Certified true copy Verified by:

HONG Sunyoung

Director Reg. No.164655

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 622)

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

of

KDB ASIA LIMITED 產銀亞洲金融有限公司

Passed on the 9th day of November 2016.

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company duly convened and held at Suites 2005-2010, 20th Floor, Two International Finance Centre, 8 Finance Street, Central, Hong Kong on the 9th day of November 2016 the following resolution was duly passed as a Special Resolution of the Company:-

"THAT the articles of association be altered in the following manner:-

- 1. By inserting the words '(if the Company has only one member, that member)' after the words 'two members' of Article 57.
- 2. By inserting the sentence 'If the Company has only one member, that member presents in person or by proxy shall be the quorum of a General Meeting of the Company.' at the end of Article 62.
- 3. By deleting the words 'two members' and substituting therefor the words 'one member' in Article 67(b).
- 4. By inserting the sentence 'Where the Company has only one member and that member takes any decision that may be taken by the Company in General Meeting and that has effect as if agreed by the Company in General Meeting, he shall (unless that decision is taken by way of a resolution in writing duly signed by him) provide the Company with a written record of that decision within 7 days after the decision is made.' at the end of Article 71."

Acknowledgement Companies Registry H.K.

11/11/2016 11:25:47

Sh. Form.

Submission No/Seq No: CR No:

224362003/3 0164655 SR CHAIRMAN

Certified true copy Verified by:

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32)

HONG Sunyoung Director

Company Limited by Shares

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

KDB ASIA LIMITED 產銀亞洲金融有限公司

FIRST The name of the Company is "KDB ASIA LIMITED 產銀亞洲金融有限公司".

SECOND The Registered Office of the Company will be situate in Hong Kong.

THIRD The objects for which the Company is established are:

- To carry on the business of merchant banking and to transact and do all matters and things incidental thereto or which may at any time hereafter be usual in connection with or within the scope of merchant banking but not to carry on in Hong Kong the business of banking as defined by the Banking Ordinance; and more particularly but without limiting the generality of the foregoing to:
 - (a) deal in foreign exchange and advise upon matters connected and therewith;
 - (b) implement for itself and other persons, advise upon and underwrite or sub-underwrite new issues in Hong Kong or elsewhere of Companies incorporated in Hong Kong or elsewhere;
 - (c) implement for itself and other persons and to advise upon dealing in, investments in and development of property in Hong Kong and elsewhere;
 - (d) act as portfolio managers and implement for itself and other persons and advise upon investments in quoted and unquoted securities of any kind whatsoever;

and any other business incidental or conducive to the business of merchant bankers.

- 2 To receive monies on deposit, with or without allowance of interest, and to receive on deposit title deeds and other securities.
- To negotiate, arrange for, grant and participate in the finance of industrial manufacturing and natural resources enterprises and give financial advice in company reconstructions, mergers and take-overs, and to assist and aid any government, public authority, corporation or association, with capital, credit, means or resources for the prosecution of any works, undertakings, projects or enterprises.
- To carry on all or any of the businesses of borrowing, raising, taking up, lending, advancing, managing, administering and controlling money, securities and property, discounting, buying, selling and dealing in bills of exchange, promissory notes, coupons, drafts, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, scrip and other instruments and securities whether transferable, negotiable or not granting and issuing letters of credit and circular notes, buying, selling and dealing in bullion and specie, and all kinds of precious and semi-precious stones and valuables, metals, commodities, substances, goods, plant, equipment, machinery and things, and of acquiring, holding, issuing and acting as issuing house for underwriting and dealing with stocks, funds, shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, securities, and investments of all kinds, managing, distributing and selling mutual fund, investment company, investment trust and other shares and units whether open-ended or close-ended, acting as a broker, jobber and/or member of any stock exchange, the

negotiating of loans and advances, the provision and operation of deposit and safe keeping facilities, acting as transfer agent or registrar for any company and the collection and transmission of money and securities.

- To undertake and execute any trusts the undertaking whereof may seem desirable and to undertake the office of or act as executor, administrator, director, treasurer, secretary, registrar, custodian, depository or nominee or in such other capacity as the Directors may from time to time think fit.
- 6 To provide all or any of the undermentioned services or facilities in any part of the world:—
 - (a) business, financial, taxation and economic advice and information;
 - (b) market and credit investigation and research;
 - (c) investment management, analysis and advice;
 - (d) computer, data control and information services of all kinds;
 - (e) management consultancy and the provision and engagement of personnel;
 - (f) such other services and facilities whether similar to or dissimilar from the foregoing as the Directors may from time to time think fit.
- 7 To carry on all or any of the businesses usually carried on by land investment, land development, land mortgage and real estate companies in all their several branches.
- To develop, improve and utilize any land within the said Colony or elsewhere acquired by the Company, or in which the Company is interested, and lay out and prepare the same for building purposes, construct, alter, pull down, decorate, maintain, fit up and improve buildings, roads, and conveniences, and to plant, pave, drain, maintain, let on building lease or building agreement any such land, and advance money to, enter into contracts and arrangements of all kinds with builders and tenants of and others interested in any such land.
- To purchase, take on lease, hire or otherwise acquire in the said Colony or elsewhere any real or personal property or any rights or interests therein, which the Company may think necessary or convenient for effectuating any of its objects, and in particular any lands, plantations, houses, factories, warehouses, plant, machinery, patents, concessions, trade marks, trade names, copyrights, licences, stocks, materials or property of any description and to work, use, maintain and improve, sell, let, surrender, mortgage charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with the same or any other property of the Company, including, in respect of any patent or patent rights belonging to the Company, the grant of licences or authorities to any person, corporation, or company to work the same.
- 10 To manufacture, buy, sell, import, export and deal in goods, wares, merchandise and materials of every kind and description.
- 11 To purchase or otherwise acquire and to carry on the business or businesses of steamship owners, ship owners, stevedores, wharfingers, carriers, forwarding agents, storage keepers, warehousemen, ship builders, drydock keepers, marine engineers, engineers, slip keepers, boat builders, ship and boat repairers, ship and boat outfitters, ship brokers, ship agents, salvors wreck removers, wreck raisers, divers, auctioneers, valuers and assessors.
- 12 To charter, sub-charter, take on charter or sub-charter, hire, purchase and work steamships and other vessels of any class, motor vehicles or aircraft and to establish and maintain, lines or regular services of steamships or other vessels, and to enter into contracts for the carriage of mails, passengers, goods and cattle by any means, and either by its own vessels, railways, motor vehicles, aircraft and conveyances, or by other vessels, railways, motor vehicles, aircraft, and conveyances, of others.
- 13 To purchase, dispose, sell, accept mortgage or finance the purchase of steamships and other vessels of any class as owners, agents, managers, or trustee, or on the authority or on behalf of any third party.
- 14 To enter into, take over, negotiate or otherwise acquire, any contract or contracts for the construction, building, equipping, fitting out, storing, gearing or otherwise relating to any steamship, ship, carrier, boat, or other vessel whatsoever, and to enter into, take over, negotiate or otherwise acquire any other contract or

contracts whatever which the Company may think necessary, desirable or convenient for the purposes of the Company or any of them, and to enter into, take over, negotiate, or otherwise acquire any such contract or contracts at such prices and for such considerations, and upon such terms and conditions, and subject to such stipulations and agreements as the Company may determine, and at any time, and from time to time to vary, modify, alter, or cancel any such contract.

- To carry on business as agents, managers, factors or brokers for any other person or persons, firm or company in any part of the world and in particular but without in any way restricting the above powers to act as insurance, shipping, airline, transport and mercantile agents and Managers.
- To conduct and carry on a general financial and economic consultation business for capital investments, trade prices, exchange controls, business conditions, business organizations, tax structures and tax liabilities and trade practices, shipping, insurance, and business and industrial enterprises and opportunities and all such other services as may be necessary or incidental thereto as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.
- 17 To acquire by licence, lease or in any other lawful manner, the exclusive or other right or licence to manufacture, distribute, sell and generally deal in appliances, forms, equipments, devices, tools, machinery, and any and all kinds of articles of any character or description whether patented or otherwise, to sub-license or grant to any other corporation or any organization or person the right or licence to manufacture, distribute, use, sell and generally deal in any of the articles or things in which this corporation shall deal.
- 18 To acquire mines, mining rights, mineral lands, timber and forestry lands and concessions anywhere throughout the whole world and any interest therein and to explore, work, exercise develop and turn same to account.
- To carry on in any part of the world business as financiers, capitalists, concessionaires, commercial agents, commissionaires, mortgage and bullion brokers and financial agents and advisers and to lend and advance money and to give credit to such persons and on such terms and conditions as may from time to time be determined.
- 20 To carry on the business of an investment company and to undertake and to transact all kinds of trust and agency business.
- 21 To invest the capital and other moneys of the Company in the purchase or upon the security of shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, mortgages, obligations and securities of any kind issued or guaranteed by any company, corporation or undertaking of whatever nature and wheresoever constituted or carrying on business, and shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, mortgages, obligations and other securities issued or guaranteed by any Government, Sovereign Ruler, Commissioners, Trusts, Authority or other body of whatever nature and wheresoever situated.
- To acquire by purchase, subscription or otherwise and to hold for investment or otherwise and to use, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge or otherwise deal with or dispose of stocks, bonds, or any other obligations or securities of any corporation or corporations; to merge or consolidate with any corporation in such manner as may be permitted by law; to aid in any manner any corporation whose stock, bonds or other obligations are held or in any manner guaranteed by the Company and/or in which the Company is in any way interested; and to do any other acts or things for the preservation, protection, improvement or enhancement of the value of any such stock, bonds or other obligations or to do any acts or things designed for any such purpose; and while owner of any such stock, bonds, or other obligations to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of ownership thereof, and to exercise any and all voting powers thereon; to guarantee the payment of dividends upon any stock, or the principal or interest or both of any bonds or other obligations and the performance of any contracts.
- To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as the Company may think fit without limit as to amount and in particular but without limiting the foregoing to issue of debentures or debenture stock (perpetual or otherwise) and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised, or owing by mortgage, charge or lien upon all or any of the property or assets of the Company both present and future including its uncalled capital and also by similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company or any other person or company of any obligation undertaken by the Company or any other person or company as the case may be. In particular, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company may guarantee any debt or obligation of its parent company (if

- any) and/or any subsidiary or associated company and may secure such guarantee by any debentures, mortgage, charge or lien over its assets and undertaking or any part thereof.
- To promote and assist, financially or otherwise, corporations, firms, syndicates, associations individuals, and others, and to give any guarantee in connection therewith or otherwise for the payment of money or for the performance of any other undertaking or obligation.
- To become a member of any partnership or a party to any lawful agreement for sharing profits or to any union of interests, agreement for reciprocal concessions, joint venture, or co-operation or mutual trade agreement with any person, association, partnership, co-partnership, firm or corporation that is about to engage in any business which this Company is authorised to carry on, or that is conducting or transacting any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company.
- 26 To purchase or by any other lawful means, acquire and protect, prolong and renew, throughout the world any patents, patent rights, copyrights, trade marks, processes, protections and concessions which may appear likely to be advantageous or useful to the Company and to use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in improving or seeking to improve any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
- 27 To the same extent as natural persons might or could do, to purchase or otherwise acquire and to hold, own, maintain, work, develop, sell, lease, exchange, hire, convey, mortgage or otherwise dispose of and deal in, lands and leaseholds, and any interest, estate and rights in real property, and any personal or mixed property and any franchises, rights, licences or privileges necessary, convenient or appropriate for any of the purposes herein expressed.
- To subscribe or contribute to, set up, establish, conduct and carry on research institutions and organizations hospitals, schools, universities and places of learning, charities of all kinds and descriptions, political parties and organizations for the benefit of the inhabitants or residents of any part of the world.
- To enter into any arrangements for profitsharing with any of the directors or employees of the Company or of any company in which the Company may for the time being hold a share or shares (subject to the consent and approval of such company). To grant sums by way of bonus or allowance to any such directors or employees or their dependents or connections, and to establish or support, or aid in the establishment and support, of provident and gratuity funds, associations, institutions, schools or conveniences calculated to benefit directors or employees of the Company or its predecessors in business or any companies in which the Company owns a share or shares or the dependents or connections of such persons, to grant pensions and to make payments towards insurance; to establish share option schemes or share incentive schemes in respect of shares in the Company and to grant to such directors or employees or any other person or persons as the Directors of the Company deem fit the right to participate in such share option schemes or share incentive schemes on such terms and conditions as the Directors shall deem fit.
- To sell the business or undertaking of the Company or any part thereof, including any shares, stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, or other obligations or securities, or any or either of them, patents trade marks, trade names, copy-rights, licences or authorities or any estate, rights, property, privileges or assets of any kind.
- To accept payment for the business or undertaking of the Company or any part thereof, or for any property or rights sold or otherwise disposed of or dealt with by the Company, either in cash, by instalments or otherwise, or in shares or bonds of any company, or corporation, with or without deferred or preferred rights in respect of dividends or repayment of capital or otherwise, or by means of a mortgage, or by debentures, debenture stock or mortgage debentures or bonds of any company or partly in one mode and partly in another and generally on such terms as the Company may determine.
- 32 To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any country or place outside Hong Kong.
- To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- To obtain any Order of the Governor of Hong Kong or of Her Majesty in Council or any Act or Ordinance of any Colonial Parliament, or of any Legislative Assembly or Council or any Provisional or other Order of any proper authority in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for dissolving the Company and re-incorporating its members as a new company, for

any of the objects specified in the Memorandum, or for effecting any modification in the Company's constitution.

- 35 To distribute any of the property of the Company amongst the Members in specie or otherwise, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made except with the sanction (if any) for the time being required by law.
- 36 To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and as principals, agents, contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- 37 To establish or promote any other company whose objects shall include the taking over of any of the assets and liabilities of this Company or the promotion of which shall be calculated to advance its interests, and to acquire and hold any shares or securities of any such company.
- 38 To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the above objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that the word "company" in this clause except where used in reference to this Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and whether domiciled in Hong Kong or elsewhere, and further the intention is that the objects specified in each paragraph of this clause shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be independent main objects and be in nowise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms or any other paragraph or the name of the Company.

FOURTH The liability of the members is limited.

FIFTH The Share Capital of the Company is *US\$140,000,000.00 divided into 140,000,000 shares of US\$1.00 each, with power to divide the shares in the capital for the time being into several classes and to attach hereto respectively such preferential, deferred or special rights, privilege, conditions or restrictions as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company and with power to increase or reduce the capital of the Company and to issue all or any part of such original or increased or reduced capital with such preferential, deferred or special rights, privileges, conditions or restriction as are attach thereto.

^{*} Amended by Ordinary Resolution passed on 23rd February 2007.

We, the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are hereto subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names: —

Names, Addresses and Descriptions of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber		
	LB.		
(Sd.) Dai Youn Sohn D-11, Alpine Court, 12 Kotewall Road, Hong Kong.	One		
Chief Representative			
For and on behalf of Deodand (Nominees) Limited	One		
(Sd.) Edward Chan Ching Cheung, Director Room 1122, Swire House, 11th Floor, Chater Road,			
Hong Kong.			
Limited Company	4		
Total Number of Shares Taken	Two		

Dated this 20th day of January, 1986. WITNESS to the above signatures: —

(Sd.) Larry, S. K. Ko Solicitor, Room 1122, Swire House, 11th Floor, Chater Road, Hong Kong.

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32)

Company Limited by Shares

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

KDB ASIA LIMITED 產銀亞洲金融有限公司

INTERPRETATION

- 1 The regulations in Table A in the First Schedule to the Companies Ordinance shall not apply to the Company except in so far as they are repeated or contained in these Articles.
- In these Articles, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, the words standing in the first column of the following table shall bear the meanings set opposite them respectively in the second column thereof.

WORDS	MEANINGS
The Ordinance	The Companies Ordinance, Chapter 32
The Statutes	The Companies Ordinance, Chapter 32 and every other Ordinance for the time being in force affecting the Company.
These Articles	These Articles of Association as originally framed or as from time to time altered by Special Resolution.
The Office	The Registered Office of the Company.
Paid	Paid or credited as paid.
The Register	The Register of Members of the Company required to be kept pursuant to the Ordinance.
The Seal	The Common Seal of the Company or any Official Seal that the Company may have as permitted by the Ordinance.
The Secretary	Any person appointed to perform the duties of Secretary of the Company.
Dividend	Dividend or Bonus.
In Writing	Written, Printed or Lithographed or in any other mode of representing or

Save as aforesaid any words or expressions defined in the Statutes shall bear the same meaning in these Articles.

Any branch or kind of business which the Company is either expressly or by implication authorised to undertake may be undertaken by the Directors at such time or times as they shall think fit, and further may be suffered by them to be in abeyance whether such branch or kind of business may have been actually

reproducing words in visible form.

commenced or not so long as the Directors may deem it expedient not to commence or proceed with such branch or kind of business.

4 The Office shall be at such place as the Directors shall from time to time appoint.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

- The capital of the Company is US\$10,000,000.00 divided into 10,000,000 shares of US\$1.00 each.
- Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares, any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine.
- Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution, be issued on the terms that they are, or at the opinion of the Company are liable to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the Company before the issue of the shares may by Special Resolution determine.
- If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a Separate General Meeting of the holders of the shares of the class. To every such Separate General Meeting the provisions of these Articles relating to General Meetings shall apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be a person or persons holding or representing by proxy one-half of the issued shares of the class (but so that if at any adjourned meeting of such holders a quorum as above defined is not present, those members who are present shall be a quorum) and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.
- The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed not to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.
- Subject to the provisions of these Articles relating to new shares, the shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors, and they may (subject to the provisions of the statutes) allot, grant options over, or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, on such terms and conditions, and at such times as they think fit, but so that no share shall be issued at a discount, except in accordance with the provisions of the statutes.
- Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or (except only as by these Articles or by law otherwise provided or under an order of a court of competent jurisdiction) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

- Every person whose name is entered as a member in the Register shall be entitled without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgment of transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide) one certificate for all his shares or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment of such sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine. Every certificate shall be under the Seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. Provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
- If a share certificate be defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on payment of a fee of such sum as the Directors may from time to time determine and on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses of the Company of investigating evidence as the Directors think fit.

The Company shall not give, whether directly or indirectly, and whether by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any shares in the Company or in its holding company (if any) nor shall the Company make a loan for any purpose whatsoever on the security of its shares or those of its holding company (if any), but nothing in this Article shall prohibit transactions mentioned in the proviso to section 48(1) of the Ordinance.

LIEN

- The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share registered in the name of a member (whether solely or jointly with others) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) due by him or his estate, either alone or jointly with any other person, to the Company; but the Directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Article. The Company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable thereon.
- The Directors may sell in such manner as the Directors think fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable, or until the expiration of fourteen days after notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share, or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy.
- To give effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- The proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, and the residue, if any, shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

- The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the Members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine.
- A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.
- 21 The joint holders of a shares shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
- If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate not exceeding 12 per cent per annum as the Directors may determine, but the Directors shall be at liberty to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
- Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall for the purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
- 24 The Directors may, on the issue of shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.

- The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced may (until the same would, but for such advance, become payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding (unless the Company in General Meeting shall otherwise direct) 12 per cent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Directors and the member paying such sum in advance. No such sum paid in advance of calls shall entitle the member paying such sum to any portion of a dividend declared in respect of any period prior to the date upon which such sum would, but for such payment, become presently payable.
- No member shall be entitled to receive any dividend or to be present or to vote on any question, either personally or by proxy, at any General Meeting, or upon a poll, or to be reckoned in a quorum whilst any call or other sum shall be due and payable to the Company in respect of any of the shares held by him, whether alone or jointly with any other person.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 27 The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof.
- 28 Subject to such of the restrictions of these Articles as may be applicable, any member may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing in any usual or common form or any other form which the Directors may approve.
- 29 The Directors may decline to register the transfer of a share (not being a fully paid share) to a person of whom they shall not approve, and may also decline to register the transfer of a share on which the Company has a lien.
- 30 The Directors may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:
 - (a) a fee of three dollars or such lesser sum as the Directors may from time to time require is paid to the Company in respect thereof;
 - (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
 - (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share.
- 31 If the Directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- 32 The registration of transfers may be suspended (and the Register closed) at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days in any year.
- The Company shall be entitled to charge a fee not exceeding three dollars on the registration of any probate, letters of administration, certificate of death or marriage, power of attorney, notice in lieu of distringas, or other instrument affecting the title to any share.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- In case of the death of a member the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.
- Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Directors and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself as the holder of the share or to have some

person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof but the Directors shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of a transfer of the share by that member before his death or bankruptcy as the case may be.

- If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself, he shall either deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have another person registered he shall testify his election by executing to that person a transfer of the share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Articles relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.
- A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company:

Provided always that the Directors may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days the Directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Any person to whom the right to any shares in the Company has been transmitted by operation of law shall, if the Directors refuse to register the transfer, be entitled to call on the Directors to furnish within 28 days a statement of the reasons for the refusal.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

- 39 If a member fails to pay any call or instalment on the day appointed for payment thereof the Directors may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.
- The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
- If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited shares, and not actually paid before the forfeiture.
- When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the holder of the share, or the person entitled to the share by transmission, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register, but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any failure to give such notice or make such entry as aforesaid.
- A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Directors think fit, and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit.
- A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares, together with interest thereon at such rate not exceeding 12 per cent per annum, as the Directors shall think fit, from the date of forfeiture until payment but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares.
- A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive

evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or other disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK

- The Company may by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
- The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations, as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previous to conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit; and the Directors may from time to time fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, provided that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.
- 48 The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privilege and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on a winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
- 49 Such of the Articles of the Company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" therein shall include "stock" and "stockholder".

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

- The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as the resolution shall prescribe.
- The Company may by Ordinary Resolution, before the issue of any new shares, determine that the same, or any of them, shall be offered in the first instance, and either at par or at a premium, to all the existing holders of any class of shares, in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class held by them respectively, or make any other provisions as to the issue of the new shares; but, in default of any such determination, or so far as the same shall not extend, the new shares may be dealt with as if they formed part of the shares in the original capital.
- Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue, or by these Articles, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise. Unless otherwise provided in accordance with these Articles the new shares shall be Ordinary Shares.
- 53 The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:
 - (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares; or
 - (b) subdivide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by its Memorandum of Association, so that, however, in the subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived; or
 - (c) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital, and capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised, and consent required, by law.

GENERAL MEETINGS

- The Company shall in each year hold a General Meeting as its Annual General Meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year, and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it, and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting of the Company and that of the next. The Annual General Meeting shall be held at such time and place as the Directors shall appoint.
- All General Meetings other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.
- The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, and Extraordinary General Meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by the Ordinance. If at any time there are not within Hong Kong sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any Director or any two members (if the Company has only one member, that member) of the Company may convene an Extraordinary General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the Directors.
- 58 General Meetings whether Annual or Extraordinary may be held in Hong Kong or such other place from which the business of the Company is from time to time being directed or in which a majority of the shareholders is from time to time resident.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- An Annual General Meeting and a meeting called for the passing of a Special Resolution shall be called by twenty-one days' notice in writing at the least, and a meeting of the Company other than an Annual General Meeting or a meeting for the passing of a Special Resolution shall be called by fourteen days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business, and shall be given, in manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, to such persons as are, under the regulations of the Company, entitled to receive such notices from the Company. Provided that a meeting of the Company shall, notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Article, be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat.
- The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary General Meeting, and also all business that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting, with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the reports of the Directors and Auditors, the election of Directors in place of those retiring and the appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors.
- No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; save as herein otherwise provided two members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum. If the Company has only one member, that member presents in person or by proxy shall be the quorum of a General Meeting of the Company.
- If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the Directors may determine, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present shall be a quorum.

- The Chairman, if any, of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every General Meeting of the Company, or if there is no such Chairman, or if he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act, the Directors present shall elect one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.
- 65 If at any meeting no Director is willing to act as Chairman or if no Director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.
- The Chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for twenty-one days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
- At a General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the show of hands) demanded
 - (a) by the Chairman; or
 - (b) by at least one member present in person or by proxy; or
 - (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - (d) by a member or members holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.

Unless a poll be so demanded a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

- Except as provided in Article 70, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the Chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately.
- 69 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.
- A poll demanded on the election of a Chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the Chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.
- A resolution in writing signed by all the members for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting (including any proxy if entitled) shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of members duly convened and held. Where the Company has only one member and that member takes any decision that may be taken by the Company in General Meeting and that has effect as if agreed by the Company in General Meeting, he shall (unless that decision is taken by way of a resolution in writing duly signed by him) provide the Company with a written record of that decision within 7 days after the decision is made.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, and on a poll every member shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.

- On a poll a member entitled to more than one vote need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.
- In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register.
- A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, curator bonis, or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
- No member shall be entitled to vote at any General Meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid.
- No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
- 78 On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy.
- The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under seal, or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the Office or at such other place within Hong Kong as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, not less than twenty-four hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, at which the person named in the instrument proposed to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in either of the following forms or a form as near thereto as circumstances admit:

"KDB ASIA LIMITED 產銀亞洲金融有限公司

I/We,	, of	, being a mem	ber/members of th	e above-named c	ompany, hereby
appoint	of	or failing him	of	as my/our p	proxy to vote for
		Annual/Extraordinary			
		19 , and at any adjo			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	, ,			

Signed this day of , 19 . "

"KDB ASIA LIMITED 產銀亞洲金融有限公司

			member/members				
appoint	of	or failing hi	m of		as my/ou	r proxy	to vote for
me/us on my/our	behalf at all	the Annual a	nd Extraordinary	General	Meetings	of the	Company
for mor	ths from the da	te hereof, and at	any adjournments	thereof.			

Signed this day of , 19 . "

The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.

A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at the office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

CORPORATION ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES

Any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company, and the person as authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company.

DIRECTORS

Until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting the number of the Directors shall not be less than two or more than eight.

The first Directors shall be appointed by the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association.

- The remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in General Meeting. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The Directors may also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or any committee of the Directors or General Meeting of the Company or in connection with the business of the Company.
- Any Director who serves on any committee or who devotes special attention to the business of the Company or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by any of salary, percentage of profits or otherwise as the Directors may determine.
- 88 A Director shall not require any share qualification.
- A Director of the Company may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or in which the Company may be interested as shareholder or otherwise, and no such Director shall be accountable to the Company for any remuneration or other benefits received by him as a director or officer of, or from his interest in, such other company unless the Company otherwise directs. The Directors may exercise the voting power conferred by the shares in any such other company held or owned by the Company, or exercisable by them as directors of such other company, in such manner in all respects as they think fit (including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing themselves or any of them or other officers of such company), and any Director may vote in favour of the exercise of such voting rights in manner aforesaid, notwithstanding that he may be, or be about to be, appointed a director or other officer of such company, and as such is or may become interested in the exercise of such voting rights in manner aforesaid.

BORROWING POWERS

The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligations of a Company or of any third party.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, who may pay all expenses incurred in promoting and registering the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Ordinance or by these Articles required to be exercised to the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulations of these Articles, to the provisions of the Ordinance, and to such regulations, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company

- in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.
- 92 The Directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney appoint any company, firm or person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.
- The Company may exercise the powers conferred upon the Company by sections 103, 104 and 106 of the Ordinance with regard to the keeping of a branch register, and the Directors may (subject to the provisions of those sections) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
- 94 (a) A Director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or proposed contract (being a contract of significance in relation to the Company's business) with the company shall, if his interest in the contract or proposed contract is material, declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the Directors in accordance with section 162 of the Ordinance.
 - (b) A Director may vote in respect of any contract or proposed contract or arrangement notwithstanding that he may be interested therein and if he does so his vote shall be counted and he may be counted in the quorum at any meeting of the Directors at which any such contract or proposed contract or arrangement shall come before the meeting for consideration, provided that he has first disclosed his interest to the other Directors. A general notice given to the Directors by a Director to the effect that he is a member of a specified company or firm, and is to be regarded as interested in any contract, arrangement, or dealing which may, after the date of the notice, be entered into or made with that company or firm shall, for the purpose of this Article, be deemed to be a sufficient disclosure of interest in relation to any contract, arrangement, or dealing so entered into or made.
 - (c) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than the office of auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the Directors may determine and no Director or intending Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either with regard to his tenure of any such other office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or otherwise, nor shall any such contract, or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any Director is in any way interested, be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby established;
 - (d) Any Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director; providing that nothing herein contained shall authorise a Director or his firm to act as auditor of the Company.
- 95 Every Director and Officer of the Company shall give notice in writing to the Company of such emoluments, pensions and loans relating to himself as may be necessary for the purposes of Section 161 and of Section 161B of the Ordinance subject to Section 161C of the Ordinance.
- All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, indorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.
- 97 The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:
 - (a) of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;
 - (b) of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of any committee of the Directors;

of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company, and of the Directors, and of committees of Directors: and any such minute of such a meeting if purporting to be signed by the Chairman thereof, or by the

Chairman of the next succeeding meeting of the same body, shall be sufficient evidence without any further

proof of the facts therein stated.

98 The Directors on behalf of the Company may pay a gratuity or pension or allowance on retirement to any Director who has held any other salaried office or place of profit with the Company or to his widow or dependants and may make contributions to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such gratuity, pension or allowance.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

- The office of Director shall be vacated if the Director
 - becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or (a)
 - becomes prohibited from being a Director by reason of any order made under section 157E or 157F of the Ordinance; or
 - (c) becomes of unsound mind; or
 - (d) resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company given in accordance with section 157D(3)(a) of the Ordinance.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 100 The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase or reduce the number of Directors.
- 101 The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution appoint any person to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors, but so that the total number of Directors shall not exceed the number fixed in accordance with these Articles.
- Subject to the provisions of these Articles in respect of the vacation of the office of Director, the first Directors, and such other Directors as may be appointed under the preceding Article, shall be deemed to be re-elected to office at each Annual General Meeting until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting.
- The Directors shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint any person to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors, but so that total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the number fixed in accordance with these Articles (and so that no appointment of an additional Director or Directors shall be effective unless all of the then Directors concur therein). Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following Annual General Meeting, and shall then be eligible for appointment under Article 101 herein.
- The Company may by Special Resolution remove any Director from Office at any time notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claims such Director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

105 The Directors may meet together for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A Director may, and the Secretary shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Directors.

Meetings may be held in Hong Kong or any other place from which the business of the Company is for the time being directed.

- Where a Director is a corporation, it may vote and act by its representative duly authorised by resolution of its Board of Directors or other governing body.
- 107 The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors, and unless so fixed shall be two. A meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions, by or under the regulations of the Company for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally. For the purposes of this Article an alternate appointed by a Director shall be counted in a quorum at a meeting at which the Director appointing him is not present.
- 108 The continuing Directors or sole continuing Director may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to these Articles as the necessary quorum of Directors, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number or of summoning a General Meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.
- Any Director may in writing appoint any person, who is approved by the majority of the Directors, to be his alternate to act in his place at any meeting of the Directors at which he is unable to be present. Every such alternate shall be entitled to notice of meetings of the Directors and to attend and vote thereat as a Director when the person appointing him is not personally present, and where he is a Director to have a separate vote on behalf of the Director he is representing in addition to his own vote. A Director may at any time in writing revoke the appointment of an alternate appointed by him. Every such alternate shall be an officer of the Company and shall not be deemed to be the agent of the Director appointing him. The remuneration of such an alternate shall be payable out of the remuneration payable to the Director appointing him, and the proportion thereof shall be agreed between them. An alternate need not hold any share qualification.
- 110 The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such Chairman is elected or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for the holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 111 The Directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Directors. Save as aforesaid the meetings and proceedings of a committee consisting of more than one member shall be governed by the provisions of these Articles regulating the proceedings and meetings of Directors.
- All acts done at any meeting of the Directors, or of a committee of Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, shall, notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment or continuance in office of any such Directors or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed or had duly continued in office and was qualified and had continued to be a Director and had been entitled to be a Director.
- A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting (including any alternate Director if entitled) shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of Directors duly convened and held.

MANAGING DIRECTOR

- 114 The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Director for such period and on such terms as they think fit, and, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, may revoke such appointment. His appointment shall be automatically determined if he ceases from any cause to be a Director.
- 115 A Managing Director shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits, or partly in one way and partly in another) as the Directors may determine and it may be made a term of his appointment that he be paid a pension or gratuity on retirement from his office.

The Directors may entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director any of the powers exercisable by them upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they may think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

SECRETARY

- 117 The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.
- A provision of the Ordinance or these regulations requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Secretary.

THE SEAL

- The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal, which shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors authorised by the Directors in that behalf, and every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a Director and shall be countersigned by the Secretary or by a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Directors for the purpose.
- 120 The Company may exercise the powers conferred by section 35 of the Ordinance with regard to having an official seal for use abroad, and such power shall be vested in the Directors.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES

- 121 The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- The Directors may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the Directors to be justified by the profits of the Company.
- 123 No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits.
- 124 The declaration of the Directors as to the amount of the profits of the Company shall be conclusive.
- The Directors may before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve or reserves, which shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Directors may from time to time think fit. The Directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits which they may think prudent not to divide.
- Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividend, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but no amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purpose of this Article as paid on the share. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amount paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.
- The Directors may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise.
- 128 The Directors may retain any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share on which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
- With sanction of a General Meeting any dividend may be paid wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid-up shares or debentures of any other company or in any one or more of such ways. Where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the

same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed, in order to adjust the rights of all members, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon trust for the members entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors.

- Any dividend, interest or other moneys payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the Register or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. Any one of two or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the shares held by them as joint holders.
- 131 No dividend shall bear interest against the Company.
- All dividends unclaimed for one year after having been declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed, and the Company shall not be constituted a trustee in respect thereof. All dividends unclaimed for a period of twelve years after having been declared shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company.

ACCOUNTS

- 133 The Directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to:
 - (a) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
 - (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company; and
 - (c) the assets and liabilities of the Company.

Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

134 The books of account shall be kept at the Office, or at such other place or places as the Directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors.

Provided that if books of account are kept at a place outside Hong Kong there shall be sent to, and kept at a place in, Hong Kong and be at all times open to inspection by the Directors such accounts and returns with respect to the business dealt with in the books of account so kept as will disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of that business at intervals not exceeding six months and will enable to be prepared in accordance with the Ordinance the Company's balance sheet, its profit and loss account or income and expenditure account, and any document annexed to any of these documents giving information which is required by the Ordinance and is thereby allowed to be so given.

- 135 The Directors shall from time to time determined whether and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being Directors, and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors, or by the Company in General Meeting.
- 136 The Directors shall from time to time, in accordance with Section 122, 124 and (where applicable) 129D of the Ordinance, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in General Meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and auditors' and directors' reports as are referred to in those Sections.
- Every balance sheet and the profit and loss account and group accounts (if any) annexed thereto shall be approved by the Board of Directors and thereafter the balance sheet shall be signed on behalf of the Board by two of the Directors.

- 138 A copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the Company in General Meeting, together with a copy of the directors' report and a copy of the auditors' report, shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and to all persons other than members or holders of debentures of the Company, being persons entitled to receive notices of General Meetings of the Company.
- All the members may from time to time agree in writing that Section 141(D) of the Ordinance shall apply with respect to a financial year of the Company.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

140 The Company in General Meeting may upon the recommendation of the Directors resolve that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution and not required for the payment or provision of the fixed dividend on any shares entitled to fixed preferential dividends, and accordingly that such sums be set free for distribution amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on condition that the same not be paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such members in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in the one way and partly in the other, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution:

Provided that a share premium account and a capital redemption reserve fund may, for the purpose of this Article, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.

Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully-paid shares or debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto, with full power to the Directors to make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions, and also to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all members entitled thereto into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

AUDIT

142 Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with the Ordinance.

NOTICES

- Every member shall register with the Company an address either in Hong Kong or elsewhere to which notices can be sent and if any member shall fail so to do notice may be given to such member by sending the same in any of the manners hereinafter mentioned to his last known place of business or residence or, if there be none, by posting the same for three days at the office of the Company.
- 144 A notice may be given delivery, prepaid letter (airmail in the case of a registered address outside Hong Kong), cable or telex message.
- 145 (a) A notice delivered to the registered address shall be deemed to have been served at the time of delivery.
 - (b) A notice sent by prepaid letter to an address in Hong Kong shall be deemed to have been served on the day following its posting.
 - (c) A notice sent by prepaid airmail letter to an address outside Hong Kong shall be deemed to have been served on the fifth day following its posting.

- (d) A notice sent by cable or telex message shall be deemed to have been served on the day following the despatch of the cable or telex message.
- (e) In the case of a notice sent by prepaid letter, in proving service thereof it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice was properly addressed and stamped and was deposited in a post box or at the post office.
- Any notice required to be given by the Company to the members, or any of them, and not expressly provided for by these presents, or any notice which cannot be served in the manner so provided, shall be sufficiently given if given by advertisement in one English and one Chinese daily morning newspaper in Hong Kong.
- 147 A notice may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the Register in respect of the share.
- A notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, within Hong Kong supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.
- 149 Notice of every General Meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to:
 - (a) every member except those members who (having no registered address within Hong Kong) have not supplied to the Company an address within Hong Kong for the giving of notice to them;
 - (b) every person upon whom the ownership of a share devolves by reason of his being a legal personal representative or a trustee in bankruptcy of a member where the member but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting; and
 - (c) the auditor for the time being of the Company.

No other person shall be entitled to receive notices of General Meetings.

WINDING UP

150 If the Company shall be wound up the Liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Ordinance divide amongst the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may, for such purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The Liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members or any of them as the Liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

151 Every Director, Managing Director, Agent, Auditor, Secretary and other officer for the time being of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under section 358 of the Ordinance in which relief is granted to him by the court.

Names, Addresses and Descriptions of Subscribers

(Sd.) Dai Youn Sohn D-11, Alpine Court, 12 Kotewall Road, Hong Kong.

Chief Representative

For and on behalf of Deodand (Nominees) Limited

(Sd.) Edward Chan Ching Cheung, Director Room 1122, Swire House, 11th Floor, Chater Road, Hong Kong.

Limited Company

Dated this 20th day of January, 1986. WITNESS to the above signatures: —

(Sd.) Larry, S. K. Ko Solicitor, Room 1122, Swire House, 11th Floor, Chater Road, Hong Kong.