

Regulatory Disclosure Statement

For the position date of 30 June 2022

(Unaudited)



Table of contents

Template KM1: Key prudential ratios	1
Template OV1: Overview of RWA	3
Template CC1: Composition of regulatory capital	5
Template CC2: Reconciliation of regulatory capital to balance sheet	12
Table CCA: Main features of regulatory capital instruments	14
Template CCyB1: Geographical distribution of credit exposures used in	
countercyclical capital buffer	16
Template LR1: Summary comparison of accounting assets against leverage	
ratio exposure measure	17
Template LR2: Leverage ratio	18
Template CR1: Credit quality of exposures	20
Template CR2: Changes in defaulted loans and debt securities	21
Template CR3: Overview of recognized credit risk mitigation	22
Template CR4: Credit risk exposures and effects of recognized credit risk	
migration – for STC approach	23
Template CR5: Credit risk exposures by asset classes and by risk weights	
– for STC approach	25
Template CCR3: Counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs)	
by asset classes and by risk weights – for STC approach	27
Glossary	
•	



Template KM1: Key prudential ratios

The table below provides key prudential ratios.

		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
		30 June 2022	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	30 September 2021	30 June 2021
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Regulatory capital (amount)				
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	1,324,973	1,354,284	1,303,785	1,342,681	1,279,163
2	Tier 1	1,324,973	1,354,284	1,303,785	1,342,681	1,279,163
3	Total capital	1,374,832	1,405,027	1,356,136	1,394,965	1,331,660
	RWA (amount)					
4	Total RWA	4,804,410	4,887,554	5,037,129	5,062,433	5,095,120
	Risk-based regulatory capita	al ratios (as a pe	rcentage of RWA)		
5	CET1 ratio (%)	27.58%	27.71%	25.88%	26.52%	25.11%
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	27.58%	27.71%	25.88%	26.52%	25.11%
7	Total capital ratio (%)	28.62%	28.75%	26.92%	27.56%	26.14%
	Additional CET1 buffer requ	irements (as a p	ercentage of RW	/A)		
8	Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%
9	Countercyclical capital buffer requirement (%)	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%
10	Higher loss absorbency	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	requirements (%) (applicable only to G-SIBs	(Not	(Not	(Not	(Not	(Not
	or D-SIBs)	applicable)	applicable)	applicable)	applicable)	applicable)
11	Total Al-specific CET1 buffer requirements (%)	3.500%	3.500%	3.500%	3.500%	3.500%
12	CET1 available after meeting the Al's minimum capital requirements (%)	20.62%	20.75%	18.92%	19.56%	18.14%
	Basel III leverage ratio					
13	Total leverage ratio (LR) exposure measure	5,940,897	6,166,329	6,361,508	6,376,438	6,292,996
14	LR (%)	22.30%	21.96%	20.49%	21.06%	20.33%

Part I – KM1

20a

CFR (%)

		30 June	31 March	31 December	30 September	30 June
		2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Liquidity Coverage Rati	io (LCR) / Liqui	idity Maintena	ance Ratio (LN	IR)	
	Applicable to category 1 institution only:					
15	Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
16	Total net cash outflows	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
17	LCR (%)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Applicable to category 2 institution only:					
17a	LMR (%)	77.70%	90.78%	108.26%	95.56%	67.05%
	Net Stable Funding Rat	io (NSFR) / Co	re Funding Ra	tio (CFR)		
	Applicable to category 1 institution only:					
18	Total available stable funding	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
19	Total required stable funding	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
20	NSFR (%)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Applicable to category 2A institution only:					

Not

applicable

Not

applicable

Not

applicable

Not

applicable

Not

applicable

(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)

(a)

Part I – KM1 2



Template OV1: Overview of RWA

The table below provides an overview of RWA and the related minimum capital requirements by risk type. The Company has adopted standardized approach for both credit risk and operational risk. During the second quarter of 2022, RWA decreased by HK\$83.1 million to HK\$4.80 billion. The decrease of RWA was mainly due to a decrease in credit risk for non-securitization exposures related to loans and advances.

		(a)	(b)	(c)
		RV	VA	Minimum capital requirements
		30 June 2022	31 March 2022	30 June 2022
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1	Credit risk for non-securitization exposures	3,625,962	3,692,109	290,077
2	Of which STC approach	3,625,962	3,692,109	290,077
2a	Of which BSC approach	0	0	0
3	Of which foundation IRB approach	0	0	0
4	Of which supervisory slotting criteria approach	0	0	0
5	Of which advanced IRB approach	0	0	0
6	Counterparty default risk and default fund contributions	0	0	0
7	Of which SA-CCR approach	0	0	0
7a	Of which CEM	0	0	0
8	Of which IMM(CCR) approach	0	0	0
9	Of which others	0	0	0
10	CVA risk	0	0	0
11	Equity positions in banking book under the simple risk-weight method and internal models method	0	0	0
12	Collective investment scheme ("CIS") exposures – LTA*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
13	CIS exposures – MBA*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14	CIS exposures – FBA*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14a	CIS exposures – combination of approaches*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
15	Settlement risk	0	0	0
16	Securitization exposures in banking book	0	0	0
17	Of which SEC-IRBA	0	0	0
18	Of which SEC-ERBA (including IAA)	0	0	0
19	Of which SEC-SA	0	0	0
19a	Of which SEC-FBA	0	0	0

Part I – OV1 3

	(a) RW 30 June 2022	(b) /A 31 March	(c) Minimum capital requirements 30 June
	30 June		capital requirements
Ī		31 March	20 Juno
		2022	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
20 Market risk	0	0	0
21 Of which STM approach	0	0	0
22 Of which IMM approach	0	0	0
23 Capital charge for switch between exposures in trading book and banking book (not applicable before the revised market risk framework takes effect)*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
24 Operational risk	1,204,588	1,231,475	96,367
24a Sovereign concentration risk	0	0	0
25 Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% RW)	25,275	25,275	2,022
26 Capital floor adjustment	0	0	0
26a Deduction to RWA	51,415	61,305	4,113
26b Of which portion of regulatory reserve for general banking risks and collective provisions which is not included in Tier 2 Capital	46,258	56,078	3,701
26c Of which portion of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings which is not included in Tier 2 Capital	5,157	5,227	412
27 Total	4,804,410	4,887,554	384,353

Point to note:

Part I – OV1

⁽i) Items marked with an asterisk (*) will be applicable only after their respective policy frameworks take effect. Until then, "Not applicable" should be reported in the rows.

Template CC1: Composition of regulatory capital

The table below provides a breakdown of the constituent elements of total regulatory capital. There was no significant change over the reporting period.

			T 1
		(a)	(b)
	As at 30 June 2022	Amount HK\$′000	Source based on reference numbers of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
	CET1 capital: instruments and reserves		
1	Directly issued qualifying CET1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	671,038	[4]
2	Retained earnings	672,674	[5]+[6]+[7]
3	Disclosed reserves	0	
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase-out arrangements from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)	Not applicable	Not applicable
5	Minority interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the consolidation group)	0	
6	CET1 capital before regulatory deductions	1,343,712	
	CET1 capital: regulatory deductions		
7	Valuation adjustments	0	
8	Goodwill (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	0	
9	Other intangible assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	0	
10	Deferred tax assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	9,363	[2]-[3]
11	Cash flow hedge reserve	0	
12	Excess of total EL amount over total eligible provisions under the IRB approach	0	
13	Credit-enhancing interest-only strip, and any gain-on-sale and other increase in the CET1 capital arising from securitization transactions	0	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	0	
15	Defined benefit pension fund net assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	0	
16	Investments in own CET1 capital instruments (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	0	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in CET1 capital instruments	0	
18	Insignificant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	
19	Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	

		(a)	(b)
	As at 30 June 2022	Amount HK\$′000	Source based on reference numbers of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
20	Mortgage servicing rights (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	Not applicable	Not applicable
23	of which: significant investments in the ordinary share of financial sector entities	Not applicable	Not applicable
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	Not applicable	Not applicable
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	Not applicable	Not applicable
26	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 capital	9,376	
26a	Cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings (own-use and investment properties)	9,376	[6]+[7]
26b	Regulatory reserve for general banking risks	0	
26c	Securitization exposures specified in a notice given by the MA	0	
26d	Cumulative losses below depreciated cost arising from the institution's holdings of land and buildings	0	
26e	Capital shortfall of regulated non-bank subsidiaries	0	
26f	Capital investment in a connected company which is a commercial entity (amount above 15% of the reporting institution's capital base)	0	
27	Regulatory deductions applied to CET1 capital due to insufficient AT1 capital and Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	0	
28	Total regulatory deductions to CET1 capital	18,739	
29	CET1 capital	1,324,973	
	AT1 capital: instruments		
30	Qualifying AT1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	0	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	0	
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	0	
33	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements from AT1 capital	0	
34	AT1 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in AT1 capital of the consolidation group)	0	
35	of which: AT1 capital instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out arrangements	0	
36	AT1 capital before regulatory deductions	0	
	AT1 capital: regulatory deductions		
37	Investments in own AT1 capital instruments	0	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in AT1 capital instruments	0	

Part IIA – CC1 6

		(a)	(b)
	As at 30 June 2022	Amount HK\$'000	Source based on reference numbers of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
39	Insignificant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	
40	Significant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	0	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to AT1 capital	0	
42	Regulatory deductions applied to AT1 capital due to insufficient Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	0	
43	Total regulatory deductions to AT1 capital	0	
44	AT1 capital	0	
45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)	1,324,973	
	Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions		
46	Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments plus any related share premium	0	
47	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements from Tier 2 capital	0	
48	Tier 2 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in Tier 2 capital of the consolidation group)	0	
49	of which: capital instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out arrangements	0	
50	Collective provisions and regulatory reserve for general banking risks eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	45,640	[1]
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory deductions	45,640	
	Tier 2 capital: regulatory deductions		
52	Investments in own Tier 2 capital instruments	0	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 capital instruments and non-capital LAC liabilities	0	
54	Insignificant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold and, where applicable, 5% threshold)	0	
54a	Insignificant LAC investments in non-capital LAC liabilities of financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount formerly designated for the 5% threshold but no longer meets the conditions) (for institutions defined as "section 2 institution" under §2(1) of Schedule 4F to BCR only)	0	
55	Significant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	0	

		(a)	(b)
	As at 30 June 2022	Amount HK\$'000	Source based on reference numbers of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
55a	Significant LAC investments in non-capital LAC liabilities of financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	0	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to Tier 2 capital	(4,219)	
56a	Add back of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings (own-use and investment properties) eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	(4,219)	[[6]+[7]] x 45%
56b	Regulatory deductions applied to Tier 2 capital to cover the required deductions falling within §48(1)(g) of BCR	0	
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	(4,219)	
58	Tier 2 capital (T2)	49,859	
59	Total regulatory capital (TC = T1 + T2)	1,374,832	
60	Total RWA	4,804,410	
	Capital ratios (as a percentage of RWA)		
61	CET1 capital ratio	27.58%	
62	Tier 1 capital ratio	27.58%	
63	Total capital ratio	28.62%	
64	Institution-specific buffer requirement (capital conservation buffer plus countercyclical capital buffer plus higher loss absorbency requirements)	3.500%	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.500%	
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical capital buffer requirement	1.000%	
67	of which: higher loss absorbency requirement	0.000%	
68	CET1 (as a percentage of RWA) available after meeting minimum capital requirements	20.62%	
	National minima (if different from Basel 3 minimum)		
69	National CET1 minimum ratio	Not applicable	Not applicable
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio	Not applicable	Not applicable
71	National Total capital minimum ratio	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)		
72	Insignificant LAC investments in CET1, AT1 and Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	0	
73	Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	10,110	

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
		(a)	(b)
	As at 30 June 2022	Amount HK\$′000	Source based on reference numbers of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to the BSC approach, or the STC approach and SEC-ERBA, SEC-SA and SEC-FBA (prior to application of cap)	91,898	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under the BSC approach, or the STC approach, and SEC-ERBA, SEC-SA and SEC-FBA	45,640	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to the IRB approach and SEC-IRBA (prior to application of cap)	0	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under the IRB approach and SEC-IRBA	0	
	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 1 Jan 2018 and 1 Jan 2022)		
80	Current cap on CET1 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements	Not applicable	Not applicable
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
82	Current cap on AT1 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements	0	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	0	
84	Current cap on Tier 2 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements	0	
85	Amount excluded from Tier 2 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	0	



Notes to the template:

	Description	Hong Kong basis HK\$'000	Basel III basis HK\$'000			
9	Other intangible assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	0	0			
	Explanation As set out in paragraph 87 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010), mortgage servicing rights ("MSRs") may be given limited recognition in CET1 capital (and hence be excluded from deduction from CET1 capital up to the specified threshold). In Hong Kong, an AI is required to follow the accounting treatment of including MSRs as part of intangible assets reported in the AI's financial statements and to deduct MSRs in full from CET1 capital. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 9 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 9 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by reducing the amount of MSRs to be deducted to the extent not in excess of the 10% threshold set for MSRs and the aggregate 15% threshold set for MSRs, DTAs arising from temporary differences and significant investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities (excluding those that are loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies) under Basel III.					
10	Deferred tax assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	9,363	0			
	Explanation As set out in paragraphs 69 and 87 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010), DT the bank to be realized are to be deducted, whereas DTAs which relate to temporary differences may be limited recognition in CET1 capital (and hence be excluded from deduction from CET1 capital up to the spet threshold). In Hong Kong, an AI is required to deduct all DTAs in full, irrespective of their origin, from capital. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 10 may be greater than that required Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount report row 10 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by reducing the amount of DTAs deducted which relate to temporary differences to the extent not in excess of the 10% threshold set for arising from temporary differences and the aggregate 15% threshold set for MSRs, DTAs arising from temporary differences and significant investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities (excl					
18	Insignificant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	0			
	Explanation For the purpose of determining the total amount of insignificant LAC investments in CET1 capital instrument issued by financial sector entities, an AI is required to aggregate any amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures provided by it to any of its connected companies, where the connected company is a financial sector entity, as if such loans, facilities or other credit exposures were direct holdings, indirect holdings or synthet holdings of the AI in the capital instruments of the financial sector entity, except where the AI demonstrates the satisfaction of the MA that any such loan was made, any such facility was granted, or any such other credit exposure was incurred, in the ordinary course of the AI's business. Therefore, the amount to be deducted a reported in row 18 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 18 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hon Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.					

	Description	Hong Kong basis HK\$'000	Basel III basis HK\$'000			
19	Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	0			
	Explanation For the purpose of determining the total amount of significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instrument issued by financial sector entities, an AI is required to aggregate any amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures provided by it to any of its connected companies, where the connected company is a financial sector entity, as if such loans, facilities or other credit exposures were direct holdings, indirect holdings or synthetic holdings of the AI in the capital instruments of the financial sector entity, except where the AI demonstrates to the satisfaction of the MA that any such loan was made, any such facility was granted, or any such other credit exposure was incurred, in the ordinary course of the AI's business. Therefore, the amount to be deducted a reported in row 19 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 19 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.					
39	Insignificant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	0			
	Explanation The effect of treating loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected compassector entities as CET1 capital instruments for the purpose of considering deductions to the capital base (see note re row 18 to the template above) will mean the headron available for the exemption from capital deduction of other insignificant LAC invainstruments may be smaller. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in amount reported in row 39 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") as aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the Al's connected subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.	o be made in om within the estments in a 39 may be go this box repdjusted by ex	calculating e threshold AT1 capital reater than resents the cluding the			
54	Insignificant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold and, where applicable, 5% threshold)	0	0			
Remar	Explanation The effect of treating loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies which are financial sector entities as CET1 capital instruments for the purpose of considering deductions to be made in calculating the capital base (see note re row 18 to the template above) will mean the headroom within the threshold available for the exemption from capital deduction of other insignificant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments and non-capital LAC liabilities may be smaller. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 54 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 54 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the Al's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.					

Remarks:

The amount of the 10% threshold and 5% threshold mentioned above is calculated based on the amount of CET1 capital determined in accordance with the deduction methods set out in BCR Schedule 4F. The 15% threshold is referring to paragraph 88 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010) and has no effect to the Hong Kong regime.



Template CC2: Reconciliation of regulatory capital to balance sheet

The table below provides a reconciliation between the scope of accounting consolidation and the scope of regulatory consolidation, and shows the link between the consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its subsidiaries in published financial statements and the numbers that are used in the composition of regulatory capital disclosure template set out in Template CC1 (i.e. composition of regulatory capital). There was no significant change in the expanded balance sheet items over the reporting period.

	(a)	(b)	(c)
	Balance sheet as in published financial statements 30 June 2022	Under regulatory scope of consolidation 30 June 2022	Reference
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
ASSETS			
Cash and short term placements	956,168	691,997	
of which: collective provisions reflected in regulatory capital	(16)	(16)	[1]
Placements with banks and financial institutions maturing after one month but not more than twelve months	10,359	10,359	
of which: collective provisions reflected in regulatory capital	(1)	(1)	[1]
Loans and advances and receivables	4,929,650	4,929,650	
of which: collective provisions reflected in regulatory capital	(45,619)	(45,619)	[1]
Held-to-collect debt securities at amortised cost	39,995	39,999	
of which: collective provisions reflected in regulatory capital	(4)	(4)	[1]
Investment properties	25,309	25,309	
Property and equipment	25,378	24,913	
Land held under finance leases	37,790	37,790	
Right-of-use assets	64,054	63,743	
Investments in subsidiaries	0	10,110	
Deferred tax assets	15,163	15,163	[2]
Tax recoverable	425	0	
Intangible assets	486	0	
Other assets	244,950	16,967	
TOTAL ASSETS	6,349,727	5,866,000	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
LIABILITIES			
Customer deposits at amortised cost	4,280,896	4,280,896	



	(a)	(b)	(c)
	Balance sheet as in published financial statements 30 June 2022	Under regulatory scope of consolidation 30 June 2022	Reference
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Lease liabilities	63,895	63,581	
Current tax payable	41,052	41,052	
Deferred tax liabilities	5,810	5,800	[3]
Other liabilities	301,594	52,902	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,693,247	4,444,231	
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY			
Share capital	671,038	671,038	[4]
Reserves	985,442	750,731	
of which: Retained earnings		663,298	[5]
Cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of holdings of land and buildings eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 Capital		4,219	[6]
Cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of holdings of land and buildings not eligible for inclusion in regulatory capital		5,157	[7]
TOTAL EQUITY	1,656,480	1,421,769	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	6,349,727	5,866,000	

Table CCA: Main features of regulatory capital instruments

The table below provides a description on the main features of the CET1, Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital instruments, as applicable, that were included in the regulatory capital.

	As at 30 June 2022	(a)
		Quantitative / qualitative information
1	Issuer	Public Finance Limited
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	Not applicable
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
	Regulatory treatment	
4	Transitional Basel III rules ¹	Common Equity Tier 1
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules ²	Common Equity Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo / group / solo and group	Solo
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Ordinary Shares
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HK\$671 million
9	Par value of instrument	Not applicable
10	Accounting classification	Shareholders' Equity
11	Original date of issuance	Various
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	No Maturity
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Not applicable
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not applicable
	Coupons / dividends	
17	Fixed or floating dividend / coupon	Floating Dividend
18	Coupon rate and any related index	Not applicable
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully Discretionary
21	Existence of step-up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible

Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H to the BCR.

Part IIA – CCA 14

² Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H to the BCR.



	As at 30 June 2022	(a)
		Quantitative /
		qualitative information
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	Not applicable
25	If convertible, fully or partially	Not applicable
26	If convertible, conversion rate	Not applicable
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not applicable
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not applicable
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not applicable
30	Write-down feature	No
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Not applicable
32	lf write-down, full or partial	Not applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type	
	immediately senior to instrument in the insolvency creditor hierarchy of the legal	
	entity concerned).	Not applicable
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not applicable



Template CCyB1: Geographical distribution of credit exposures used in countercyclical capital buffer ("CCyB")

The table below provides an overview of the geographical distribution of private sector credit exposures relevant for the calculation of the CCyB ratio.

			30 June 2022			
		(a)	(c)	(d)	(e)	
	Geographical breakdown by Jurisdiction (J)	Applicable JCCyB ratio in effect (%)	RWA used in computation of CCyB ratio	Al-specific CCyB ratio (%)	CCyB amount	
			HK\$'000		HK\$'000	
1	Hong Kong SAR	1.000%	3,514,371			
2	Sum of above*		3,514,371			
3	Total (including those exposures in a jurisdiction with zero JCCyB ratio)		3,514,371	1.000%	35,144	

^{*} This represented the sum of RWAs for the private sector credit exposures in a jurisdiction with a non-zero JCCyB ratio.



<u>Template LR1: Summary comparison of accounting assets against leverage ratio ("LR")</u> <u>exposure measure</u>

The table below provides the reconciliation of total assets in the published financial statements to the LR exposure measure.

	As at 30 June 2022	(a)
	Item	Value under the LR framework HK\$'000
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	6,349,727
2	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	(483,736)
2a	Adjustment for securitised exposures that meet the operational requirements for the recognition of risk transference	0
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the applicable accounting standard but excluded from the LR exposure measure	0
3a	Adjustments for eligible cash pooling transactions	0
4	Adjustments for derivative contracts	0
5	Adjustment for SFTs (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	0
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet ("OBS") items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of OBS exposures)	1,777
6a	Adjustments for prudent valuation adjustments and specific and collective provisions that are allowed to be excluded from exposure measure	(30)
7	Other adjustments	73,159
8	Leverage ratio exposure measure	5,940,897

Part IIC – LR1 17

Template LR2: Leverage Ratio ("LR")

The table below provides a detailed breakdown of the components of the LR denominator as at 30 June 2022 and 31 March 2022. There was no material change to the LR at 30 June 2022 as compared to position date of 31 March 2022.

		(a)	(b)
		HK\$	000
		30 June 2022	31 March 2022
On-ba	alance sheet exposures		
1	On-balance sheet exposures (excluding those arising from derivative contracts and SFTs, but including collateral)	5,957,889	6,185,236
2	Less: Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital	(18,739)	(20,223)
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivative contracts and SFTs)	5,939,150	6,165,013
Expos	sures arising from derivative contracts		
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative contracts (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)	0	0
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative contracts	0	0
6	Gross-up for collateral provided in respect of derivative contracts where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the applicable accounting framework	0	0
7	Less: Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided under derivative contracts	0	0
8	Less: Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures	0	0
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit-related derivative contracts	0	0
10	Less: Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit-related derivative contracts	0	0
11	Total exposures arising from derivative contracts	0	0
Expos	sures arising from SFTs		
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	0	0
13	Less: Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets	0	0
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	0	0
15	Agent transaction exposures	0	0
16	Total exposures arising from SFTs	0	0
Other	off-balance sheet exposures		
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	17,771	13,522
18	Less: Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	(15,994)	(12,170)
19	Off-balance sheet items	1,777	1,352



		(a)	(b)
		HK\$'000	
		30 June 2022	31 March 2022
Capit	Capital and total exposures		
20	Tier 1 capital	1,324,973	1,354,284
20a	Total exposures before adjustments for specific and collective provisions	5,940,927	6,166,365
20b	Adjustments for specific and collective provisions	(30)	(36)
21	Total exposures after adjustments for specific and collective provisions	5,940,897	6,166,329
Leve	rage ratio		
22	Leverage ratio	22.30%	21.96%

Template CR1: Credit quality of exposures

The table below provides a breakdown of defaulted and non-defaulted loans, debt securities and off-balance sheet exposures. The defaulted loans are individually determined to be impaired after considering the loan overdue more than three months and the qualitative factors such as bankruptcy proceedings, corporate winding-up arrangements and other serious warning signals of repayment ability of counterparties. There were no defaulted debt securities and off-balance sheet exposures as at 30 June 2022.

			30 June 2022					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
		Gross carrying	g amounts of		Of which ECI provisions for on STC approa	credit losses	Of which ECL accounting	
		Defaulted exposures	Non- defaulted exposures	Allowances / impairments	Allocated in regulatory category of specific provisions	Allocated in regulatory category of collective provisions	provisions for credit losses on IRB approach exposures	Net values (a+b-c)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1	Loans	66,488	4,993,278	130,116	38,248	91,868	0	4,929,650
2	Debt securities	0	39,999	4	0	4	0	39,995
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Total	66,488	5,033,277	130,120	38,248	91,872	0	4,969,645

Part III – CR1 20



Template CR2: Changes in defaulted loans and debt securities

The table below provides the movement of defaulted loans. During the second quarter 2022, defaulted loans increased by HK\$4.8 million to HK\$66.5 million. There were no defaulted debt securities as at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 respectively.

		(a)
		Amount
		HK\$'000
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period (31 Dec 2021)	61,662
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	118,640
3	Returned to non-defaulted status	(6,941)
4	Amounts written off	(100,890)
5	Other changes*	(5,983)
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the current reporting period (30 Jun 2022)	66,488

^{*} Other changes include loan repayments



Template CR3: Overview of recognized credit risk mitigation

The table below provides a breakdown of unsecured and secured exposures (net of impairment allowances), including loans and debt securities. The major collateral for secured loans and advances and receivables were customer deposits, properties, taxi licences and vehicles. All debt securities were unsecured and assigned with a grading of Grade Aa3 based on the credit rating of Moody's Investors Service, an external credit agency.

				30 June 2022		
		(a)	(b1)	(b)	(d)	(f)
		Exposures unsecured: carrying amount	Exposures to be secured	Exposures secured by recognized collateral	Exposures secured by recognized guarantees	Exposures secured by recognized credit derivative contracts
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1	Loans	3,069,052	1,860,598	1,860,598	0	0
2	Debt securities	39,995	0	0	0	0
3	Total	3,109,047	1,860,598	1,860,598	0	0
4	Of which defaulted	28,240	0	0	0	0

Part III – CR3 22



Template CR4: Credit risk exposures and effects of recognized credit risk mitigation ("CRM") - for STC approach

The table below shows the effect of any recognized CRM on the calculation of credit risk capital requirements under STC approach with additional information of RWA density showing a synthetic metric on riskiness of each exposure class.

			30 June 2022				
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
		Exposures pre-C	CF and pre-CRM	Exposures post-C	CF and post-CRM	RWA and RW	'A density
	Exposure classes	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	RWA	RWA density
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%
1	Sovereign exposures	39,999	0	39,999	0	0	0.0%
2	PSE exposures	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
2a	Of which: domestic PSEs	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
2b	Of which: foreign PSEs	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
4	Bank exposures	684,331	0	684,331	0	136,866	20.0%
5	Securities firm exposures	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
6	Corporate exposures	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
7	CIS exposures	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
8	Cash items	19,260	0	19,260	0	0	0.0%
9	Exposures in respect of failed delivery on transactions entered into on a basis other than a delivery-versus-payment basis	0	0	0	0	0	N/A

Part III – CR4 23

大眾財務有限公司 PUBLIC FINANCE LIMITED

Public Finance Limited

				30 June 2022					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)		
		Exposures pre-0	CCF and pre-CRM	Exposures post-C	CF and post-CRM	RWA and R	RWA and RWA density		
	Exposure classes	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	RWA	RWA density		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%		
10	Regulatory retail exposures	3,827,007	5,443	3,827,007	0	2,870,255	75.0%		
11	Residential mortgage loans	1,165,074	12,328	1,165,074	0	407,776	35.0%		
12	Other exposures which are not past due exposures	168,705	0	168,705	0	168,705	100.0%		
13	Past due exposures	28,240	0	28,240	0	42,360	150.0%		
14	Significant exposures to commercial entities	0	0	0	0	0	N/A		
15	Total	5,932,616	17,771	5,932,616	0	3,625,962	61.1%		

Part III – CR4 24



Template CR5: Credit risk exposures by asset classes and by risk weights – for STC approach

The table below provides the breakdown of credit risk exposures by asset classes and by risk weights under STC approach.

		30 June 2022										
	HK\$'000	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(ha)	(i)	(j)
	Risk Weight Exposure class	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Total credit risk exposures amount (post CCF and post CRM)
1	Sovereign exposures	39,999	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39,999
2	PSE exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2a	Of which: domestic PSEs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2b	Of which: foreign PSEs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Bank exposures	0	0	684,331	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	684,331
5	Securities firm exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Corporate exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	CIS exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Cash items	19,260	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19,260

Part III – CR5 25

大眾財務有限公司 PUBLIC FINANCE LIMITED

Public Finance Limited

		30 June 2022										
	HK\$'000	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(ha)	(i)	(j)
	Risk Weight Exposure class	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Total credit risk exposures amount (post CCF and post CRM)
9	Exposures in respect of failed delivery on transactions entered into on a basis other than a delivery-versus-payment basis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Regulatory retail exposures	0	0	0	0	0	3,827,007	0	0	0	0	3,827,007
11	Residential mortgage loans	0	0	0	1,165,074	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,165,074
12	Other exposures which are not past due exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	168,705	0	0	0	168,705
13	Past due exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28,240	0	0	28,240
14	Significant exposures to commercial entities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Total	59,259	0	684,331	1,165,074	0	3,827,007	168,705	28,240	0	0	5,932,616

Part III – CR5 26



<u>Template CCR3: Counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by asset classes and by risk weights – for STC approach</u>

The Company has no counterparty default risk exposures by asset classes and by risk weights under STC approach.

		30 June 2022										
	HK\$'000	(a)	(b)	(c)	(ca)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(ga)	(h)	(i)
	Risk Weight Exposure class	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Total default risk exposure after CRM
1	Sovereign exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	PSE exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2a	Of which: domestic PSEs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2b	Of which: foreign PSEs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Bank exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Securities firm exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Corporate exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	CIS exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Regulatory retail exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Residential mortgage loans	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Other exposures which are not past due exposures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Significant exposures to commercial entities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Part IV – CCR3 27

Glossary

<u>Abbreviations</u> <u>Descriptions</u>

Al Authorized Institution

AT1 Additional Tier 1

BCR Banking (Capital) Rules

BSC Approach Basic Approach

CCF Credit Conversion Factor

CCP Central Counterparty

CCR Counterparty Credit Risk

CCyB Counterparty Capital Buffer

CEM Current Exposure Method

CET1 Common Equity Tier 1

CFR Core Funding Ratio

CIS Collective Investment Scheme

CRM Credit Risk Mitigation

CVA Credit Valuation Adjustment

DTAs Deferred Tax Assets

D-SIBs Domestic Systemically Important bank

ECL Expected Credit Loss

EL Expected Loss

FBA Fall-Back Approach

G-SIBs Global Systemically Important Banks

HQLA High Quality Liquid Assets

IAA Internal Assessment Approach

IMM(CCR) Approach Internal Models (Counterparty Credit Risk) Approach

28

IMM Approach Internal Models Approach

IRB Approach Internal Ratings-Based Approach

J Jurisdiction

JCCyB Jurisdiction Countercyclical Capital Buffer

LAC Loss-Absorbing Capacity

LCR Liquidity Coverage Ratio

LMR Liquidity Maintenance Ratio

LTA Look Through Approach

Glossary



Glossary

<u>Abbreviations</u> <u>Descriptions</u>

LR Leverage Ratio

MA Monetary Authority

MBA Mandate-Based Approach

MSRs Mortgage Servicing Rights

NSFR Net Stable Funding Ratio

OBS Off-Balance Sheet

PFE Potential Future Exposure

PSE Public Sector Entity

RW Risk-Weight

RWA Risk Weighted Asset/Risk-Weighted Amount

SA-CCR Standardized Approach (Counterparty Credit Risk)

SEC-ERBA Securitization External Ratings-Based Approach

SEC-SA Securitization Standardized Approach

SEC-FBA Securitization Fall-Back Approach

SEC-IRBA Securitization Internal Ratings-Based Approach

SFT Securities Financing Transaction

STC Approach Standardized (Credit Risk) Approach

STM Approach Standardized (Market Risk) Approach

Glossary 29