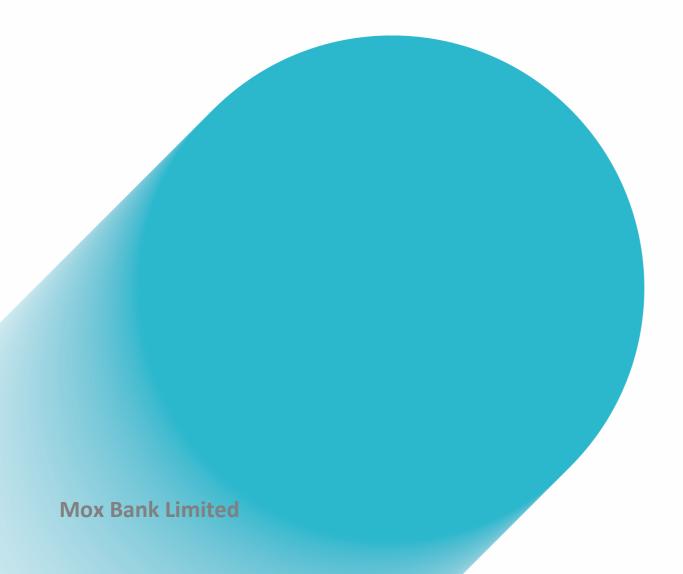




# Unaudited Quarterly Regulatory Disclosure

For the quarter ended 30 September 2025







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#### 1. Introduction

This unaudited quarterly regulatory disclosure complies with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules ("Rules") under section 60A of the Banking Ordinance. These banking disclosures are governed by the Bank's disclosure policy, which has been approved by the Board of Directors. The disclosure policy sets out the approach to determine the content, appropriateness and frequency of the disclosures, the approach to ensure the relevance and adequacy of the disclosures, and the internal control over the process for making the disclosures. The disclosures have been subject to independent review in accordance to the disclosure policy.

According to the Rules, disclosure of comparative information is not required unless otherwise specified in the standard disclosure templates. Prior period disclosures can be found in the Regulatory Disclosure section of our website: https://mox.com/.

#### **Basis of preparation**

The capital adequacy ratio ("CAR") was compiled in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules ("BCR") issued by the HKMA. The Bank adopted the Standardised (Credit Risk) Approach for credit risk in calculating the risk weighted assets. For market risk, the Bank adopted Standardised (Market Risk) Approach prior to June 2024. Since end of June 2024, the Bank has been exempted under section 22(1) of the BCR from the calculation of market risk under section 17. For operational risk, the capital requirement is calculated using the standardised approach.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

As of 30 September 2025, the Bank does not have any subsidiaries for consolidation purpose.

The disclosure requirements under Basel III final reform came into effect from 1 January 2025.





### 2. Key prudential ratios (KM1)

The following table sets out an overview of the Bank's key prudential ratios.

		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
		30 Sep 2025 HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025 HK\$'000	31 Mar 2025 HK\$'000	31 Dec 2024 HK\$'000	30 Sep 2024 HK\$'000
	Regulatory capital (amount)					
1 & 1a	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	965,498	1,102,390	1,033,246	1,110,463	822,803
2 & 2a	Tier 1	1,433,567	1,570,459	1,501,315	1,578,532	1,290,872
3 & 3a	Total capital	1,517,176	1,657,008	1,589,466	1,655,641	1,364,254
	RWA (amount)					
4	Total RWA	7,455,901	7,599,253	7,689,969	6,670,498	6,274,034
4a	Total RWA (pre-floor)	7,455,901	7,599,253	7,689,969		
	Risk-based regulatory capital ratios (as a percentage of RWA)					
5 & 5a	CET1 ratio (%)	12.95	14.51	13.44	16.65	13.11
5b	CET1 ratio (%) (pre-floor ratio)	12.95	14.51	13.44		
6 & 6a	Tier 1 ratio (%)	19.23	20.67	19.52	23.66	20.57
6b	Tier 1 ratio (%) (pre-floor ratio)	19.23	20.67	19.52		
7 & 7a	Total capital ratio (%)	20.35	21.80	20.67	24.82	21.74
7b	Total capital ratio (%) (pre-floor ratio)	20.35	21.80	20.67		
	Additional CET1 buffer requirements (as a percentage of RWA)					
8	Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
9	Countercyclical capital buffer requirement (%)	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.00
10	Higher loss absorbency requirements (%) (applicable only to G-SIBs or D-SIBs)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
11	Total AI-specific CET1 buffer requirements (%)	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.50
12	CET1 available after meeting the Al's minimum capital requirements (%)	7.57	9.15	8.08	11.30	7.78
	Basel III leverage ratio	•				
13	Total leverage ratio (LR) exposure measure	25,713,007	24,996,201	23,738,728	23,145,436	22,032,422
13a	LR exposure measure based on mean values of gross assets of SFTs	25,713,007	24,996,201	23,738,728		
14, 14a & 14b	LR (%)	5.58	6.28	6.32	6.82	5.86
14c & 14d	LR (%) based on mean values of gross assets of SFTs	5.58	6.28	6.32		
	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) / Liquidity Maintenance Ratio (LN	ИR)				
	Applicable to category 1 institution only:					
15	Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
16	Total net cash outflows	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
17	LCR (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Applicable to category 2 institution only:					
17a	LMR (%)	87.76	86.40	82.25	83.85	72.59





#### 2. Key prudential ratios (KM1) (continued)

		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
		30 Sep 2025 HK\$'000	30 Jun 2025 HK\$'000	31 Mar 2025 HK\$'000	31 Dec 2024 HK\$'000	30 Sep 2024 HK\$'000
	Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) / Core Funding Ratio (CFR)					
	Applicable to category 1 institution only:					
18	Total available stable funding	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
19	Total required stable funding	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
20	NSFR (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Applicable to category 2A institution only:					
20a	CFR (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

The capital ratios and LMR remained well above the minimum regulatory requirements.

CET1 ratio, Tier 1 and total capital ratio dropped as the Bank has been launching its products and services resulting in consumption of capital for business operation costs.

Leverage ratio dropped as the Bank has been launching its products and services resulting in higher exposure and consumption of capital for business operation costs.

#### 3. Overview of risk-weighted amount ("RWA") (OV1)

The following table sets out an overview of capital requirement in terms of a detailed breakdowns of RWAs for various risks.

		(a)	(b)	(c)
		RV	VA	Minimum capital requirements
		30 Sep 2025 HK\$'000	·	
1	Credit risk for non-securitization exposures	6,688,753	6,923,923	535,100
2	Of which STC approach	6,688,753	6,923,923	535,100
2a	Of which BSC approach	-	-	-
3	Of which foundation IRB approach	-	-	-
4	Of which supervisory slotting criteria approach	-	-	-
5	Of which advanced IRB approach	-	-	-
5a	Of which retail IRB approach	-	-	-
5b	Of which specific risk-weight approach	-	-	-
6	Counterparty credit risk and default fund contributions	-	-	-
7	Of which SA-CCR approach	-	-	-
7a	Of which CEM	-	-	-
8	Of which IMM(CCR) approach	-	-	-
9	Of which others	-	-	-
10	CVA risk	-	-	-
11	Equity positions in banking book under the simple risk-weight method and internal models method	N/A	N/A	N/A
12	Collective investment scheme ("CIS") exposures – look-through approach / third-party approach	N/A	N/A	N/A
13	CIS exposures – mandate-based approach	N/A	N/A	N/A
14	CIS exposures – fall-back approach	N/A	N/A	N/A
14a	CIS exposures – combination of approaches	N/A	N/A	N/A
15	Settlement risk	-	-	-
16	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
17	Of which SEC-IRBA	-	-	-
18	Of which SEC-ERBA (including IAA)	-	-	-





### 3. Overview of risk-weighted amount ("RWA") (OV1) (continued)

		(a)	(b)	(c)
		RV	RWA	
		30 Sep 2025	30 Jun 2025	30 Sep 2025
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
19	Of which SEC-SA	-	-	-
19a	Of which SEC-FBA	-	-	-
20	Market risk	N/A	N/A	N/A
21	Of which STM approach	N/A	N/A	N/A
22	Of which IMA	N/A	N/A	N/A
22a	Of which SSTM approach	N/A	N/A	N/A
23	Capital charge for moving exposures between trading book and banking book	N/A	N/A	N/A
24	Operational risk	917,925	849,525	73,434
24a	Sovereign concentration risk	-	-	-
25	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% RW)	-	-	-
26	Output floor level applied	N/A	N/A	N/A
27	Floor adjustment (before application of transitional cap)	N/A	N/A	N/A
28	Floor adjustment (after application of transitional cap)	N/A	N/A	N/A
28a	Deduction to RWA	150,777	174,195	12,062
28b	Of which portion of regulatory reserve for general banking risks and collective provisions which is not included in Tier 2 Capital	150,777	174,195	12,062
28c	Of which portion of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings which is not included in Tier 2 Capital	-	-	-
29	Total	7,455,901	7,599,253	596,472

Decrease in credit risk for non-securitization exposures is mainly due to decrease in regulatory retail exposures.

Since end of June 2024, the Bank has been exempted under section 22(1) of the BCR from the calculation of market risk under section 17.





### 4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA)

The following is a summary of the bank's common equity tier 1 ("CET1") capital, additional tier 1 ("AT1") capital and tier 2 capital instruments.

	capital and tier 2 capital instruments.	
		HKD Ordinary Shares
1	Issuer	Mox Bank Limited
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong
	Regulatory treatment	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	N/A
5	Basel III rules	CET1
6	Eligible at solo / group / solo and group	Solo
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Ordinary Shares
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HK\$5,435 Million
9	Par value of instrument	N/A
10	Accounting classification	Equity
11	Original date of issuance	10 Aug 2018: 20,000 ordinary shares 25 Feb 2019: 29,980,000 ordinary shares 3 Apr 2019: 131,092,000 ordinary shares 19 Nov 2020: 46,920,000 ordinary shares 26 Feb 2021: 46,920,000 ordinary shares 10 Mar 2022: 65,688,000 ordinary shares 25 Nov 2022: 31,280,000 ordinary shares 1 Feb 2023: 54,740,000 ordinary shares 21 Jul 2023: 31,280,000 ordinary shares 30 Nov 2023: 35,190,000 ordinary shares 5 Jun 2024: 17,595,000 ordinary shares 13 Dec 2024: 37,145,000 ordinary shares 30 Apr 2025: 15,640,000 ordinary shares 30 Oct 2025: 78,200,000 ordinary shares
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	N/A
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N/A
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N/A
	Coupons / dividends	
17	Fixed or floating dividend / coupon	Floating
18	Coupon rate and any related index	N/A
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
21	Existence of step-up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Non-cumulative	Non-cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	No No
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N/A
32	If write-down, full or partial	N/A
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	N/A
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument in the	N/A
33	insolvency creditor hierarchy of the legal entity concerned).	IVA
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	N/A
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A





#### 4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) **HKD AT1 Capital** (continued) Mox Bank Limited Issuer 2 Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement) N/A 3 Governing law(s) of the instrument Hong Kong Regulatory treatment Transitional Basel III rules N/A Basel III rules Additional Tier 1 6 Eligible at solo / group / solo and group Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction) Perpetual debt instrument 8 HK\$233.7 Million Amount recognised in regulatory capital (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date) HK\$234.6 Million Par value of instrument 10 Accounting classification Equity 20 Mar 2024 11 Original date of issuance 12 Perpetual or dated Perpetual 13 Original maturity date Undated 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval 15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount Optional Call Date:20 Mar 2029 Redemption amount at par. 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable Each Reset Date thereafter Coupons / dividends Fixed or floating dividend / coupon 17 18 Coupon rate and any related index Year 1 to 5: 8.37 per cent. per annum payable semi-annually in arrear Year 5 onwards: Resets every 5 years 19 Existence of a dividend stopper 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Fully discretionary 21 Existence of step-up or other incentive to redeem No 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative Non-cumulative 23 Convertible or non-convertible Non-convertible 24 If convertible, conversion trigger(s) 25 If convertible, fully or partially N/A 26 If convertible, conversion rate N/A 27 N/A If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into N/A 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into N/A 30 Write-down feature 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) Upon a Non-Viability Event. "Non-Viability Event" means the earlier of: the Monetary Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a Write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Issuer would become non-viable: and the Monetary Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is





#### 4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) HKD AT1 Capital (continued) necessary, without which the Issuer would become non-viable. Full or partial 32 If write-down, full or partial 33 If write-down, permanent or temporary Permanent 34 N/A If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism 35 Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to The rights and claims of Securityholders against instrument in the insolvency creditor hierarchy of the legal entity concerned). the Issuer to payment in respect of the Securities (including, without limitation, any payments in respect of damages awarded for breach of any obligations), in the event of the winding-up of the Issuer (other than pursuant to a Permitted Reorganisation), shall rank: subordinate and junior in right of payment to, and of all claims of (x) all unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer (including its depositors), (y) all creditors in respect of Tier 2 Capital Instruments of the Issuer and (z) all other Subordinated Creditors of the Issuer whose claims are stated to rank senior to the Securities or rank senior to the Securities by operation of law or contract; pari passu in right of payment to, and of all claims of the holders of Parity Obligations; (iii) senior in right of payment to, and of all claims of holders of Junior Obligations. "Additional Tier 1 Capital Instruments" means any instrument issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer that constitutes or qualifies as Additional Tier 1 capital of the Issuer pursuant to the Banking Capital Regulations. "CET1 Capital Instruments" means any instrument issued or entered into by the Issuer that constitutes Common Equity Tier 1 capital of the Issuer pursuant to the Banking Capital Regulations. "Junior Obligations" means all classes of the Issuer's share capital (including without limitation any preference shares) and any instrument or other obligation issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer that constitutes or qualifies as CET1 Capital Instruments or that ranks or is expressed to rank junior to the Securities by operation of law or contract. "Parity Obligations" means any instrument or other obligation issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer that constitutes or qualifies as an Additional Tier 1 Capital Instrument or any instrument or other obligation issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer that ranks or is expressed to rank pari passu with the Securities by operation of law or contract, which excludes any Junior Obligations of the Issuer.





	4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) (continued)	HKD AT1 Capital
		"Subordinated Creditors" means all creditors the indebtedness of which is subordinated, in the event of winding-up of the Issuer, in right of payment to, and of all claims of, the depositors and other unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer other than those whose claims rank or are expressed to rank by operation of law or contract pari passu with, or junior to, the claims of the Securityholders. For this purpose "indebtedness" shall include all liabilities, whether actual or contingent.
		"Tier 2 Capital Instruments" means any instrument or other obligation issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer that constitutes or qualifies as Tier 2 capital of the Issuer pursuant to the Banking Capital Regulations.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	N/A
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A





	4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA)	HKD AT1 Capital
	(continued)	
1	Issuer	Mox Bank Limited
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong
	Regulatory treatment	THOUGH KONG
4	Transitional Basel III rules	N/A
5	Basel III rules	Additional Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo / group / solo and group	Solo
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Perpetual debt instrument
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (currency in millions, as of most recent reporting date)	HK\$234.3 Million
9	Par value of instrument	HK\$234.6 Million
10	Accounting classification	Equity
11	Original date of issuance	17 Sep 2024
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	Undated
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Optional Call Date:17 Sep 2029
		Redemption amount at par.
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Each Reset Date thereafter
	Coupons / dividends	
17	Fixed or floating dividend / coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	Year 1 to 5: 8.06 per cent. per annum payable
		semi-annually in arrear
		Year 5 onwards: Resets every 5 years at a rate of
		distribution determined by the Issuer on the
		relevant Reset Determination Date as the sum of
		the relevant Reset Rate and the Margin.
		"Margin" means 5.43 per cent.
		"Reference Bond" means for any Reset Period a
		government security or securities issued by the
		Hong Kong government selected by the Issuer as having an actual or interpolated maturity
		comparable with the relevant Reset Period and
		that (in the opinion of the Issuer) would be
		utilised, at the time of selection and in
		accordance with customary financial practice, in
		pricing new
		issuances of corporate debt securities
		denominated in Hong Kong dollars and of a comparable maturity to the relevant Reset
		Period.
		"Reset Rate" means in respect of a Reset Period,
		the relevant annual yield to maturity or
		interpolated yield to maturity (on the relevant
		day count basis) of the Reference Bond, assuming a price for such Reference Bond (expressed as a
		percentage of its nominal amount) equal to the
		Reference Bond Price.
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	Yes
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
21	Existence of step-up or other incentive to redeem	No
	ı	•





		• •
	4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) (continued)	HKD AT1 Capital
22	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	Yes
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Upon a Non-Viability Event.
		(i) the Monetary Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a Write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Issuer would become non-viable; and  (ii) the Monetary Authority notifying the Issuer in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without
		which the Issuer would become non-viable.
32	If write-down, full or partial	Full or partial
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N/A
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument in the insolvency creditor hierarchy of the legal entity concerned).	The rights and claims of Securityholders against the Issuer to payment in respect of the Securities (including, without limitation, any payments in respect of damages awarded for breach of any obligations), in the event of the winding-up of the Issuer (other than pursuant to a Permitted Reorganisation), shall rank:  (i) subordinate and junior in right of payment to, and of all claims of (x) all unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer (including its depositors), (y) all creditors in respect of Tier 2 Capital Instruments of the Issuer and (z) all other Subordinated Creditors of the Issuer whose claims are stated to rank senior to the Securities or rank senior to the Securities by operation of law or contract;  (ii) pari passu in right of payment to, and of all claims of the holders of Parity Obligations; and  (iii) senior in right of payment to, and of all claims of holders of Junior Obligations.
		"Additional Tier 1 Capital Instruments" means any instrument issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer that constitutes or qualifies as Additional Tier 1 capital of the Issuer





	4. Main features of regulatory capital instruments (CCA) (continued)	HKD AT1 Capital
		pursuant to the Banking Capital Regulations.
		"CET1 Capital Instruments" means any instrument issued or entered into by the Issuer that constitutes Common Equity Tier 1 capital of the Issuer pursuant to the Banking Capital Regulations.
		"Junior Obligations" means all classes of the Issuer's share capital (including without limitation any preference shares) and any instrument or other obligation issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer that constitutes or qualifies as CET1 Capital Instruments or that ranks or is expressed to rank junior to the Securities by operation of law or contract.
		"Parity Obligations" means any instrument or other obligation issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer that constitutes or qualifies as an Additional Tier 1 Capital Instrument or any instrument or other obligation issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer that ranks or is expressed to rank pari passu with the Securities by operation of law or contract, which excludes any Junior Obligations of the Issuer.
		"Subordinated Creditors" means all creditors the indebtedness of which is subordinated, in the event of winding-up of the Issuer, in right of payment to, and of all claims of, the depositors and other unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer other than those whose claims rank or are expressed to rank by operation of law or contract pari passu with, or junior to, the claims of the Securityholders. For this purpose "indebtedness" shall include all liabilities, whether actual or contingent.
		"Tier 2 Capital Instruments" means any instrument or other obligation issued, entered into or guaranteed by the Issuer that constitutes or qualifies as Tier 2 capital of the Issuer pursuant to the Banking Capital Regulations.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	N/A
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A





### 5. Leverage ratio (LR2)

The following table sets out a detailed breakdown of the components of the LR denominator, as well as information on LR, minimum applicable LR and mean-SFT adjusted LR.

as IIII	ormation on LR, minimum applicable LR and mean-SFT adjusted LR.		
		(a)	(b)
		НКД	'000
		30 Sep 2025	30 Jun 2025
On-b	alance sheet exposures		T
1	On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivative contracts and SFTs, but including related on-balance sheet collateral)	24,030,197	23,139,896
2	Gross-up for derivative contracts collateral provided where deducted from balance sheet assets pursuant to the applicable accounting standard	-	-
3	Less: Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided under derivative contracts	-	-
4	Less: Adjustment for securities received under SFTs that are recognised as an asset	-	-
5	Less: Specific and collective provisions associated with on-balance sheet exposures that are deducted from Tier 1 capital	(274,343)	(299,574)
6	Less: Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital	(614,868)	(602,123)
7	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivative contracts and SFTs)	23,140,986	22,238,199
	(sum of rows 1 to 6)		
Expos	sures arising from derivative contracts		l
8	Replacement cost associated with all derivative contracts (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)	-	-
9	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative contracts	-	
10	Less: Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures	-	-
11	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit-related derivative contracts	-	-
12	Less: Permitted reductions in effective notional amount and permitted deductions from add-on amounts for PFE of written credit-related derivative contracts	-	-
13	Total exposures arising from derivative contracts (sum of rows 8 to 12)	-	-
Expos	sures arising from SFTs		
14	Gross amount of SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	-	-
15	Less: Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets	-	
16	CCR exposure for SFT assets	-	-
17	Agent transaction exposures	-	-
18	Total exposures arising from SFTs (sum of rows 14 to 17)	-	-
Othe	r off-balance sheet exposures		
19	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	25,537,508	27,381,469
20	Less: Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	(22,965,487)	(24,623,467)
21	Less: Specific and collective provisions associated with off-balance sheet exposures that are deducted from Tier 1 capital	-	-
22	Off-balance sheet items (sum of rows 19 to 21)	2,572,021	2,758,002
Capit	al and total exposures		
23	Tier 1 capital	1,433,567	1,570,459
24	Total exposures (sum of rows 7, 13, 18 and 22)	25,713,007	24,996,201
		-	





### 5. Leverage ratio (LR2) (continued)

		(a)	(b)
		HKD	'000
		30 Sep 2025	30 Jun 2025
Lever	age ratio		
25 & 25a	Leverage ratio	5.58%	6.28%
26	Minimum leverage ratio requirement	3.00%	3.00%
27	Applicable leverage buffers	Not applicable	Not applicable
Disclo	sure of mean values		
28	Mean value of gross assets of SFTs, after adjustment for sale accounting transactions and netted of amounts of associated cash payables and cash receivables	-	-
29	Quarter-end value of gross amount of SFT assets, after adjustment for sale accounting transactions and netted of amounts of associated cash payables and cash receivables	-	-
30 & 30a	Total exposures based on mean values from row 28 of gross assets of SFTs (after adjustment for sale accounting transactions and netted amounts of associated cash payables and cash receivables)	25,713,007	24,996,201
31 & 31a	Leverage ratio based on mean values from row 28 of gross assets of SFTs (after adjustment for sale accounting transactions and netted amounts of associated cash payables and cash receivables)	5.58%	6.28%

Leverage ratio dropped as the Bank has been launching its products and services resulting in higher exposure and consumption of capital for business operation costs.



## by **Standard** chartered

### Acronyms

Al	Authorized institutions	LCR	Liquidity coverage ratio
AIRB	Advanced internal ratings-based approach	LGD	Loss given default
ALCO	Asset and Liability Committee	LMR	Liquidity Maintenance Ratio
ASA	Alternative standardized approach	LR	Leverage Ratio
ASF	Available stable funding	LTA	Look through approach
AT1	Additional Tier 1	MBA	Mandate-based approach
Bank	Mox Bank Limited	MSRs	Mortgage servicing rights
BCBS	Basel Committee on Banking Supervision	N/A	Not applicable
BCR	Banking (Capital) Rules	NSFR	Net stable funding ratio
BDR	Banking (Disclosure) Rules	OF	Object finance
BIA	Basic indicator approach	ОТС	Over-the-counter
BSC	Basic approach	PD	Probability of default
CCF	Credit conversion factor	PF	Project finance
ССР	Central counterparty	PFE	Potential future exposure
CCR	Counterparty credit risk	PRC	People's Republic of China
ССуВ	Countercyclical capital buffer	PVA	Prudential Valuation Adjustments
CEM	Current exposure method	PSE	Public sector entity
CET1	Common equity tier 1	QRRE	Qualifying revolving retail exposures
CF	Commodities finance	RC	Replacement cost
CIS	Collective investment scheme	RSF	Required stable funding
CRC	Comprehensive risk charge	RW	Risk-weight
CRM	Credit risk mitigation	RWA	Risk-weighted asset/risk-weighted amount
CVA	Credit valuation adjustment	S&P	Standard & Poor's
D-SIB	Domestic systematically important	SA-CCR	Standardized approach for counterparty
DTA	authorized institution	CEC EDDA	credit risk
DTAs	Deferred tax assets	SEC-ERBA	Securitization external ratings-based approach
EAD	Exposure at default	SEC-FBA	Securitization fall back approach
EL	Expected loss	SEC-IRBA	Securitization internal ratings-based approach
EPE	Expected positive exposures	SEC-SA	Securitization standardized approach
FBA	Fall-back approach	SFT	Securities financing transaction
G-SIB	Global systematically important bank	SME	Small and Medium Enterprises
НКМА	Hong Kong Monetary Authority	SRW	Supervisory risk-weighs
HVCRE	High-volatility commercial real estate	STC	Standardized (credit risk) approach
HQLA	High quality liquid assets	STM	Standardized (market risk) approach
IMM	Internal models approach	STO	Standardized (operational risk) approach
IMM (CCR)	Internal models approach (counterparty credit risk) approach	VaR	Value at risk
ICAAP	Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process		
IPRE	Income-producing real estate		
IRB	Internal ratings-based approach		
JCCyB	Jurisdictional countercyclical capital buffer		
JVs	Joint ventures		
LAC	Loss-absorbing capacity		