in reporting periods T and T-1.**

No significant differences.

**When minimum capital requirements in column (c) do not correspond to 8% of RWA in column (a), the AI must explain the adjustment made.**

Not applicable.

**If the AI uses the internal models method under the market-based approach to calculate its equity exposures in the banking book pursuant to the BCR, it should provide a description of its internal models used in an accompanying narrative.**

KEXIM Asia Limited uses Basic approach to measure equity exposures in the banking book. The internal models method under the market-based approach does not apply.

**Template CC1: Composition of regulatory capital**

		(a)	(b)
		USD	Cross-referenced to Template CC2 Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>			
<b>CET1 capital: Instruments and reserves</b>			
1	Directly issued qualifying CET1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	130,000,000	[7]
2	Retained earnings	40,830,437	[8] + [9] + [13]
3	Disclosed reserves	(11,859,422)	[11]
4	<i>Directly issued capital subject to phase-out arrangements from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
5	Minority interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the consolidation group)	-	
6	<b>CET1 capital before regulatory deductions</b>	<b>158,971,015</b>	
<b>CET1 capital: regulatory deductions</b>			
7	Valuation adjustments	-	
8	Goodwill (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	-	
9	Other intangible assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	-	
10	Deferred tax assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	158,211	[4] - [12]
11	Cash flow hedge reserve	-	
12	Excess of total EL amount over total eligible provisions under the IRB approach	-	
13	Credit-enhancing interest-only strip, and any gain-on-sale and other increase in the CET1 capital arising from securitization transactions	-	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	

## Regulatory Disclosures

### Template CC1: Composition of regulatory capital (continued)

		(a)	(b)
		USD	Cross-referenced to Template CC2 Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>			
15	Defined benefit pension fund net assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	-	
16	Investments in own CET1 capital instruments (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	-	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in CET1 capital instruments	-	
18	Insignificant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
19	Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
20	Mortgage servicing rights (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
23	of which: significant investments in the ordinary share of financial sector entities	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
26	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 capital	1,628,992	[13]
26a	Cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings (own-use and investment properties)	-	
26b	Regulatory reserve for general banking risks	1,628,992	[13]
26c	Securitization exposures specified in a notice given by the MA	-	
26d	Cumulative losses below depreciated cost arising from the institution's holdings of land and buildings	-	

**Template CC1: Composition of regulatory capital (continued)**

		(a)	(b)
		USD	Cross-referenced to Template CC2 Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>			
26e	Capital shortfall of regulated non-bank subsidiaries	-	
26f	Capital investment in a connected company which is a commercial entity (amount above 15% of the reporting institution's capital base)	-	
27	Regulatory deductions applied to CET1 capital due to insufficient AT1 capital and Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	-	
28	<b>Total regulatory deductions to CET1 capital</b>	<b>1,787,203</b>	
29	<b>CET1 capital</b>	<b>157,183,812</b>	
<b>AT1 capital: instruments</b>			
30	Qualifying AT1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	-	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	-	
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	-	
33	<i>Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements from AT1 capital</i>	-	
34	AT1 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in AT1 capital of the consolidation group)	-	
35	<i>of which: AT1 capital instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out arrangements</i>	-	
36	<b>AT1 capital before regulatory deductions</b>	<b>-</b>	
<b>AT1 capital: regulatory deductions</b>			
37	Investments in own AT1 capital instruments	-	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in AT1 capital instruments	-	



**Template CC1: Composition of regulatory capital (continued)**

		(a)	(b)
		USD	Cross-referenced to Template CC2 Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>			
39	Insignificant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
40	Significant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to AT1 capital	-	
42	Regulatory deductions applied to AT1 capital due to insufficient Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	-	
43	<b>Total regulatory deductions to AT1 capital</b>	-	
44	<b>AT1 capital</b>	-	
45	<b>Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)</b>	<b>157,183,812</b>	
<b>Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions</b>			
46	Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments plus any related share premium	15,000,000	[6]
47	<i>Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements from Tier 2 capital</i>	-	
48	Tier 2 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in Tier 2 capital of the consolidation group)	-	
49	<i>of which: capital instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out arrangements</i>	-	
50	Collective provisions and regulatory reserve for general banking risks eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	2,474,493	{1} + {2} + {3} + {5} + {10} + {13}
51	<b>Tier 2 capital before regulatory deductions</b>	<b>17,474,493</b>	
<b>Tier 2 capital: regulatory deductions</b>			
52	Investments in own Tier 2 capital instruments	-	

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### Template CC1: Composition of regulatory capital (continued)

		(a)	(b)
		USD	Cross-referenced to Template CC2 Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>			
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 capital instruments and non-capital LAC liabilities	-	
54	Insignificant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold and, where applicable, 5% threshold)	-	
54a	Insignificant LAC investments in non-capital LAC liabilities of financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount formerly designated for the 5% threshold but no longer meets the conditions) (for institutions defined as "section 2 institution" under §2(1) of Schedule 4F to BCR only)	-	
55	Significant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
55a	Significant LAC investments in non-capital LAC liabilities of financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to Tier 2 capital	-	
56a	Add back of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings (own-use and investment properties) eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	-	
56b	Regulatory deductions applied to Tier 2 capital to cover the required deductions falling within §48(1)(g) of BCR	-	
57	<b>Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital</b>	-	
58	<b>Tier 2 capital (T2)</b>	<b>17,474,493</b>	
59	<b>Total regulatory capital (TC = T1 + T2)</b>	<b>174,658,305</b>	
60	<b>Total RWA</b>	<b>620,520,982</b>	
<b>Capital ratios (as a percentage of RWA)</b>			
61	<b>CET1 capital ratio</b>	<b>25.33%</b>	
62	<b>Tier 1 capital ratio</b>	<b>25.33%</b>	

## Regulatory Disclosures

### Template CC1: Composition of regulatory capital *(continued)*

		(a)	(b)
		USD	Cross-referenced to Template CC2 Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>			
63	<b>Total capital ratio</b>	28.15%	
64	<b>Institution-specific buffer requirement (capital conservation buffer plus countercyclical capital buffer plus higher loss absorbency requirements)</b>	2.643%	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.500%	
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical capital buffer requirement	0.143%	
67	of which: higher loss absorbency requirement	-	
68	CET1 (as a percentage of RWA) available after meeting minimum capital requirements	17.8309%	
<b>National minima (if different from Basel 3 minimum)</b>			
69	National CET1 minimum ratio	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
71	National Total capital minimum ratio	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
<b>Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)</b>			
72	Insignificant LAC investments in CET1, AT1 and Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-	
73	Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	<i>Not applicable</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>

**Template CC1: Composition of regulatory capital (continued)**

		(a)	(b)
		USD	Cross-referenced to Template CC2 Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>			
	<b>Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital</b>		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to the BSC approach, or the STC approach and SEC-ERBA, SEC-SA and SEC-FBA (prior to application of cap)	-	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under the BSC approach, or the STC approach, and SEC-ERBA, SEC-SA and SEC-FBA	-	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to the IRB approach and SEC-IRBA (prior to application of cap)	-	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under the IRB approach and SEC-IRBA	-	
	<b>Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 1 Jan 2018 and 1 Jan 2022)</b>		
80	Current cap on CET1 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements	Not applicable	Not applicable
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
82	Current cap on AT1 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements	-	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	
84	Current cap on Tier 2 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements	-	
85	Amount excluded from Tier 2 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	

**Notes :**

Elements where a more conservative definition has been applied in the BCR relative to that set out in Basel III capital standards:

Template CC1: Composition of regulatory capital (continued)

		Hong Kong basis	Basel III basis
10	Deferred tax assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	158,211	158,211
	<p><b>Explanation</b>            As set out in paragraphs 69 and 87 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010), DTAs of the bank to be realized are to be deducted, whereas DTAs which relate to temporary differences may be given limited recognition in CET1 capital (and hence be excluded from deduction from CET1 capital up to the specified threshold). In Hong Kong, an AI is required to deduct all DTAs in full, irrespective of their origin, from CET1 capital. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 10 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 10 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by reducing the amount of DTAs to be deducted which relate to temporary differences to the extent not in excess of the 10% threshold set for DTAs arising from temporary differences and the aggregate 15% threshold set for MSRs, DTAs arising from temporary differences and significant investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities (excluding those that are loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies) under Basel III.</p>		
	<p><b>Remarks:</b>            The amount of the 10% threshold and 5% threshold mentioned above is calculated based on the amount of CET1 capital determined in accordance with the deduction methods set out in BCR Schedule 4F. The 15% threshold is referring to paragraph 88 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010) and has no effect to the Hong Kong regime.</p>		

Abbreviations:

CET1: Common Equity Tier 1

AT1: Additional Tier 1

**KEXIM ASIA LIMITED**  
Regulatory Disclosures

**Template CC2: Reconciliation of regulatory capital to balance sheet**

	(a)	(b)	(c)
	Balance sheet as in published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Reference
	At 30 June 2022	At 30 June 2022	
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions	5,784,973	5,784,973	
Loans and advances to banks	43,122,841	43,122,841	
<i>Of which: collective impairment allowances</i>		27,093	[1]
Loans and advances to customers	312,731,017	312,731,017	
<i>Of which: collective impairment allowances</i>		701,487	[2]
Investment securities	287,604,560	287,604,560	
<i>Of which: collective impairment allowances</i>		4,509	[3]
Deferred tax assets	459,598	459,598	[4]
Property, plant and equipment	1,240,978	1,240,978	
Other assets	3,020,296	3,020,296	
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>653,964,263</b>	<b>653,964,263</b>	
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
Deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions	352,243,301	352,243,301	
Tax payable	663,362	663,362	
Other liabilities	2,502,348	2,502,348	
<i>Of which: collective impairment allowances</i>		1,612	[5]
Borrowings from the ultimate holding company	124,177,502	124,177,502	
Borrowings from other financial institutions	-	-	
Subordinated liabilities	14,994,548	14,994,548	
<i>Of which: Subordinated liabilities</i>		15,000,000	[6]
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>494,581,061</b>	<b>494,581,061</b>	
<b>Equity</b>			
Share capital	130,000,000	130,000,000	[7]
Reserves	29,383,202	29,383,202	
<i>Of which: retained profits</i>		36,923,298	[8]
<i>profit for the period</i>		2,278,147	[9]
<i>other comprehensive income</i>		110,800	[10]
<i>AFS investment revaluation reserve</i>		(11,859,422)	[11]
<i>deferred tax assets</i>		301,387	[12]
<i>regulatory reserve</i>		1,628,992	[13]
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>159,383,202</b>	<b>159,383,202</b>	
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>	<b>653,964,263</b>	<b>653,964,263</b>	

## Regulatory Disclosures

Table CCA: Main features of regulatory capital instruments

As at 30 June 2022		(a)		
		Quantitative / qualitative information		
		Ordinary Shares	Ordinary Shares	Subordinated loan
1	Issuer	KEXIM Asia Limited		
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N.A.		
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Laws		
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>				
4	Transitional Basel III rules <sup>1</sup>	Common Equity Tier 1	Common Equity Tier 1	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules <sup>2</sup>	Common Equity Tier 1	Common Equity Tier 1	Tier 2
6	Eligible at solo / group / solo and group	Solo	Solo	Solo
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Ordinary Shares	Ordinary Shares	Subordinated loan
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	USD 30 million	UD 100 million	USD 15 million
9	Par value of instrument	No par value (issued USD 30 million)	No par value (issued USD 100 million)	USD 15 million
10	Accounting classification	Shareholders' equity	Shareholders' equity	Liability - amortised cost
11	Original date of issuance	4 March 2004	27 August 2020	27 September 2018
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual	Perpetual	Dated
13	Original maturity date	No maturity	No maturity	27 September 2028
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes	Yes	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.	N.A.	27 September 2023, USD 15 million
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>				
17	Fixed or floating dividend / coupon	Floating dividend	Floating dividend	Floating coupon
18	Coupon rate and any related index	No	No	3 months US\$ LIBOR + 1.6%
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary	Fully discretionary	Mandatory
21	Existence of step-up or other incentive to redeem	No	No	No
22	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative	Non-cumulative	Non-cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible	Non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
30	Write-down feature	No	No	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	BCR Sch. 4C1.(k)
32	If write-down, full or partial	N.A.	N.A.	Full or partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument in the insolvency creditor hierarchy of the legal entity concerned).	Subordinated creditors	Subordinated creditors	Senior creditors
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No	No	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

**Footnote:**

<sup>1</sup> Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H to the BCR.

<sup>2</sup> Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H to the BCR.

The full terms and conditions of the Company's capital instruments can be found in our website, <https://www.koreaexim.go.kr/ea/HPHYEA015M01>.

**Template CCyB1: Geographical distribution of credit exposures used in countercyclical capital buffer (“CCyB”)**

**As at 30 June 2022**

		a	c	d	e
	Geographical breakdown by Jurisdiction (J)	Applicable JCCyB ratio In effect	RWA used in computation of CCyB ratio	AI-specific CCyB ratio (%)	CCyB amount
		(%)	Amount (USD)		
1	Hong Kong SAR	1.0000%	57,005,254		
2	Sum <sup>1</sup>		57,005,254		
3	Total <sup>2</sup>		398,420,780	0.143%	569,742

**Footnote:**

<sup>1</sup> The sum of RWAs for the private sector credit exposures in jurisdictions with a non-zero applicable JCCyB ratio.

<sup>2</sup> Total: (for column (c)) total sum of the RWA for private sector credit exposures across all jurisdictions to which the AI is exposed, including jurisdictions with no applicable JCCyB ratio or with applicable JCCyB ratio set at zero.



**Template LR1: Summary comparison of accounting assets against leverage ratio  
("LR") exposure measure**

<b>As at 30 June 2022</b>		(a)
	<b>Item</b>	<b>Value under the LR framework USD</b>
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	653,964,263
2	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	(52,682,022)
2a	Adjustment for securitised exposures that meet the operational requirements for the recognition of risk transference	-
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the applicable accounting standard but excluded from the LR exposure measure	-
3a	Adjustments for eligible cash pooling transactions	-
4	Adjustments for derivative contracts	-
5	Adjustment for SFTs (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	58,392,236
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet ("OBS") items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of OBS exposures)	1,000,000
6a	Adjustments for prudent valuation adjustments and specific and collective provisions that are allowed to be excluded from exposure measure	-
7	Other adjustments	(158,211)
8	<b>Leverage ratio exposure measure</b>	<b>660,516,266</b>

Template LR2: Leverage ratio ("LR")

		(a)	(b)
		30-Jun-22	31-Mar-22
		USD	USD
		T	T-1
<b>On-balance sheet exposures</b>			
1	On-balance sheet exposures (excluding those arising from derivative contracts and SFTs, but including collateral)	601,282,241	596,047,828
2	Less: Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital	(158,211)	(158,211)
3	<b>Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivative contracts and SFTs)</b>	<b>601,124,030</b>	<b>595,889,617</b>
<b>Exposures arising from derivative contracts</b>			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative contracts (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)	-	-
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative contracts	-	-
6	Gross-up for collateral provided in respect of derivative contracts where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the applicable accounting framework	-	-
7	Less: Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided under derivative contracts	-	-
8	Less: Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures	-	-
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit-related derivative contracts	-	-
10	Less: Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit-related derivative contracts	-	-
11	<b>Total exposures arising from derivative contracts</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Exposures arising from SFTs</b>			
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	54,023,393	54,158,410
13	Less: Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets	-	-
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	4,368,843	4,352,918
15	Agent transaction exposures	-	-
16	<b>Total exposures arising from SFTs</b>	<b>58,392,236</b>	<b>58,511,328</b>
<b>Other off-balance sheet exposures</b>			
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	5,000,000	-
18	Less: Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	(4,000,000)	-
19	<b>Off-balance sheet items</b>	<b>1,000,000</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Capital and total exposures</b>			
20	Tier 1 capital	157,183,813	159,248,754
20a	Total exposures before adjustments for specific and collective provisions	660,516,266	654,400,945
20b	Adjustments for specific and collective provisions	-	-
21	<b>Total exposures after adjustments for specific and collective provisions</b>	<b>660,516,266</b>	<b>654,400,945</b>
<b>Leverage ratio</b>			
22	Leverage ratio	23.80%	24.34%

Template CR1: Credit quality of exposures

As at 30 June 2022							
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d) (e)		(f)	(g)
	Gross carrying amounts of		Allowances / Impairments	Of which ECL accounting provisions for credit losses on STC approach exposures		Of which ECL accounting provisions for credit losses on IRB approach exposures	Net values (a+b-c)
	Defaulted exposures	Non- defaulted exposures		Allocated in regulatory category of specific provisions	Allocated in regulatory category of collective provisions		
USD							
1 Loans	-	356,933,430	728,580	-	728,580	-	356,204,850
2 Debt securities	-	287,609,069	4,509	-	4,509	-	287,604,560
3 Off-balance sheet exposures	-	5,000,000	1,612	-	1,612	-	4,998,388
4 Total	-	649,542,499	734,701	-	734,701	-	648,807,798

Default exposures : Borrower is more than 90 days past due on any credit obligation.



Regulatory Disclosures

**Template CR2: Changes in defaulted loans and debt securities**

	30-Jun-22 USD
1 Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of December 2021(1+2-3-4±5)	-
2 Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	-
3 Returned to non-defaulted status	-
4 Amounts written off	-
5 Other changes	-
6 Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of June 2022 (1+2-3-4±5)	-

**Template CR3: Overview of recognized credit risk mitigation**

		As at 30 June 2022				
		(a)	(b1)	(b)	(d)	(f)
		Exposures unsecured: carrying amount	Exposures to be secured	Exposures secured by recognized collateral	Exposures secured by recognized guarantees	Exposures secured by recognized credit derivative contracts
USD						
1	Loans	81,325,140	274,879,710	-	274,879,710	-
2	Debt securities	217,724,290	69,880,270	-	69,880,270	-
3	Total	299,049,430	344,759,980	-	344,759,980	-
4	Of which defaulted	-	-	-	-	-

## Template CR4: Credit risk exposures and effects of recognized credit risk mitigation – BSC approach

		As at 30 June 2022					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
		Exposures pre-CCF and pre-CRM		Exposures post-CCF and post-CRM		RWA and RWA density	
Exposure classes	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	RWA	RWA density	
	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD	%	
1	Sovereign exposures	-	-	-	-	-	0%
2	PSE exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bank exposures	125,707,755	-	125,707,755	-	64,629,269	51%
5	Cash items	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures in respect of failed delivery on transactions entered into on a basis other than a delivery-versus-payment basis	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Residential mortgage loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Other exposures	529,439,668	1,000,000	529,439,668	1,000,000	530,439,668	100%
9	Significant exposures to commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	<b>Total</b>	<b>655,147,423</b>	<b>1,000,000</b>	<b>655,147,423</b>	<b>1,000,000</b>	<b>595,068,937</b>	<b>91%</b>

No significant change over the last reporting period.

Template CR5: Credit risk exposures by asset classes and by risk weights – BSC approach

USD		As at 30 June 2022								
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)
Exposure class	Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	100%	250%	Others	Total credit risk exposures amount (post CCF and post CRM)
	1	Sovereign exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	PSE exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bank exposures	-	-	76,348,107	-	-	49,359,648	-	-	125,707,755
5	Cash items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures in respect of failed delivery on transactions entered into on a basis other than a delivery-versus-payment basis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Residential mortgage loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Other exposures	-	-	-	-	-	530,439,668	-	-	530,439,668
9	Significant exposures to commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	<b>Total</b>	-	-	76,348,107	-	-	579,799,316	-	-	656,147,423

**KEXIM ASIA LIMITED**  
Regulatory Disclosures

**Advances to customers**

(a) By Industry sectors

The analysis of advances to customers by industry sector is based on the categories used in the "Quarterly Analysis of Loans and Advances and Provisions" Return to the HKMA and is stated gross of any provisions:

Loans and advances to customers analysed by the coverage of collateral and the impairment allowance is as follows:

<b>At 06/30/2022</b>			
Gross loans and advances USD	% of gross loans and advances covered by collateral	Collectively - assessed impairment allowances USD	Individually - assessed impairment allowances USD
<b>Loans for use in Hong Kong</b>			
<u>Industrial, commercial and financial:</u>			
- Investment companies	10,000,000	6,542	-
- Wholesale and retail trade	21,000,000	-	82,671
<b>Loans for use in Hong Kong</b>	<b>31,000,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>89,213</b>
<b>Loans for use outside Hong Kong</b>	<b>282,432,504</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>612,274</b>
<b>Gross advances to customers</b>	<b>313,432,504</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>701,487</b>

<b>At 12/31/2021</b>			
Gross loans and advances USD	% of gross loans and advances covered by collateral	Collectively - assessed impairment allowances USD	Individually - assessed impairment allowances USD
<b>Loans for use in Hong Kong</b>			
<u>Industrial, commercial and financial:</u>			
- Finance companies & others	10,000,000	-	6,490
- Wholesale and retail trade	7,000,000	-	38,426
<b>Loans for use in Hong Kong</b>	<b>17,000,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>44,916</b>
<b>Loans for use outside Hong Kong</b>	<b>297,637,249</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>753,148</b>
<b>Gross advances to customers</b>	<b>314,637,249</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>798,064</b>

(b) By geographical areas

<b>At 06/30/2022</b>			
Gross loans and advances USD	Collectively - assessed impairment allowances USD	Individually - assessed impairment allowances USD	
-Korea	285,313,507	(677,001)	-
-Developing Asia Pacific	-	-	-
-Developing Latin America and Caribbean	4,118,997	(11,685)	-
-Developing Africa and Middle East	14,000,000	(6,259)	-
-Offshore centres	10,000,000	(6,542)	-
	<b>313,432,504</b>	<b>(701,487)</b>	<b>-</b>

<b>At 12/31/2021</b>			
Gross loans and advances USD	Collectively - assessed impairment allowances USD	Individually - assessed impairment allowances USD	
-Korea	266,569,543	(623,298)	-
-Developing Asia Pacific	4,941,108	(140,711)	-
-Developing Latin America and Caribbean	4,126,598	(11,607)	-
-Developing Africa and Middle East	14,000,000	(6,218)	-
-Offshore centres	25,000,000	(16,230)	-
	<b>314,637,249</b>	<b>(798,064)</b>	<b>-</b>

The above geographical analysis is classified by the location of counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk.



## Advances to banks and other financial institutions

### (a) By industry sectors

The analysis of advances to banks and other financial institutions by industry sector is based on the categories used in the "Quarterly Analysis of Loans and Advances and Provisions" Return to the HKMA and is stated gross of any

Loans and advances to banks and other financial institutions analysed by the coverage of collateral and the impairment allowance is as follows:

	At 06/30/2022		
	Gross loans and advances USD	% of gross loans and advances covered by collateral	Collectively - assessed impairment allowances USD
Loans for use outside Hong Kong	43,149,934	-	27,093
	At 12/31/2021		
	Gross loans and advances USD	% of gross loans and advances covered by collateral	Collectively - assessed impairment allowances USD
Loans for use outside Hong Kong	33,405,779	-	24,233

### (b) By geographical areas

	At 06/30/2022	
	Gross loans and advances USD	Collectively - assessed impairment allowances USD
-Korea	-	-
-Developing Asia Pacific	-	-
-Developing Europe	-	-
-Developing Latin America and Caribbean	-	-
-Developing Africa and Middle East	34,920,417	(16,299)
-Offshore centres	8,229,517	(10,794)
	43,149,934	(27,093)
	At 12/31/2021	
	Gross loans and advances USD	Collectively - assessed impairment allowances USD
-Korea	-	-
-Developing Asia Pacific	-	-
-Offshore centres	-	-
-Developing Europe	-	-
-Developing Africa and Middle East	29,906,761	(19,689)
-Developing Latin America and Caribbean	3,499,018	(4,544)
	33,405,779	(24,233)

The above geographical analysis is classified by the location of counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk.

# KEXIM ASIA LIMITED

## Regulatory Disclosures

### Overdue

#### a Advances to customers which have been overdue for :

	<u>At 06/30/2022</u>	<u>At 06/30/2022</u>	<u>At 12/31/2021</u>	<u>At 12/31/2021</u>
	By amount USD	By % of total advances	By amount USD	By % of total advances
6 months or less but over 3 months	-	-	-	-
1 year or less but over 6 months	-	-	-	-
Over 1 year	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Current market value of collateral held against the covered portion of overdue loans and	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Covered portion of overdue loans and advances	-		-	
Uncovered portion of overdue loans and advances	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	

Loans and advances with a specific repayment date are classified as overdue when the principal or interest is overdue and remains unpaid at the year-end.

#### b Advances to banks and other financial institutions which have been overdue for :

6 months or less but over 3 months	-	-	-	-
1 year or less but over 6 months	-	-	-	-
Over 1 year	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

#### c Other assets which have been overdue for :

6 months or less but over 3 months	-	-	-	-
1 year or less but over 6 months	-	-	-	-
Over 1 year	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

#### d Rescheduled advances to customers

-	-	-	-
---	---	---	---

#### e Rescheduled advances to banks and other financial institution

-	-	-	-
---	---	---	---

#### f Total impaired loans

-	-	-	-
---	---	---	---

#### g Individual impairment allowances / Expected credit losses at stage 3 made on overdue loans and advances

-	-	-	-
---	---	---	---

As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, there were no overdue advances to banks and other financial institutions.

### Reposessed assets

	<u>At 06/30/2022</u>	<u>At 12/31/2021</u>
	USD	USD
Reposessed assets	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

**Template CCR1: Analysis of counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by approaches**

		As at 30 June 2022					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
		Replacement cost (RC)	PFE	Effective EPE	Alpha ( $\alpha$ ) used for computing default risk exposure	Default risk exposure after CRM	RWA
USD							
1	SA-CCR approach (for derivative contracts)	-	-		1.4	-	-
1a	CEM (for derivative contracts)	-	-		1.4	-	-
2	IMM (CCR) approach				-		
3	Simple approach (for SFTs)					54,023,393	12,143,511
4	Comprehensive approach (for SFTs)					-	-
5	VaR (for SFTs)					-	-
6	<b>Total</b>						<b>12,143,511</b>

Template CCR2: CVA capital charge

USD		As at 30 June 2022	
		(a)	(b)
		EAD post CRM	RWA
	Netting sets for which CVA capital charge is calculated by the advanced CVA method	-	-
1	(i) VaR (after application of multiplication factor if applicable)	-	-
2	(ii) Stressed VaR (after application of multiplication factor if applicable)	-	-
3	Netting sets for which CVA capital charge is calculated by the standardized CVA method	-	-
4	Total	-	-

## Template CCR3: Counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by asset classes and by risk weights – BSC approach

USD		As at 30 June 2022								
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(ca)	(d)	(f)	(ga)	(h)	(i)
Risk Weight		0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	100%	250%	Others	Total default risk exposure after CRM
Exposure class										
1	Sovereign exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	PSE exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bank exposures	-	-	7,194,006	-	-	-	-	-	7,194,006
5	CIS exposures [4]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Other exposures	-	-	-	-	-	4,949,505	-	-	4,949,505
7	Significant exposures to commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	<b>Total</b>	-	-	7,194,006	-	-	4,949,505	-	-	12,143,511

<sup>28</sup> Before the new standard on banks' equity investment in funds is effective, an AI's CIS exposures may be reported within the category of 'Other exposures' of the template.

Template CCR5: Composition of collateral for counterparty default risk exposures (including those for contracts or transactions cleared through CCPs)

As at 30 June 2022						
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
	Derivative contracts				SFTs [3]	
	Fair value of recognized collateral received		Fair value of posted collateral		Fair value of recognized collateral received	Fair value of posted collateral
USD	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated		
Cash - domestic currency[4]	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash - other currencies	-	-	-	-	49,654,550	-
Domestic sovereign debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other sovereign debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government agency debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	54,023,393
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
...	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>49,654,550</b>	<b>54,023,393</b>

[3] For 'SFTs' reported in columns (e) and (f), the collateral used is defined as referring to both legs of the transaction. For example, an AI transfers securities to a third party, which in turn posts collateral to the AI. The AI should report both legs of the transaction in the template; on one hand the collateral received is reported in column (e), on the other hand the collateral posted by the AI is reported in column (f).

[4] 'Domestic currency' refers to the AI's reporting currency (not the currency / currencies in which the derivative contract or SFT is denominated).

**Template CCR6: Credit-related derivatives contracts**

USD	As at 30 June 2022	
	(a)	(b)
	Protection bought	Protection sold
<b>Notional amounts</b>		
Single-name credit default swaps	-	-
Index credit default swaps	-	-
Total return swaps	-	-
Credit-related options	-	-
Other credit-related derivative contracts	-	-
<b>Total notional amounts</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Fair values</b>		
Positive fair value (asset)	-	-
Negative fair value (liability)	-	-

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Template CCR8: Exposures to CCPs

		As at 30 June 2022	
		(a)	(b)
USD		Exposure after CRM	RWA
1	<b>Exposures of the AI as clearing member or clearing client<sup>[5]</sup> to qualifying CCPs (total)</b>		-
2	Default risk exposures to qualifying CCPs (excluding items disclosed in rows 7 to 10), of which:	-	-
3	(i) OTC derivative transactions	-	-
4	(ii) Exchange-traded derivative contracts	-	-
5	(iii) Securities financing transactions	-	-
6	(iv) Netting sets subject to valid cross-product netting agreements	-	-
7	Segregated initial margin	-	-
8	Unsegregated initial margin	-	-
9	Funded default fund contributions	-	-
10	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-
11	<b>Exposures of the AI as clearing member or clearing client to non-qualifying CCPs (total)</b>		-
12	Default risk exposures to non-qualifying CCPs (excluding items disclosed in rows 17 to 20), of which:	-	-
13	(i) OTC derivative transactions	-	-
14	(ii) Exchange-traded derivative contracts	-	-
15	(iii) Securities financing transactions	-	-
16	(iv) Netting sets subject to valid cross-product netting agreements	-	-
17	Segregated initial margin	-	-
18	Unsegregated initial margin	-	-
19	Funded default fund contributions	-	-
20	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-

<sup>[5]</sup> "Clearing client" here may mean a direct client, or an indirect client within a multi-level client structure, as applicable. These terms have the meaning given by the BCR.



Template SEC1: Securitization exposures in banking book

USD		As at 30 June 2022								
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)
		Acting as originator (excluding sponsor)			Acting as sponsor			Acting as investor		
		Traditional	Synthetic	Sub-total	Traditional	Synthetic	Sub-total	Traditional	Synthetic	Sub-total
1	Retail (total) – of which:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	residential mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	credit card	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	other retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	re-securitization exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Wholesale (total) – of which:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	loans to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	commercial mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	lease and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	other wholesale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	re-securitization exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Template SEC2: Securitization exposures in trading book

		As at 30 June 2022								
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)
		Acting as originator (excluding sponsor)			Acting as sponsor			Acting as investor		
USD		Traditional	Synthetic	Sub-total	Traditional	Synthetic	Sub-total	Traditional	Synthetic	Sub-total
1	Retail (total) – of which:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	residential mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	credit card	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	other retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	re-securitization exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Wholesale (total) – of which:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	loans to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	commercial mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	lease and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	other wholesale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	re-securitization exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Template SEC3: Securitization exposures in banking book and associated capital requirements – where AI acts as originator**

		As at 30 June 2022																
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)	(n)	(o)	(p)	(q)
		Exposure values (by RW bands)					Exposure values (by regulatory approach)				RWAs (by regulatory approach)				Capital charges after cap			
		≤20% RW	>20% to 50% RW	>50% to 100% RW	>100% to <1250% RW	≥1250% RW	SEC-IRBA	SEC-ERBA (incl. IAA)	SEC-SA	SEC-FBA	SEC-IRBA	SEC-ERBA (incl. IAA)	SEC-SA	SEC-FBA	SEC-IRBA	SEC-ERBA (incl. IAA)	SEC-SA	SEC-FBA
USD																		
1	<b>Total exposures</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Traditional securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Of which securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Of which retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Of which wholesale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Of which re-securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Of which senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Of which non-senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Synthetic securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Of which securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Of which retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Of which wholesale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Of which re-securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Of which senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Of which non-senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Template SEC4: Securitization exposures in banking book and associated capital requirements – where AI acts as investor**

		As at 30 June 2022																
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)	(n)	(o)	(p)	(q)
		Exposure values (by RW bands)					Exposure values (by regulatory approach)			RWAs (by regulatory approach)			Capital charges after cap					
		≤20% RW	>20% to 50% RW	>50% to 100% RW	>100% to <1250% RW	1250% RW	SEC-IRBA	SEC-ERBA (incl. IAA)	SEC-SA	SEC-FBA	SEC-IRBA	SEC-ERBA (incl. IAA)	SEC-SA	SEC-FBA	SEC-IRBA	SEC-ERBA (incl. IAA)	SEC-SA	SEC-FBA
USD																		
1	<b>Total exposures</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Traditional securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Of which securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Of which retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Of which wholesale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Of which re-securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Of which senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Of which non-senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Synthetic securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Of which securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Of which retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Of which wholesale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Of which re-securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Of which senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Of which non-senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Regulatory Disclosures

**Template MR1: Market risk under STM approach**

		As at 30 June 2022
		(a)
		RWA
USD		
	Outright product exposures	-
1	Interest rate exposures (general and specific risk)	-
2	Equity exposures (general and specific risk)	-
3	Foreign exchange (including gold) exposures	-
4	Commodity exposures	-
	Option exposures	-
5	Simplified approach	-
6	Delta-plus approach	-
7	Other approach	-
8	Securitization exposures	-
9	<b>Total</b>	-

The Company had been exempted from market risk capital requirement since September 2005.

**Liquidity information**

**Liquidity maintenance ratio ("LMR")**

	<u>At 06/30/2022</u>	<u>At 06/30/2021</u>
Average LMR for the period	<u>106.58%</u>	<u>136.79%</u>

The average LMR is computed as the arithmetic mean of the average value of the LMR for each calendar month as reported in the liquidity position submitted for the year.

**Approach to liquidity risk management**

The Company's approach to liquidity risk management is based on the building blocks of governance by framework, oversight by risk management committees, and internal control policies that define specific risk methodologies. Processes and systems are in place to measure, limit and control exposures based on the risk methodologies defined. Risk Management Committee is responsible for overseeing overall liquidity position and ensuring that there is sufficient liquidity available to meet the obligations. The Committee members meet at least on a monthly basis to review several limits set internal or statutory. Internal target liquidity ratio is established which provide early-warning signal in relation to liquidity position.

The purpose of liquidity management is to ensure sufficient cash flows to meet all financial commitments and to capitalize on opportunities for business expansion. This included the Company's ability to meet any deposit withdrawals either on demand or at contractual maturity, to repay borrowings as they mature, to company with statutory liquidity ratio, and to make new loans and investments as opportunities arise.

Liquidity is managed on a daily basis by a senior manager under the direction of the management and liquidity maintenance ratio. The senior manager is responsible for ensuring that the Company has adequate liquidity for all operations, ensuring that the funding mix is appropriate so as to avoid maturity mismatches and to prevent price and reinvestment rate risk in case of a maturity gap, and monitoring local and international markets for the adequacy of funding and liquidity. Risk Management Committee will be promptly informed if the ratio calculated below internal target and determine appropriate course of action to restore the ratio back to or above internal target ratio.

The Company manages liquidity risk by holding sufficient liquid assets (e.g. cash and bank balances and securities) of appropriate quality to ensure that short-term funding requirements are covered within prudent limits. The Company regularly stress tests its liquidity position.

**Mainland Activities**

**Non-bank Mainland China exposure**

(Expressed in United States dollars)

The analysis of non-bank Mainland exposures is based on the categories of non-bank counterparties and the type of direct exposures defined by the HKMA under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules with reference to the "Return of Mainland Activities" for non-bank.

Types of Counterparties	At 06/30/2022		
	On-balance sheet exposure 000'	Off-balance sheet exposure 000'	Total exposure 000'
1. Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	-	-	-
2. Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	-	-	-
3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	61,208	-	61,208
4. Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	-	-	-
5. Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	-	-	-
6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	-	-	-
7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	8,232	-	8,232
<b>Total</b>	<b>69,440</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>69,440</b>
<b>Total assets after provision</b>	<b>654,872</b>		
<b>On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets</b>	<b>10.60%</b>		

**Mainland Activities (continued)**

**Non-bank Mainland China exposure (continued)**

(Expressed in United States dollars)

Types of Counterparties	At 12/31/2021		
	On-balance sheet exposure 000'	Off-balance sheet exposure 000'	Total exposure 000'
1. Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	-	-	-
2. Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	-	-	-
3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	49,109	5,000	54,109
4. Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	-	-	-
5. Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	-	-	-
6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	-	-	-
7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	8,852	-	8,852
<b>Total</b>	<b>57,961</b>	<b>5,000</b>	<b>62,961</b>
Total assets after provision	620,440		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	9.34%		



### International Claims

International claims are on-balance sheet exposures of counterparties based on the location of the counterparties after taking into account any transfer of risk. For a claim guaranteed by a party situated in a country different from the counterparty, risk will be transferred to the country of the guarantor. For a claim on the branch of a bank or other financial institution, the risk will be transferred to the country where its head office is situated. Claims on individual countries or areas, after risk transfer, amounting to 10% or more of the aggregate international claims are shown as follows:

USD

As at 30 June 2022	Banks	Official sector	Non-bank financial institutions	Non-financial private sector	Others	Total
Developed countries	19,285,997	-	-	35,521,073	-	54,807,070
Offshore centres	8,260,058	-	-	28,411,609	-	36,671,667
Developing Europe	-	-	-	-	-	-
Developing Latin America and Caribbean	-	-	-	4,162,468	-	4,162,468
Developing Africa and Middle East	47,106,081	-	-	26,441,911	-	73,547,992
Developing Asia-Pacific	62,940,066	-	-	434,925,627	-	497,865,693
of which : China	24,435,452	-	-	56,756,747	-	81,192,199
Korea	18,443,067	-	-	369,290,259	-	387,733,326
<b>Total</b>	<b>137,592,202</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>529,462,688</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>667,054,890</b>

USD

As at 31 Dec 2021	Banks	Official sector	Non-bank financial institutions	Non-financial private sector	Others	Total
Developed countries	17,644,404	-	-	21,129,633	-	38,774,037
Offshore centres	-	-	-	50,293,781	-	50,293,781
Developing Europe	-	-	-	-	-	-
Developing Latin America and Caribbean	-	-	-	4,156,318	-	4,156,318
Developing Africa and Middle East	39,290,549	-	-	22,224,864	-	61,515,413
Developing Asia-Pacific	53,259,185	-	-	414,523,409	-	467,782,594
of which : China	24,743,974	-	-	68,283,437	-	93,027,411
Korea	8,400,786	-	-	331,551,337	-	339,952,123
<b>Total</b>	<b>110,194,138</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>512,328,005</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>622,522,143</b>

The above analysis is disclosed on a net basis after taking into account the effect of any recognised risk transfer.

**KEXIM ASIA LIMITED**  
**Regulatory Disclosures**

**Foreign currency exposures**

(Expressed in millions of Hong Kong dollars)

	<b>At 06/30/2022</b>			
	<u>USD</u>	<u>EUR</u>	<u>CNY</u>	<u>Total</u>
Spot assets	5,089	49	-	5,138
Spot liabilities	(5,095)	(49)	-	(5,144)
Forward purchases	-	-	-	-
Forward sales	-	-	-	-
Net long / (short) position	<u>(6)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6)</u>
Net structural position	<u>3</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3</u>

	<b>At 12/31/2021</b>			
	<u>USD</u>	<u>EUR</u>	<u>CNY</u>	<u>Total</u>
Spot assets	4,785	52	-	4,837
Spot liabilities	(4,788)	(53)	-	(4,841)
Forward purchases	-	-	-	-
Forward sales	-	-	-	-
Net long / (short) position	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4)</u>
Net structural position	<u>3</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3</u>

**Countercyclical Capital Buffer Ratio**

	<u>At 06/30/2022</u>	<u>At 12/31/2021</u>
Countercyclical Capital Buffer Ratio	<u>0.143%</u>	<u>0.205%</u>

The relevant disclosures of countercyclical capital buffer ratio which are prepared in accordance with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules and disclosure templates issued by the HKMA can be found on the Company's website accessible through the "Regulatory Disclosures\_ June 2022" link on the home page of the Company's website at <https://www.koreaexim.go.kr/ea/HPHYEA015M01>

**Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio**

Under section 3M of the Capital Rules, the capital conservation buffer ratios for calculating the Bank's buffer level are 2.5% for 2021 and 2.5% for 2022.

	<u>At 06/30/2022</u>	<u>At 12/31/2021</u>
Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio	<u>2.500%</u>	<u>2.500%</u>