

State Street Bank and Trust Company

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State Street Bank & Trust Company Financial Disclosure (Unaudited) as of December 31, 2022

As requested by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority, we are pleased to provide the following information with respect to the operations of our Hong Kong Branch and (where indicated) State Street Corporation on a consolidated basis. The financial disclosure (unaudited) may be viewed on our website:

https://www.statestreet.com/disclosures-and-disclaimers/hk/legal-disclosure

Section A - Branch Information (Hong Kong Office only)

I. General

State Street Bank and Trust Company Hong Kong Branch

State Street Bank and Trust Company, Hong Kong Branch has been registered to operate in Hong Kong since 1984. State Street Bank and Trust Company, Hong Kong Branch and its affiliates in Hong Kong (together "State Street Hong Kong") serve as our regional headquarters for the Asia-Pacific region.

Investment Servicing

To help our clients keep up with the sweeping changes taking place in the financial industry - both worldwide and in Hong Kong - State Street Hong Kong brings our clients an array of customized investment servicing solutions, including global custody and accounting, investment performance and analytics, investment operations outsourcing and investment compliance.

Investment Research and Trading

State Street Global Markets Hong Kong provides specialized research, foreign exchange trading and securities lending.



			As of Dec 31, 2022 <u>HK\$ Equivalent</u> (In Millions)	As of Dec 31, 2021 <u>HK\$ Equivalent</u> (In Millions)
II.	Inco	me Statement information (Note 1)		
	i.	Interest income	762	227
	ii. iii.	Interest expense Other operating income	464	64
		- Gains less losses arising from trading in foreign currencies	1,408	1,281
		- Gains less losses on securities held for trading purposes	*	5
		- Gains less losses from other trading activities	(7)	Ē
		- Net fees and commission income	4	- 5
		- Others	-	=
	iv.	Operating expenses		
		- Staff and rental expenses	43	44
		- Other expenses (Including transfer pricing)	1,370	1,279
		- Net charge for other provisions	(-)	
	٧.	Impairment losses and provisions for impaired loans and receivables	2	(1)
	vi.	Gains less losses from the disposal of property, plant	-	<u>:</u>
		& equipment and investment properties	000	400
	vii.	Profit before taxation	290	126
	viii.	Tax expense / (Tax income)	41	18
	ix.	Profit after taxation	249	109

^{1.} The income statement information is in accordance with the details in the "Return of Current Year's Profit & Loss Account" (MA(BS)1C).



1			As of Dec 31, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)	As of Jun 30, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)
III.	Balan	ce Sheet information (Note 2)		
	Asset	S		
	i.	Cash and balances with banks (except those included in amount due from overseas offices of the institution)	10,729	11,180
	H. Hi.	Due from Exchange Fund Placements which have a residual contractual maturity between one and twelve months		2
		- Banks	<u>-</u>	₩
		- Non-bank financial institution	()	×
		- Sovereign Amount due from overseas offices of the institution	46.020	45 627
	iv. V.	Trade bills	46,920	45,637
	vi.	Certificates of deposit held)#5	∞ ¥
	vii.	Securities held for trading purposes		
	viii.	Loans and receivables (See additional B/S information)	3,477	5,366
	ix.	Investment securities	5,472	6,102
	X.	Other investments	; = 1	
	xi.	Property, plant and equipment and investment properties	-	=
	xii.	Total assets	66,598	68,287
	Liabili	tion.		
	j.	Deposits and balances from banks (except those included in amount due to overseas offices of the institution)	7,179	10,377
	ii.	Due to Exchange Fund	120	54
	iii.	Deposits from customers		
		- Demand deposits and current accounts		<u>≅</u>
		- Savings deposits	19,559	15.650
	iv.	Time, call and notice deposits Amount due to overseas offices of the institution	37,240	15,659 38,072
	ΙV. V.	Certificates of deposit issued	31,240	30,072
	v. vi.	Issued debt securities	673 7 4 0	5 2
	vii.	Other liabilities	2,500	4,125
	viii.	Provisions	_,000	.,
	ix.	Total liabilities	66,598	68,287

^{2.} The Balance Sheet information is in accordance with the details in the "Return of Assets and Liabilities" (MA(BS)1).



			As of Dec 31, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)	As of Jun 30, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)
IV.	Add	itional balance sheet information (Note 3)		
	i.	Loans and receivables		
		- Loans and advances to customers	146	17
		- Loans and advances to banks	₩	#
		- Other accounts	3,320	5,337
		- Provision for impaired loans and receivables		
		- Collective provisions	請	
		- Specific provisions	3,466	5,354
			3,400	5,334
		- Receivables	11	12
	TI.	The breakdown of the gross amount of loans and adby sector (Note 4) - Loans and advances for use in Hong Kong - Financial concerns - Loans and advances for use outside Hong Kong	23 123 146	3 14 17
	iii.	Analysis of gross loans and advances to customer b	y geographic area	
		1. Hong Kong	23	3
		2. Asia Pacific (excluding Hong Kong)	116	11
		- Japan	115	4
		- South Korea	1	3
		- Singapore	3.	3
		- China	36	1
		3. North and Latin America	7	3

Note:

No rescheduled nor repossessed assets were held at both reporting dates. No loans and advances to customers, banks and other financial institutions were individually determined to be impaired. Loans and advances were not covered by collateral nor other security for both reporting dates. No loans and advances to customers and banks were overdue for more than three months at both reporting dates.

^{4.} The loans and advances to customers by sector is in accordance with the details in the "Return of Quarterly Analysis of Loans and Advances and Provisions" (MA (BS) 2A).



iv. Analysis of non-bank Mainland China exposures (Note 5)

As of Dec 31, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)	On-balance Sheet exposure	Off-balance Sheet exposure	Total on- and off- balance sheet
 Central government, central government- owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs) 	*	992	992
Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs		*	
 PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs 	*	ā Ā	300
Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above		នី	5
Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	-	*	뀰
 PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China 	=	-	-
 Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures 		ā	76
Total	(=)	992	992
Total assets after provisions	66,598		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	0.00%		

The analysis of non-bank Mainland China exposures is based on "Return of Mainland Activities" (MA(BS)20) and discloses those total direct exposures are material



iv. Analysis of non-bank Mainland China exposures (Note 5) (Con't)

As of Jun 30, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)	On-balance Sheet exposure	Off-balance Sheet exposure	Total on- and off- balance sheet
 Central government, central government- owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs) 	1	25	26
Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	3	(0	5
 PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs 	7=3	-	-
Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	*	2	重
Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	7 = 2	,	*
 PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China 		ĕ	9 0
 Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures 	=	-	-
Total	1	25	26
Total assets after provisions	68,287		
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	0.00%		

The analysis of non-bank Mainland China exposures is based on "Return of Mainland Activities" (MA(BS)20) and discloses those total direct exposures are material.



					HK\$ E	of Dec 31, 2022 (quivalent (Millions)	As of Ju HK\$ Equiv (In Mil	<u>2022</u> /alent
V.	Analysis of other accoun receivables by overdue proverdue for six months months Overdue for one year or overdue for over one year.	eriod or less but r less but ov	over three					161 162 163
vi.	International claims (Not	e 6)						
	As of Dec 31, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Million	ns)		Non	-bank priv	vate sector		
	The Equition (III willis	<u>Banks</u>	Official Sector	fina	-bank ncial utions	Non- financial private sector	Others	Total
	Developed countries - United States	62,349 52,745	<u></u>	e2 27	809 398	3 = : 3 = :	5. ≅	63,158 53,143
	As of Jun 30, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Million	ns)		Non-	-bank priv	vate sector		
		<u>Banks</u>	Official Sector	fina	bank ncial utions	Non- financial private sector	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
	Developed countries - United States	67,598 61,239). 34	-	157 8	(E) (E)	<u>.</u>	67,755 61,247

Note:

^{6.} The country or geographical segment (including Hong Kong) is based on the "Return of International Banking Statistics" (MA(BS)21) that constitutes not less than 10% of the total international claims on net basis after taking into account the effect of any recognised risk transfer.



vii. Foreign currency exposures (Note 7)

As of Dec 31,									
2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)	<u>USD</u>	SGD	<u>IDR</u>	CAD	CNY	AUD	INR	TWD	Total
a. Spot assets b. Spot liabilities c. Forward purchases d. Forward sales e. Net options position	21,042 (12,077) 2,157,238 (2,166,072)	4,153 (4,423) 128,632 (128,393)	2,197 (2,379) 7,978 (7,965)	2,074 (2,003) 32,918 (32,964)	876 (2,949) 218,905 (216,899)	18 (1,442) 326,256 (324,864)	5 (5) 18,674 (18,568)	50,099 (50,005)	30,365 (25,278) 2,940,700 (2,945,730)
f. Net long (short) position	131	(31)	(169)	25	(67)	(32)	106	94	57
Net structural position	USD -	<u>SGD</u>	IDR -	CAD	CNY	AUD	INR -	TWD	<u>Total</u>
As of Jun 30, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)	USD	<u>SGD</u>	<u>IDR</u>	CAD	CNY	AUD	INR	TWD	<u>Total</u>
a. Spot assets b. Spot liabilities c. Forward purchases d. Forward sales e. Net options position	25,392 (12,115) 1,516,358 (1,529,154)	1,465 (721) 88,740 (89,260)	1,162 (2,531) 10,454 (9,245)	1,647 (1,730) 24,072 (23,982)	1,710 (1,850) 317,479 (317,425)	26 (1,520) 207,384 (205,691)	17,415 (17,326)	131,645 (131,963)	31,402 (20,467) 2,313,547 (2,324,046)
f. Net long (short) position	481	224	(160)	7	(86)	199	89	(318)	436
Net structural position	<u>USD</u>	SGD	IDR -	CAD	CNY	AUD	<u>INR</u>	<u>TWD</u>	<u>Total</u>

^{7.} The foreign currency exposure is based on the "Return of Foreign Currency Position" (MA(BS)6) for the type of foreign currency position and the amount to be reported. Individual foreign currency net position constitutes not less than 10% of the total net position in all foreign currencies.



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State Street Bank & Trust Company Financial Disclosure (Unaudited) as of December 31, 2022

		As of Dec 31, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)	As of Jun 30, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)
Off-I	balance sheet exposures		
il.	The contractual or notional amounts of each of the following class of off-balance sheet exposures outstanding:		
	Contingent liabilities and commitments: - Direct credit substitutes - Transaction-related contingencies - Trade-related contingencies - Note issuance and revolving underwriting facilities - Other commitments - Others (including forward asset purchases, amounts owing on partly paid-up shares and securities, forward forward deposits placed, asset sales with recourse or other transactions with recourse)	5 4 5 4 5	
	Derivative transactions: - Exchange rate-related derivative contracts (excluding forward foreign exchange contracts arising from swap deposit arrangements) - Interest rate derivative contracts - Others	4,516,232 161,153	3,120,743 148,159
ij.,	The total fair value of the above derivative transactions - Exchange rate-related derivative contracts - Interest rate derivative contracts	2 6	469 18

No bilateral netting arrangements for above derivative transactions.



VI.

State Street Bank & Trust Company Financial Disclosure (Unaudited) as of December 31, 2022

			Three months ended Dec 31, 2022	Three months ended Dec 31, 2021	
1.	Liquidity				
		average liquidity maintenance ratio ("LMR") average core funding ratio ("CFR")	85.43% 46 0.55%	54.60% 979.97%	

The average liquidity maintenance ratio is the simple average of each calendar month's average LMR as reported in Part 3(II)D of the 'Return of Liquidity Position of an Authorized Institution' submitted pursuant to section 63 of the Banking Ordinance.

The average core funding ratio is the simple average of each calendar month's average CFR as reported in Part 1(II) of the 'Return of Stable Funding Position of an Authorized Institution' submitted pursuant to section 63 of the Banking Ordinance.

Liquidity Risk Management Approach - Qualitative

State Street Bank and Trust Co. ("SSBTC") manages liquidity in a global context in which liquidity risk controls and measures are managed, supervised, and integrated on a global basis and has established Liquidity Risk Guidelines that apply to the Hong Kong Branch ("the Branch"). The purpose of Liquidity Risk Guidelines is to articulate the roles, responsibilities, accountabilities, and framework for the liquidity risk management approach within the Branch. The Branch manages liquidity risk in accordance with the Liquidity Risk Guidelines as well as in accordance with all applicable corporate global policies and guidelines, and all applicable local regulatory requirements.

The roles and responsibilities related to liquidity risk management cut horizontally across the organization, incorporating business unit representation and various independent oversight functions in the "three lines of defense" model. The first line owns the risks associated with their activities and is responsible for establishing effective internal controls to manage liquidity risk to an acceptable level, and promoting a strong culture of risk excellence. The second line serves as the independent oversight function, responsible for ensuring the adequacy of the risk measurement methodologies and tools used to monitor liquidity risk and that liquidity risks are properly identified, measured, monitored, reported and controlled. The third line is responsible for assessing the effectiveness of the first and second lines as it relates to managing risk and providing reporting to the Board of Directors and management.

SSBTC's liquidity risk management is underpinned by few key components, including but not limited to, intraday and intercompany liquidity management, liquidity risk limit framework, stress testing and contingency funding plan. All of these management processes/ tools are subject to internal standard governance process to ensure the robustness and SSBTC's business and risk profile is reflected. Under SSBTC's overarching framework, the Branch employs conservative liquidity risk measures and business practices to ensure that sufficient funds exist to replace maturing liabilities, accommodate customers' transaction and cash management requirements, meet other funding obligations, adhere within the risk appetite tolerance levels established by the Board of Directors and meet liquidity regulatory requirements.

The liquidity risk at the Branch, like SSBTC as a whole, stems from the possibility of a large-scale deposit loss, increases in client funding requirements, and the loss of wholesale funding availability. Under the current risk management framework, liquidity related risk limits, early warning indicators, guidelines and measures have been established and these metrics measuring the status of liquidity healthiness and related liquidity drivers are monitored daily at a global level which incorporates the Hong Kong Branch's balance sheet, as well as at branch level. Furthermore, SSBTC runs regular stress tests based on various crisis scenarios which stress the balance sheet and



SSBTC's ability to access wholesale funding. As a part of SSBTC, the Branch's balance sheet is incorporated into the assumptions used in these scenarios. The Branch addresses and manages potential liquidity risks arising from funding and market crisis by building sufficient liquidity buffers achieved through the global internal risk management practices.

SSBTC develops its liquidity management strategy in a global context. While branches and banking subsidiaries are an important source of stable funding, such entities may also rely on liquidity from SSBTC to support a special liquidity need or a crisis that may impact local operations. SSBTC's centralized approach to liquidity management assures that ample liquidity is available to fund its branches and certain wholly owned subsidiaries during times of stress.

Liquidity Risk Management Approach - Quantitative

The Branch has established a liquidity metric framework that includes measurement tools and the associated thresholds to assess its balance sheet and liquidity positions. The tools include internal metrics that:

- Act as buffers on top of the regulatory minimum requirements
- Assess the volatility in sources of funding which are mainly from client deposits and intracompany transactions
- Project and stress future cash flows based on maturity buckets and liquidity gaps

The internal liquidity metrics are reported on a regular basis by the first line, monitored and reviewed by the second line and senior management. Thresholds have been calibrated to alert the management of any potential liquidity shortfalls. The exception reporting and escalation procedures are defined in the Branch's Liquidity Risk Guidelines.



Liquidity Risk Management Approach - Quantitative (continued)

On- and Off-Balance Sheet is based on return "Asset and Liabilities" (MA (BS) 1) with additional information on Off-Balance Sheet obligations.

On and Off - Balance Sheet

As of Dec 31, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent

(In Millions) On-Balance Sheet liabilities	<u>Total</u> amount	Within 1 month	Between 1 to 3months	Over 3 months	Others
Capital and reserves	316	-	2	249	67
Due to Exchange Fund	120	120	=	-	12
Deposits from customers	19,559	19,559	~	_	
Due to Banks	44,419	37,202	7,217	-	-
Other liabilities	2,184	2,128		56	- H
Total	66,598	59,009	7,217	305	67
Off-Balance Sheet obligations					
Contingent obligations and commitments		-	*	2	-
Exchange rate-related derivative contracts	4,516,122	2,324,146	1,545,722	646,254	(5)
Interest rate contracts	169,325	2=	89,157	80,168	
Total	4,685,447	2,324,146	1,634,879	726,422	9
On-Balance Sheet assets Loans and advances to customers Due from banks Government Exchange Fund Bill Fixed Assets	146 57,649 5,472	146 57,637 1,199	12 3,086	1,187	21 21 22
Other assets	3,331	3,314	_	12	5
Total	66,598	62,296	3,098	1,199	5
Off-Balance Sheet claims Contingent claims and commitments Exchange rate-related derivative	- 4,516,231	2,323,922	- 1,545,664	- 646,645	•/ 60
contracts Interest rate contracts	161,154	, •	87,596	73,558	-
Total	4,677,385	2,323,922	1,633,260	720,203	19 50
Contractual Maturity Mismatch	æ	3,063	(5,738)	(5,325)	(62)
Cumulative Contractual Maturity Mismatch	*	3,063	(2,675)	(8,000)	(8,062)



VII. Disclosure on Remuneration

Pursuant to section 3 of Supervisory Policy Manual (CG-5) 'Guideline on a Sound Remuneration System' issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority, State Street Bank and Trust Company, Hong Kong Branch has developed a remuneration disclosure that provides detailed information on the remuneration system, policies and practices. It is available at the link below:

https://www.statestreet.com/disclosures-and-disclaimers/hk/legal-disclosure

Section B - State Street Corporation Information (consolidated basis)

			Dec 31, 2022 <u>HK\$ Equivalent</u> (In Millions)	Jun 30, 2022 <u>HK\$ Equivalent</u> (In Millions)	Dec 31, 2021 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)
I.		ital and Capital Adequacy (In acco Basel Capital Accord)	ordance with		
	i. ii. iii. iv. v. vi.	Tier 1 capital Total capital Leverage ratio Tier 1 capital Total capital Total amount of shareholders' funds	15.70% 17.00% 6.00% 128,843 139,573 196,434	15.30% 16.50% 6.00% 132,265 143,101 202,164	16.10% 17.50% 6.10% 139,737 152,118 213,336
II.	Othe i. ii. iii. iv.	er Financial Information Total assets Total liabilities Total loans and advances Total deposits (Note 8)	2,350,648 2,154,214 249,943 1,836,102	2,355,506 2,153,342 262,601 1,898,014	2,452,974 2,239,638 252,958 1,988,387
		la accesa hafara isanana kan	Year ended Dec 31, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)	Six months ended Jun 30, 2022 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)	Year ended Dec 31, 2021 HK\$ Equivalent (In Millions)
	٧.	Income before income tax	26,054	12,436	24,648

^{8.} Total customer deposit balances were not available in the consolidated financial statements. Disclosure is made pursuant to subsection (2) under section 106 of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules.



DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE

I confirm that the information disclosed in our statement fully complies with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules and Supervisory Policy Manual "Guideline on the Application of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules".

Pauline Wong

Chief Executive of

State Street Bank & Trust Company, Hong Kong Branch

April 28, 2023