

**Banking Disclosure Statement For the year ended** 

31 December 2023

Prepared under the Banking (Disclosure) Rule made pursuant to section 60A of the Banking Ordinance



## **Banking Disclosure Statement For the year ended 31 December 2023**

The information in the Disclosure Statement is not audited and does not constitute statutory accounts.

The Statement is available at Bank of Singapore Limited, Hong Kong Branch at the following address:

34/F, One International Finance Centre, 1 Harbour View Street, Central, Hong Kong

A copy of the Disclosure Statement has been lodged with the public registry of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority's Public Registry and is available on the website <a href="https://www.bankofsingapore.com/disclosures-and-disclaimers/disclosures.html">https://www.bankofsingapore.com/disclosures-and-disclaimers/disclosures.html</a>, for public inspection.



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## **Statement Of Compliance**

This Disclosure Statement has been prepared in accordance with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules and the disclosure standards set out in the Supervisory Policy Manual on "Guideline on the Application of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority on 16 August 2019. To the best of my knowledge, the disclosure is not false or misleading in any material respect.

Chan Wai Ming Rickie

Chief Executive

Bank of Singapore, Hong Kong Branch

18 APR 2024



## Section A – Branch Information (Hong Kong Office)

		Year ended 31-Dec-2023	Year ended 31-Dec-2022
<b>(I)</b>	Income Statement Information	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
(a)	Interest income	1,002,007	419,897
(b)	Interest expense	(813,252)	(288,001)
(c)	Other operating income		
	- Gains less losses arising from trading in foreign currencies	77,903	59,658
	- Gains less losses on securities held for trading purposes	-	_
	- Gains less losses from trading in interest rate derivatives	199	2,849
	- Gains less losses from other trading activities	23,019	26,179
(d)	Net fee and commission income		
	- Fees and commission income	100,597	133,311
	- Fees and commission expenses	(1,816)	(3,352)
(e)	Others	919,063	652,910
(f)	Operating expenses		
	- Staff expenses	(571,152)	(573,346)
	- Rental expenses	(69,942)	(93,502)
	- Other expenses	(114,242)	(52,022)
(g)	Impairment losses provisions for impaired loans and receivables		-
(h)	Gains less losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment properties	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
(i)	Profit before taxation	552,384	284,581
(j)	Tax expense	(93,193)	(47,766)
(k)	Profit after taxation	459,191	236,815



(II)	Statement of Financial Position Information		
		31-Dec-2023	30-Jun-2023
Assets		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
(a)	Cash and balances with banks, and other financial institutions (except those included in amount due from overseas offices)	81,138	117,040
(b) (c)	Due from Exchange Fund Placement with banks which have a residual contractual maturity of more than one month but not more than 12 months (except those included in amount due from overseas offices)	31,895	32,244
(d)	Amount due from overseas offices	12,077,541	10,816,539
(e)	Loans and receivables		
	- Loans and advances to customers	7,446,561	8,431,311
	- Loans and advances to banks	-	-
	- Accrued interest and other accounts	853,991	1,194,749
	- Provisions for impaired loans and receivables		
	Individual impairment allowances		
	Collective impairment allowances		<del>-</del> -
(f)	Investment securities	4,512,335	4,048,454
	Individual impairment allowances	-	-
(g)	Property, plant and equipment and investment properties	385,052	414,403
(h)	Total Assets	25,388,513	25,054,740
Liabili	ties		
(a)	Deposits and balances from banks and other financial institutions (except those included in amount due to overseas offices)	5,754	77
(b)	Deposits from customers		
	- Demand deposits and current accounts	3,272,755	3,297,670
	- Saving deposits	-	-
	- Time, call and notice deposits	9,758,377	8,391,363
(c)	Amount due to overseas offices	9,200,122	10,523,284
(d)	Other liabilities (include reserves and current year's profit)	3,015,539	2,769,447
(e)	Provisions	135,966	72,899
(f)	Total Liabilities	25,388,513	25,054,740



## (III) Additional Information - Statement of Financial Position

1. Loans and Advances to Customers – impaired loans	31-D	ec-2023	30-Jun-2023		
	HK\$'000	% to total loans and advances to customers	HK\$'000	% to total loans and advances to customers	
1. Impaired loans and advances to customers*					
- The amount of impaired loans and advances	-		-		
- The amount of specific provisions	-		-		
- The amount of collective provisions	_		-		
<ul> <li>Market value of collateral</li> <li>Covered portion of total overdue loans and</li> </ul>	*		¥		
advances	-		-		
Uncovered portion of total overdue loans and advances	_		_		
2. No impaired loans and advances to banks as at 30 Jun 2023 and 31 Dec 2022					
3. No impaired loans and advances to other financial institutions as at 30 Jun 2023 and 31 Dec 2022					
4. No impaired loans and advances to other assets as at 30 Jun 2023 and 31 Dec 2022					

<sup>\*</sup>Impaired loans are advances to customers which have been classified as "substandard", "doubtful" and "loss" in accordance with the HKMA Return of Loans and Advances and Provisions (Form MA(BS)2A) completion instructions.



## 2. Loans and Advances to Customers by Geographical Segments

The gross amounts of loans and advances to customers by geographical areas are classified according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk. In general, risk transfer applies when a loan or advances is guaranteed by a party in a country which is different from that of the country. Only countries constituting 10% or more of the aggregate total loans and advances to customers are disclosed.

	31-Dec-2023					
	Total loans and advances to customers	Loans and advances overdue for more than 9 months and up to 12 months	Loans and advances overdue for more than 1 year and up to 2 years	Impaired loans and advances to customers		
HK\$'000						
Hong Kong	3,726,155	-	-	-		
British Virgin Island	2,746,533	-	-	-		
Others	973,873		-			
Total	7,446,561	_	_	-		

	30-Jun-2023				
	Total loans and	Loans and	Loans and	Impaired	
	advances to	advances overdue	advances overdue	loans and	
	customers	for more than 9	for more than 1	advances to	
		months and up to	year and up to 2	customers	
		12 months	years		
HK\$'000					
Hong Kong	6,246,335	-	-	-	
British Virgin Island *	686,241	-	-	7-0	
Others	1,498,735		-		
Total	8,431,311	_		_	

<sup>\*</sup> The geographical segment that constitutes less than 10% of the total loans and advances is presented for comparative purpose only.



3. Loans and Advances to Customers by Industry Sector	31-Dec	:-2023	30-Jun-2023	
	Gross Advances	Collateral covered*	Gross Advances	Collateral covered*
	HKD'000	%	HKD'000	%
1. Loans and advances for use in Hong Kong				
Industrial, commercial and financial sectors				
- Financial concerns	3,108,354	100%	3,247,159	100%
- Property investment	39,362	100%	45,643	100%
Individuals				
- Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	25,449	100%	36,693	100%
- Others	4,273,396	100%	5,101,816	100%
2. Trade finance	-		-	
3. Loans and advances for use outside Hong Kong	_		_	
Total loans and advances to customers	7,446,561	100%	8,431,311	100%

<sup>\*</sup> Where the collateral values are greater than gross loans and advances, only the amount of collateral up to the gross amount of loans and advances was included.

The sector analysis has been classified according to the usage of loans and advances based on categories and definition used by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.



4. Overdue or Rescheduled Assets	31-Dec-2023		30-Jun-2023	
	HK\$'000	% to total loans and advances to customers	HK\$'000	% to total loans and advances to customers
1. Loans and advances to customers which have been overdue for				
- more than 3 months but not more than 6 months	-		-	
- more than 6 months but not more than 1 year	-		-	
- more than 1 year	-		Ě	
- The amount of individual impairment allowances	-		-	
- The amount of collective impairment allowances	-		-	
2. Other assets to customers which have been overdue for				
- more than 3 months but not more than 6 months	-		-	
- more than 6 months but not more than 1 year	-			
- more than 1 year	-		-	
- The amount of individual impairment allowances	-		-	
- The amount of collective impairment allowances	-			
3. Rescheduled assets to customers which have been overdue for				
- more than 3 months but not more than 6 months	-		-	
- more than 6 months but not more than 1 year	-		-	
- more than 1 year	-		-	
- The amount of individual impairment allowances	-		-	
- The amount of collective impairment allowances	-		*	
4. Loans and advances to banks which have been overdue for				
- more than 3 months but not more than 6 months			-	
- more than 6 months but not more than 1 year			-	
- more than 1 year	-		-	
- The amount of individual impairment allowances	-			
- The amount of collective impairment allowances	-		4 <b>-</b> 0	
5. No rescheduled assets to banks as at 30 Jun 2023 and 31 Dec 2022	-			
6. No repossessed assets as at 30 Jun 2023 and 31 Dec 2022	-		-	



## 5. International Claims

The information on international claims discloses exposures to foreign counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any recognized risk transfer. In general, such transfer of risk takes place if the claims are guaranteed by a party in a country which is different from that of the counterparty or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in another country. Only countries constituting 10% or more of the aggregate international claims after taking into account any recognized risk transfer is disclosed.

			31-De	ec-2023			
			Non-bar	k private sector			
	<u>Banks</u>	Official sector	Non-bank financial institutions	Non-financial private sector	Others	<u>Total</u>	
(HK\$ million)							
Developed countries	62	4,512	-	-	-	4,574	
of which United States	8	4,512	-	_	-	4,520	
Offshore centers	12,629	-	-	5,003	_	17,632	
of which Singapore	12,629	-	-	105	-	12,734	
of which Hong Kong	-		-	3,876	-	3,876	
Developing Latin America and Caribbean	-	-	-	_ 1	-	-	
Developing Africa and Middle East	-		-	20	-	20	
Developing Asia and Pacific	11	_	_	1,048	1=	1,059	
Total	12,702	4,512	-	6,071	-	23,285	



## 5. International Claims (Continued)

	30-Jun-2023					
			Non-ban	k private sector		
	<u>Banks</u>	Official sector	Non-bank financial institutions	Non-financial private sector	Others	<u>Total</u>
(HK\$ million)						
Developed countries	100	4,050	-	-	-	4,150
of which United States	42	4,050	=	-	-	4,092
Offshore centers	11,586	=	-	5,052	-	16,638
of which Singapore	11,586	-	-	220		11,806
of which Hong Kong	-	-	=	3,418	-	3,418
Developing Latin America and Caribbean	-		-	1	-	-
Developing Africa and Middle East			-	20		20
Developing Asia and Pacific	9	-	-	1,184		1,193
Total	11,695	4,050	-	6,256		22,001

The above figures are prepared in according to the location and types of the counterparties as defined by the HKMA under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules with reference to the HKMA's Return of International Banking Statistics.



## 6. Mainland Activities Exposures

-		31-Dec-2023	
	On-balance	Off-balance	Total
(HK\$'000)	sheet exposure	sheet exposure	<b>Exposure</b>
Types of counterparties			
<ol> <li>Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)</li> </ol>	-	-	-
2. Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	-	_	-
3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	498,389	2,083,970	2,582,359
4. Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	-	-	-
5. Other entities of local government not reported in item 2 above	-	-	-
<ol> <li>PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China</li> </ol>			
7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China			
exposures			
Total	498,389	2,083,970	2,582,359
Total asset after provision	25,388,513	_	
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	1.96%		



## 6. Mainland Activities Exposures (Continued)

		30-Jun-2023	
	On-balance	Off-balance	Total
(HK\$'000)	sheet exposure	sheet exposure	<b>Exposure</b>
Types of counterparties			
1. Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	-	<u> </u>	-
2. Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	_		-
3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	519,828	2,312,323	2,832,151
4. Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	-		-
5. Other entities of local government not reported in item 2 above	•	-	_
6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China			
	-	-	
7. Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures			_
Total	519,828	2,312,323	2,832,151
Total asset after provision	25,054,740		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	2.07%	=	

The above figures are prepared in according to the types of the counterparties as defined by the HKMA under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules with reference to the HKMA's Return of Mainland Activities.



Bank of Singapore, Hong Kong Branch

## 7. Currency Risk

The net position in a particular foreign currency is disclosed if the net position (in absolute terms) constitutes 10% or more of the total net positions in all foreign currencies. The positions are calculated in accordance with the Return of Foreign Currency Position (Form MA(BS)6) submitted to the HKMA.

31-Dec-2023	OSD	GBP*	$^{*}$	EUR*	CAD*	AUD*	SEK*	Others	Total
(HK\$ million) Snot assets	15.946	319	1,138	322	150	797	10	3,587	22,269
Spot liabilities	(15,826)	(318)	(1,291)	(322)	(150)	(96 <i>L</i> )	(10)	(3,586)	(22,299)
Forward purchases	7.817	100	4,868	66	41	695	s <b>1</b>	4,092	17,586
Forward sales	(7,970)	(100)	(4,715)	(66)	(41)	(695)	1	(4,092)	(17,586)
Net options position		1	II.	1	Ĭ	1	1	1	1
Net long/ (short) position	(33)	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	(30)
Net structural position	1	1	1	1	1		1		1
30-Jun-2023	OSD	GBP*	JPY*	EUR*	CAD*	AUD*	SEK*	Others	Total
(HK\$ million) Spot assets	14,745	373	1,081	291	162	647	6	3,206	20,514
Spot liabilities	(14,750)	(372)	(1,082)	(290)	(161)	(653)	(8)	(3,198)	(20,514)
Forward purchases	817	82	260	160	26	102		485	2,232
Forward sales	(817)	(82)	(290)	(160)	(26)	(94)	1	(493)	(2,232)
Net options position		1	1	1	1	1	ĩ	1	1
Net long/ (short) position	(5)	1	(1)	_	-	2	1	'	1
Net structural position	1	1	1	T	1	'	1	r	- I
Net su decuiai position		120							

The above represents the Hong Kong dollar equivalent values of the individual currency.

<sup>\*</sup> The currency that constitutes less than 10% of the total net position in all foreign currencies is presented for comparative purpose only.



## (IV) Off-Balance Sheet Exposures

## 1. Contingent liabilities and commitments (Notional amount)

Direct credit substitutes

Other commitments

Others (including forward asset purchases, amounts owing on partly paid shares and securities, forward forward deposits placed, asset sales or other transactions with recourse)

31-Dec-2023

HK\$'000

21,340,290

412,277

## 2. Derivatives Transactions (HK\$'000)

		31-Dec-2023		3	0-Jun-2023	
	Replace	ment cost	Total Notional amount	Replacer	nent cost	Total Notional amount
	Positive	Negative		Positive	Negative	
Exchange rate-related derivatives contracts	262,782	(264,812)	42,509,194	131,506	(131,080)	28,547,577
Interest rate contracts	467	(467)	387,035	683	(683)	216,866
Others	62,167	(62,026)	2,581,886	 65,387	(65,244)	4,398,347
	325,416	(327,305)	45,478,115	197,576	(197,007)	33,162,790

There are no bilateral netting arrangements for above derivatives contracts.

## (V) Liquidity Information

1. Liquidity Maintenance Ratio (LMR)	Q4-2023	Q4-2022
	%	%
Average LMR for the 3-month period.	68.18%	65.73%

The average liquidity maintenance ratio is the arithmetic mean of each month's average LMR calculated in accordance with the Banking (Liquidity) Rules.

30-Jun-2023

HK\$'000

21,862,010

104,736

547,267

24,939,867

24,287,864



Bank of Singapore, Hong Kong Branch

# (V) Liquidity (Continue)

## 2. Liquidity Gap

The following maturity profile is based on the remaining period to repayment on a contractual maturity basis at the end of the reporting period.

				As at 3	As at 31 Dec 2023	24		Dala
	Total	Next day	2 to 7 days	8 days to 1month	> 1 month up to 3 months	> 1 month up > 3 months up to to 3 months 12 months	Over 1 year	Balancing
	32	32.		1		1	1	1
	12,231	4,833	4,083	163	885	2,267	T	1
	4,512	4,512		•	'	ı	T	•
Loans and advances to cristomers	7,454	510	5,844	747	129	221	3	1
	1,099	17	352	207	22	99	49	390
Total on-balance sheet assets	25,328	9,904	10,279	1,117	1,036	2,554	52	390
Total off-balance sheet claims	892	304	387	59		15	3	1
	13,118	3,702	1,775	2,871	2,493	2,277	1	'
	9,239	707	631	4,353	3,497	51	T	1
Other liabilities (including reserves) *	2,971	428	98	166	143	150	369	1,633
Total on-balance sheet liabilities	25,328	4,837	2,492	7,390	6,133	2,478	369	1,633
Total off-balance sheet obligations	22,218	253	454	44	13	110	3	21,340
Contractual Maturity Mismatch Cumulative Contractual Maturity Mismatch		5,118 5,118	7,720 12,838	(6,258) 6,580	(5,110) 1,470	(19)	(317)	



Bank of Singapore, Hong Kong Branch

## (V) Liquidity (Continue)

# 2. Liquidity Gap (continue)

ves) *  ves) *	49 9,580 5,921 9,066 1,077 25,693 7,620 7,620 2,343 2,345	Next day 49 2,112 5,921 1,607 9,698 7,137 1,115 1,287 361 8,785	2 to 7 days  - 3,242  - 5,366  403  9,011  1,457  1,488  1,201  1,488  135  2,824  1,126	As at 3]  8 days to   month	As at 31 Dec 2022  to > 1 month up 3	1 Dec 2022   1 month up   3 months up to to 3 months   12 months   1,735   1,735   1,945   1,945   1,876   1	Over 1 year  3  98  101  1221  221  221  88	Balancing amount 811 233 314 1,142 1,142 27,730
Contractual Maturity Mismatch Cumulative Contractual Maturity Mismatch		1,287	7,805	6,484	991	850	, 722	

Positive indicates a position of liquidity surplus. Negative indicates a liquidity shortfall that has to be funded.

\* The other assets and other liabilities include derivative contracts; the total column reported their fair values, not total cash flow in each time buckets



## (V) Liquidity (Continue)

### 3. Liquidity Risk Management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Bank of Singapore Limited (the "Bank") is unable to service its cash flow obligation as they fall due without incurring unacceptable costs or losses through fund raising and assets liquidation. The risk includes the inability of the Bank to manage unplanned decreases or changes in funding sources and the failure to recognize or address changes in market conditions that affect the Bank's ability to liquidate assets quickly with minimal loss in value.

The key principles of the Bank liquidity management process involve monitoring against liquidity risk limits that are aligned to the Bank's risk tolerance level approved by the BOS Board of Directors; managing cash flow to ensure that sufficient sources of funding are available to meet obligations under normal operating and stress conditions; maintaining an adequate liquidity asset buffer for regulatory requirements.

### Governance

The Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for providing the strategic direction for management of bank's balance sheet risk including liquidity risk and delegates the balance sheet risk management to BOS Group Chief Executive Office ("CEO") who in turn sub-delegates to Asset Liability Management Committee ("ALCO"), which composed of senior staff from various departments. The responsibility includes approval of operational and procedural changes to policy and the assignment of limits for the Bank of Singapore Limited, Hong Kong Branch (the "Branch").

Corporate Treasury ("CT") manages the liquidity of the bank and Market Risk Management ("MRM") is the primary risk control function and is responsible for monitoring and escalation of any liquidity limits breaches. Additionally, MRM is responsible for formulating and recommending liquidity risk management policy, triggers and limits to ALCO for review and approval. Internal Audit performs periodic reviews to ensure risk management functions are carried out effectively.

## **Liquidity Monitoring**

The Bank manages liquidity risk on a consolidated balance sheet basis with OCBC Bank (the "Group"), through combination of positive cash flow management, match-funding its asset and liability as much as possible, and maintaining a portfolio of high quality liquid assets that is in excess of regulatory requirement. The Branch key sources of fund will be from client deposits or funding through the Group as the Branch does not deal with interbank market for its funding and any excess or shortage of funding is managed by the Group.

## Liquidity Reporting

Cash flow analysis and projection reports under Business-As-Usual ("BAU") scenario and Stress scenarios are generated by the Bank's management information system to allow the Bank to assess the day to day maturity mismatch.

Liquidity stress test is performed on daily basis based on different scenarios to identify any negative cumulative flow for the next 30 days. Three stress scenarios are used, namely bank specific, general market crisis, and a crisis involving a combination of the two. Any breaches in stress result will be escalated to ALCO.

Early Warning Indicators ("EWI") are used to identify any potential liquidity problem and trigger management response actions, which include the activation of Contingency Funding Plan ("CFP").



## (V) Liquidity (Continue)

## 3. Liquidity Risk Management (continue)

## **Contingency Planning**

The Branch maintains a "CFP" with below key objectives to:

- Identify and recognize a liquidity crisis;
- Define the appropriate management responsibilities and responses during a liquidity crisis;
- Establish the key processes for managing a liquidity crisis;
- Rectify areas of concern and ensure information flows remain timely to facilitate decision making.
- Define communication plans and funding strategies

CFP is reviewed annually to ensure that it stays relevant and a drill test is conducted on the contingency funding plan to ensure that it is operationally effective.

## (VI) Disclosure On Remuneration

The Branch has adopted the remuneration policy of the head office, Bank of Singapore Limited. Bank of Singapore Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of OCBC Bank, and OCBC Bank is the sole shareholder. The remuneration framework of Bank of Singapore Limited is largely aligned with the remuneration policy of the OCBC Bank. The objective of the Bank's remuneration policy is to attract, retain and motivate employees to contribute their best.

In relation to the disclosure on remuneration, such information on (but not be limited to) the decision-making process, firm-wide remuneration policy, criteria used for performance measurement and risk adjustment, the linkage between pay and performance, deferral policy and vesting criteria, and the parameters used for allocation of cash versus other forms of remuneration, aggregate information of Senior Management and Material Risk Takers, where applicable, in respect of guaranteed bonuses, sign-ons, severance payments and variable remuneration awarded during the financial year, and the breakdown of total compensation of OCBC Bank's Chief Executive Officer, are disclosed in the Annual Report of OCBC Bank.



## Section B - Bank Information

The following information relates to Bank of Singapore Limited, ultimately a wholly owned subsidiary of Overseas-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited. Please refer to the full annual accounts for further information.

## (I) Capital and Capital Adequacy

	31-Dec-2023 US\$'000	31-Dec-2022* US\$'000
Shareholders' equity	2,202,441	1,971,084
Total capital ratio Tier 1 capital ratio	19.8% 19.8%	14.9% 14.9%

The capital adequacy ratio is computed in accordance with the rules established by the Monetary Authority of Singapore ("MAS").

## (II) Other Financial Information

,	31-Dec-2023 US\$'000	31-Dec-2022* US\$'000
Total assets Total liabilities Total loans and advances Total customer deposits	37,963,625 35,761,184 14,589,767 32,649,616	39,007,493 37,036,409 18,209,253 32,925,483
	Year ended 31-Dec-2023 US\$'000	Year ended 31-Dec-2022 US\$'000
Pre-tax profit	414,624	277,254

<sup>\*</sup> The comparative information disclose the corresponding amounts for the preceding annual reporting period.