



# MIZUHO BANK, LTD.

## 財務資料披露報告

### Financial Information Disclosure Statement

#### 甲部份—香港分行資料

瑞穗銀行(「本銀行」)為一家於日本註冊成立之有限責任公司。  
本銀行之主要業務是提供銀行及相關金融服務。

#### 損益結算表

截至二零二一年三月三十一日

#### Section A - Hong Kong Branch Information

Mizuho Bank, Ltd. (the "Bank") is Incorporated in Japan with Limited Liability.  
The Bank's principal activities are the provision of banking and related financial services.

#### Profit and loss account

For the year ended 31 March 2021

		31-03-2021		31-03-2020
		港幣千元		港幣千元
		HKD'000		HKD'000
利息收入	Interest income	10,591,619		14,098,425
利息支出	Interest expense	9,193,963		13,636,366
淨利息收入	Net interest income		1,397,656	462,059
外匯買賣淨(虧損)/溢利	Net (loss)/gain arising from trading in foreign currencies	322,216		(37,874)
其他買賣淨(虧損)/溢利	Net (loss)/gain from other trading activities	(145,776)		452,514
收費及佣金收入	Fees and commission income	382,719		620,648
收費及佣金支出	Fees and commission expense	-		-
其他	Others	101,976		434,684
其他經營收入	Other operating income		661,135	1,469,972
職員及租金支出	Staff and rental expenses	666,044		638,597
其他支出	Other expenses	150,458		143,534
其他準備金回撥	Net release for other provisions	-		-
經營支出	Operating expenses		816,502	782,131
<b>虧損及撥備前之經營溢利</b>	<b>Operating profit before Impairment losses and provisions</b>		<b>1,242,289</b>	<b>1,149,900</b>
虧損與已虧損之貸款及應收帳項準備金(準備)/回撥	(Charge) / Release of Impairment losses and provisions for impaired loans and receivables		(141,695)	(102,132)
<b>經營溢利</b>	<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>1,100,594</b>	<b>1,047,768</b>
出售物業、廠房與設備及投資物業虧損/溢利	Loss/gain from the disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment properties		29	(3)
<b>除稅前溢利</b>	<b>Profit before taxation</b>		<b>1,100,623</b>	<b>1,047,765</b>
稅項支出	Tax Expense		(195,938)	(122,368)
<b>除稅後溢利</b>	<b>Profit after taxation</b>		<b>904,685</b>	<b>925,397</b>

**資產負債表**
**資產**

現金及短期資金 (不包括存放於機構之海外辦事處金額)
存放於其他銀行之一至十二個月到期存款 (不包括存放於機構之海外辦事處金額)
存放於機構之海外辦事處金額
貿易票據
持有存款証
貸款及應收帳項
給予客戶之貸款及放款
給予銀行之貸款及放款
累計利息及其他帳項
已虧損之貸款及應收帳項準備金撥備

投資証券
其他投資
物業、廠房與設備及投資物業
<b>資產總額</b>

**負債**

其他銀行及金融機構之存款及結餘 (不包括存放於機構之海外辦事處金額)
客戶存款
活期存款及往來帳戶
儲蓄存款
定期存款及通知存款

欠機構海外辦事處之金額
已發行存款証
其他負債
<b>負債總額</b>

**Balance sheet**
**Assets**

	31-03-2021 港幣千元 HKD'000	30-09-2020 港幣千元 HKD'000
Cash and short term funds (except those included in amount due from overseas offices of the institution)	9,207,322	15,065,368
Placements with banks maturing between one and twelve months (except those included in amount due from overseas offices)	7,563,503	15,118,455
Amount due from overseas offices of the institution	234,694,820	258,399,963
Trade bills	2,445,658	1,727,728
Certificates of deposit held	-	-
Loans & receivables		
Loans & Advances to customers	215,837,310	233,308,056
Loans & Advances to banks	-	367,000
Accrued interest and other accounts	17,287,120	20,157,315
Provisions for impaired loans & receivables	(304,882)	(242,529)

Investment securities	35,018,936	34,396,256
Other investments	13,693	14,418
Property, plant and equipment and investment properties	229,347	258,079
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>521,992,827</b>	<b>578,570,109</b>

**Liabilities**

Deposits and balances of banks and other financial institutions (except those included in amount due to overseas offices of the institution)	54,088,375	60,288,505
Deposits from customers		
Demand deposits and current accounts	4,571,622	4,948,183
Saving deposits	18,486,317	17,400,510
Time, call and notice deposits	56,429,878	84,742,846

Amount due to overseas offices of the institution	308,772,240	339,920,569
Certificates of deposit issued	58,836,572	47,632,484
Other liabilities	20,807,823	23,637,012
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>521,992,827</b>	<b>578,570,109</b>

## 資產負債表附加資料

### 於總行為香港分行所撥備之準備金

- 屬一般性質
- 屬特殊性質

### 註銷 / 準備金

本行會根據內部註銷和撥備指引為綜合附屬公司維持準備金:

#### 一 普通貸款人

估計不履行債務金額是按照未來一年度在各貸款人評級下，無法償還貸款之機會計算，並適當撥備一般性質之準備金。

#### 二 需要控制之貸款人

估計不履行債務金額是按照未來三年度在各貸款人評級下，無法償還貸款之機會計算，並適當撥備一般性質之準備金。此外，倘需要特別關注之貸款人之未償還貸款超過特定金額，若將來從本金及利息所得之現金流量可被合理地估計，成立一個以現金流量現值計算之撥備。

#### 三 密切監察之貸款人

特殊準備之撥備在扣除預計可從貸款抵押品銷售之回收款項及預計從貸款擔保人之回收款項後，可根據以下其中一個方法計算：  
 一) 金額根據貸款人之全面還款能力計算。  
 二) 估計不履行債務金額是按照不履行債務結餘及其未來三年無法償還貸款之機會而計算。此外，倘需要特別關注之貸款人之未償還貸款超過特定金額，若將來從本金及利息所得之現金流量可被合理地估計，成立一個以現金流量現值計算之撥備。

#### 四 瀕臨破產之客戶

金額以債務結餘扣除預計可從貸款抵押品銷售之回收款項及預計從貸款擔保人之回收款項後作特殊準備之撥備，或全數直接註銷。

#### 五 破產之客戶

金額以債務結餘扣除預計可從貸款抵押品銷售之回收款項及預計從貸款擔保人之回收款項後作特殊準備之撥備，或全數直接註銷。

## Additional balance sheet information

	31-03-2021	30-09-2020
	港幣千元 HKD'000	港幣千元 HKD'000
<b>Provision for bad and doubtful debts booked at head office</b>		
General provision	189,327	242,013
Specific provision	197,808	94,805
<b>Total</b>	<b>387,135</b>	<b>336,818</b>

### Write-offs/Provisions

Reserves for Possible Losses on Loans of major domestic consolidated subsidiaries are maintained in accordance with internally established standards for write-offs and reserve provisions:

#### 1 Normal Obligor

Calculate the value of estimated loss based on the probability of failure over the coming year for loans by obligor rating and appropriate it for the General Reserve for Possible Losses on Loans.

#### 2 Watch Obligor

Calculate the estimated loss on loans based on the probability of failure over the next three years and appropriate it for the General Reserve for Possible Losses on Loans. Further, in regard to Special Attention Obligor, for obligors with large claims more than a certain amount, if the cash flow from the return of principal and interest payments can reasonably be estimated, set up a reserve under the discounted cash flow method.

#### 3 Intensive Control Obligor

Provide an amount for Specific Reserve for Possible Losses on Loans as calculated by one of the following methods after deducting amounts anticipated to be recoverable from the sale of collateral held against the claims and from guarantors of the claims a.) an amount calculated based on the overall ability of the obligor to pay or b.) the estimated loss calculated on the basis of the balance and the probability of failure over the next three years.  
 Further, for obligors with large claims more than a certain amount, if the cash flow from the return of principal and interest payments can reasonably be estimated, set up a reserve under the discounted cash flow method.

#### 4 Substantially Bankrupt Obligor

Provide the entire balance after deducting amounts anticipated to be recoverable from the sale of collateral held against the claims and from guarantors of the claims for Specific Reserve for Possible Losses on Loans, or written-off the entire balance.

#### 5 Bankrupt Obligor

Provide the entire balance after deducting amounts anticipated to be recoverable from the sale of collateral held against the claims and from guarantors of the claims for Specific Reserve for Possible Losses on Loans, or written-off the entire balance.

(1) 不履行貸款:

(1) Non-performing advances:

		31-03-2021		30-09-2020	
		港幣千元	佔客戶貸款 之百分比 % of total advances to customers	港幣千元	佔客戶貸款 之百分比 % of total advances to customers
		HKD'000		HKD'000	
<u>客戶貸款</u>	<u>Advances to customers</u>				
已停止累計利息之客戶貸款	Advances to customers on which interest accrual has ceased	716,289	0.33%	461,123	0.20%
特殊準備金	Specific provision	(304,882)		(242,529)	
		<u>411,407</u>		<u>218,594</u>	
不履行貸款有抵押部分的抵押品市 場價值	Market value of collateral held against the covered portion of non-performing advances	<u>1,300</u>		<u>1,343</u>	
不履行貸款有抵押部分	Covered portion of non-performing advances	<u>1,300</u>		<u>1,343</u>	
不履行貸款無抵押部分	Uncovered portion of non-performing advances	<u>714,989</u>		<u>459,780</u>	
不履行貸款指利息記入暫記帳或已 停止累計利息的客戶貸款及墊款。	Non-performing advances are loans and advances to customers on which interest has been placed in suspense or on which interest accrual has ceased.				
於二零二一年三月三十一日，沒有 任何不履行之銀行貸款。 (二零二零年九月三十日：無)	There is no non-performing advance to banks as at 31 March 2021. (30 September 2020 : HK\$Nil).				

**(2) 已逾期之客戶貸款****(2) Overdue customer loans and advances**

(I) 逾期客戶貸款額：

(I) The gross amount of loans and advances to customers which have been overdue for:

	31-03-2021			30-09-2020		
	逾期貸款 港幣千元 Overdue loans and advances HKD'000	佔客戶貸款 之百分比 % of total loans and advances to customers	特殊準備 港幣千元 Specific provision HKD'000	逾期貸款 港幣千元 Overdue loans and advances HKD'000	佔客戶貸款 之百分比 % of total loans and advances to customers	特殊準備 港幣千元 Specific provision HKD'000
三個月以上至六個月	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	-
六個月以上至一年	57,535	0.03%	57,535	-	0.00%	-
一年以上	110,645	0.05%	110,645	110,312	0.05%	110,312
<b>總額</b>	<b>168,180</b>	<b>0.08%</b>	<b>168,180</b>	<b>110,312</b>	<b>0.05%</b>	<b>110,312</b>

(II) 於二零二一年三月三十一日，沒有任何逾期之銀行貸款。  
(二零二零年九月三十日：無)(II) There is no overdue loan and advance to banks as at 31 March 2021.  
(30 September 2020 : HK\$Nil).(III) 於二零二一年三月三十一日，逾期之貸款並沒有任何抵押品。  
(二零二零年九月三十日：無)(III) No collateral is held against the overdue loans and advances as at 31 March 2021.  
(30 September 2020 : HK\$Nil)

**(3) 重組之貸款及放款**

經重組之貸款款額：

**(3) Rescheduled loans and advances**

The gross amount of rescheduled assets:

		31-03-2021		30-09-2020	
		經重組資產 港幣千元 Rescheduled assets HKD'000	佔客戶貸款 之百分比 % of total loans and advances to customers	經重組資產 港幣千元 Rescheduled assets HKD'000	佔客戶貸款 之百分比 % of total loans and advances to customers
沒有逾期	no overdue	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
三個月或以下	three months or less	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
三個月以上至六個月	six months or less but over three months	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
總額	Total	-	0.00%	-	0.00%

於二零二一年三月三十一日，沒有任何重組之銀行貸款及放款。  
(二零二零年九月三十日：無)

There is no rescheduled loan and advance to banks as at 31 March 2021.  
(30 September 2020 : HK\$Nil).

**(4) 其他逾期資產****(4) Other overdue asset**

		31-03-2021		30-09-2020	
		逾期資產 港幣千元 Overdue assets HKD'000		逾期資產 港幣千元 Overdue assets HKD'000	
貿易票據	Trade bills				
三個月以上至六個月	six months or less but over three months	-		-	
六個月以上至一年	one year or less but over six months	-		-	
一年以上	over one year	-		-	
總額	Total	-		-	

**(5) 收回資產**

於二零二一年三月三十一日，沒有持有任何收回資產。  
(二零二零年九月三十日：無)

**(5) Repossessed Assets**

There is no repossessed asset held as at 31 March 2021  
(30 September 2020 : HK\$Nil).

**(6) 資產負債表以外之項目****或然負債及承擔**

以下是各類重大或然負債及承擔之合約金額概要：

		31-03-2021	30-09-2020
		港幣千元 HKD'000	港幣千元 HKD'000
直接信貸替代項目	Direct credit substitutes	5,198,976	4,983,832
與交易有關之或然項目	Transaction-related contingencies	1,576,751	1,585,086
與貿易有關之或然項目	Trade-related contingencies	5,497,416	3,418,786
其他承擔	Other commitments	73,212,017	80,989,697
<b>總額</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>85,485,160</b>	<b>90,977,401</b>

**衍生工具**

以下是各種主要衍生工具之名義金額及總公平價值概要：

名義金額	Notional Amounts	31-03-2021		30-09-2020	
		港幣千元 HKD'000	港幣千元 HKD'000	港幣千元 HKD'000	港幣千元 HKD'000
匯率合約 (不包括由掉期存款安排之遠期外幣兌換合約)	Exchange rate contracts (exclude forward foreign exchange contracts arising from swap deposit arrangements)	821,872,101	787,532,301	803,475,896	708,108,484
利率合約	Interest rate contracts	1,609,404,402	1,511,584,380		
<b>總額</b>	<b>Total</b>				
公平價值總額	Total fair value	31-03-2021		30-09-2020	
		資產 港幣千元 Assets HKD'000	負債 港幣千元 Liabilities HKD'000	資產 港幣千元 Assets HKD'000	負債 港幣千元 Liabilities HKD'000
匯率合約 (不包括由掉期存款安排之遠期外幣兌換合約)	Exchange rate contracts (exclude forward foreign exchange contracts arising from swap deposit arrangements)	7,123,374	7,788,998	4,316,030	4,974,771
利率合約	Interest rate contracts	8,794,371	8,833,079	13,479,687	13,462,721
<b>總額</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>15,917,745</b>	<b>16,622,077</b>	<b>17,795,717</b>	<b>18,437,492</b>

截至二零二一年三月三十一日本分行未有雙邊淨額結算安排。  
(二零二零年九月三十日：無)

**(6) Off-balance sheet exposures****Contingent liabilities and commitments**

The following is a summary of the contractual amounts of each significant class of contingent liabilities and commitments.

**Derivatives**

The following is a summary of the notional amounts & aggregate fair value of derivatives entered into by the institution.

No bilateral netting arrangement for derivatives has been made for the period ended 31 March 2021.  
(30 September 2020 : HK\$Nil).

## (7) 分類資料 - 按照行業類別細分之客戶貸款

客戶貸款之行業類別是按該等貸款之用途分類及未減除任何準備,其金額如下:

## (7) Sector Information - advances to customers by Industry sectors

The information concerning advances to customers by industry sectors has been classified according to the usage of the loan and is stated gross of any provision as follows:

		31-03-2021	31-03-2021	30-09-2020	30-09-2020
	客戶貸款	抵押品價值各行業	抵押品價值各行業	客戶貸款	抵押品價值各行業
	港幣千元	分類貸款額比率	分類貸款額比率	港幣千元	分類貸款額比率
	Advance	百分比	百分比	Advance	百分比
	to customers	The percentage of gross	advances for each	to customers	The percentage of gross
		industry sector covered	industry sector covered		industry sector covered
		by collateral	by collateral		by collateral
	HKD'000	%	%	HKD'000	%
<b>在香港使用之貸款</b>	<b>Loans for use in Hong Kong</b>				
工業、商業及金融	Industrial, commercial and financial				
物業發展	Property development	18,139,221	1	14,630,021	1
物業投資	Property investment	17,647,447	-	22,245,060	-
金融企業	Financial concerns	38,924,245	7	38,458,852	7
批發及零售貿易	Wholesale and retail trade	9,360,166	4	9,543,291	6
製造業	Manufacturing	4,626,687	-	3,858,610	-
運輸及運輸設備	Transport and transport equipment	9,017,673	9	10,536,206	7
土木工程	Civil Engineering	243,604	-	10,400	-
電力及氣體燃料	Electricity and gas	10,301,211	-	10,222,928	-
酒店、宿舍及膳食	Hotel, boarding houses & catering	3,211,773	21	2,241,523	38
資訊科技	Information Technology	5,216,981	-	9,466,275	-
股票經紀	Stockbrokers	1,069,986	2	2,796,962	1
其他	Others	8,037,219	5	4,490,844	5
個人	Individuals				
其他	Others	30,220	100	37,780	100
<b>貿易融資</b>	<b>Trade finance</b>	3,913,770	-	2,133,868	-
<b>在香港以外使用之貸款</b>	<b>Loans for use outside Hong Kong</b>	86,097,107	2	102,635,436	2
<b>總額</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>215,837,310</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>233,308,056</b>	<b>3</b>



**(6) 分類資料 - 按照交易對手所在地細分之客戶貸款**

依照客戶所在之地區，經計入轉移風險後之客戶貸款，逾期客戶貸款及不履行貸款等所在主要地區類別細分如下：

**(6) Sector Information - advances to customers by geographical areas**

The following are advances to customers, overdue advances and non-performing advances by geographical areas which are classified according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk.

	31-03-2021			30-09-2020		
	客戶貸款	逾期客戶貸款	不履行貸款	客戶貸款	逾期客戶貸款	不履行貸款
	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
	Advances to customers HKD'000	Overdue Advances HKD'000	Non-performing Advances HKD'000	Advances to customers HKD'000	Overdue Advances HKD'000	Non-performing Advances HKD'000
日本	6,642,658	110,645	133,711	8,431,308	110,312	401,323
香港	151,164,172	57,535	582,578	159,462,381	-	59,800
中國	46,483,823	-	-	52,835,667	-	-
其他地區	11,546,657	-	-	12,578,700	-	-
總額	215,837,310	168,180	716,289	233,308,056	110,312	461,123

(9) 國際債權

以下計算經已顧及轉移風險之因素。個別國家或區域其已計及風險轉移後佔國際債權總額百分之十或以上之債權總額詳列如下：

(9) International claims

The calculation was made after taking into account the transfer of risk. Claims on individual countries or areas, after risk transfer, amounting to 10 per cent or more of the aggregate international claims are shown as follows:

		31-03-2021					
		非銀行私營機構					
		'Non-bank private sector					
		銀行	公營機構	非銀行金融機構	非金融私營機構	其他	總額
		Banks	Official Sector	Non-bank financial institutions	Non-financial private sector	Others	Total
		HKD in million					
1. 發達國家	Developed countries	246,681	3	2,818	18,347	-	267,849
日本	of which Japan	245,186	2	1,483	5,167	-	251,838
境外中心	Offshore centres	1,714	-	16,171	66,567	-	84,452
香港	of which Hong Kong	412	-	15,411	63,050	-	78,873
歐洲發展中國家	Developing Europe	-	-	-	-	-	-
拉丁美洲及加勒比海發展中國家	Developing Latin America and Caribbean	1	-	-	-	-	1
非洲及中東發展中國家	Developing Africa and Middle East	69	-	-	-	-	69
亞太區發展中國家	Developing Asia-Pacific	3,932	2	17,863	33,047	-	54,844
中國	of which China	2,925	2	17,863	29,967	-	50,757
國際組織	International organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-
總額	Total	252,397	5	36,852	117,961	-	407,215

  

		30-09-2020					
		非銀行私營機構					
		'Non-bank private sector					
		銀行	公營機構	非銀行金融機構	非金融私營機構	其他	總額
		Banks	Official Sector	Non-bank financial institutions	Non-financial private sector	Others	Total
		HKD in million					
發達國家	Developed countries	276,108	4	3,082	20,642	-	299,836
日本	of which Japan	275,804	3	1,714	6,727	-	284,248
境外中心	Offshore centres	515	-	16,040	68,143	-	84,698
香港	of which Hong Kong	331	-	15,283	64,559	-	80,173
歐洲發展中國家	Developing Europe	-	-	-	-	-	-
拉丁美洲及加勒比海發展中國家	Developing Latin America and Caribbean	1	-	-	-	-	1
非洲及中東發展中國家	Developing Africa and Middle East	251	-	-	-	-	251
亞太區發展中國家	Developing Asia-Pacific	13,347	2	19,721	37,176	-	70,246
中國	of which China	12,786	2	19,721	33,870	-	66,379
國際組織	International organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-
總額	Total	290,222	6	38,843	125,961	-	455,032

**(10) 對內地非銀行對手方的披露**

根據銀行業(披露)規則,以下對內地非銀行對手方的披露乃參照金管局有關報表所列之機構類別及直接風險之類別以分類。

**(10) Mainland Activities Disclosures**

The analysis of Mainland Activities is based on the categories of non-bank counterparties and the type of direct exposures defined by the HKMA under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules with reference to the HKMA Return of Mainland Activities.

		31-03-2021		
客戶類別	Type of Counterparties	資產負債表內的風險承擔口 On-balance sheet exposure HKD'000	資產負債表外的風險承擔 Off-balance sheet exposure HKD'000	總風險承擔 Total exposures HKD'000
中央政府, 中央政府所擁有之公司, 以及其子公司及合資企業	Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	49,559,885	13,968,300	63,528,185
地方政府, 地方政府所擁有之公司, 以及其子公司及合資企業	Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	11,908,704	540,320	12,449,024
居住於中國內地之中華人民共和國公民及其他內地公司, 以及其子公司及合資企業	PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	26,049,255	8,762,020	34,811,275
其他中央政府企業	Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	960,657	627,899	1,588,556
其他地方政府企業	Other entities of local government not reported in item 2 above	1,708,933	-	1,708,933
對非居住於中國內地之中華人民共和國公民及非內地公司, 而涉及的貸款於中國內地使用	PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	27,990,494	9,622,303	37,612,797
其他	Other counterparties the exposures to whom are considered by the AI to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	-	-	-
<b>總額</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>118,177,928</b>	<b>33,520,842</b>	<b>151,698,770</b>
扣除準備金撥備後之資產總額	Total assets after provision	521,992,827		
資產負債表內的風險額於資產總額中所佔百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	22.64%		
		30-09-2020		
客戶類別	Type of Counterparties	資產負債表內的風險承擔口 On-balance sheet exposure HKD'000	資產負債表外的風險承擔 Off-balance sheet exposure HKD'000	總風險承擔 Total exposures HKD'000
中央政府, 中央政府所擁有之公司, 以及其子公司及合資企業	Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	53,210,991	6,903,274	60,114,265
地方政府, 地方政府所擁有之公司, 以及其子公司及合資企業	Local governments, local government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	10,707,180	1,139,566	11,846,746
居住於中國內地之中華人民共和國公民及其他內地公司, 以及其子公司及合資企業	PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	21,504,092	8,932,291	30,436,383
其他中央政府企業	Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	1,383,240	199,420	1,582,660
其他地方政府企業	Other entities of local government not reported in item 2 above	2,997,256	-	2,997,256
對非居住於中國內地之中華人民共和國公民及非內地公司, 而涉及的貸款於中國內地使用	PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	35,394,623	9,759,512	45,154,135
其他	Other counterparties the exposures to whom are considered by the AI to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	-	-	-
<b>總額</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>125,197,382</b>	<b>26,934,063</b>	<b>152,131,445</b>
扣除準備金撥備後之資產總額	Total assets after provision	578,570,109		
資產負債表內的風險額於資產總額中所佔百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	21.64%		

**(11) 貨幣風險****(11) Currency risk**

		31-03-2021 港幣百萬 HKD in million					
		美元 USD	英磅 GBP	日元 JPY	人民幣 CNY	歐元 EUR	總額 Total
現貨資產	Spot assets	280,754	2,342	90,541	3,599	12,551	389,787
現貨負債	Spot liabilities	(338,667)	(2,332)	(90,306)	(2,250)	(12,525)	(446,080)
遠期買入	Forward purchases	425,825	3,273	14,856	164,366	9,763	618,083
遠期賣出	Forward sales	(365,323)	(3,279)	(15,106)	(165,726)	(9,860)	(559,294)
期權盤淨額	Net option position	4	-	(4)	-	-	-
長 ( 短 ) 盤淨額	Net long / (short) position	<u>2,593</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>(19)</u>	<u>(11)</u>	<u>(71)</u>	<u>2,496</u>

		30-09-2020 港幣百萬 HKD in million					
		美元 USD	英磅 GBP	日元 JPY	人民幣 CNY	歐元 EUR	總額 Total
現貨資產	Spot assets	319,887	1,662	96,761	10,904	10,698	439,912
現貨負債	Spot liabilities	(369,678)	(1,648)	(96,341)	(12,196)	(10,688)	(490,551)
遠期買入	Forward purchases	419,026	3,488	7,961	149,200	12,068	591,743
遠期賣出	Forward sales	(365,273)	(3,725)	(8,445)	(147,921)	(12,202)	(537,566)
期權盤淨額	Net option position	(60)	(4)	(15)	-	73	(6)
長 ( 短 ) 盤淨額	Net long / (short) position	<u>3,902</u>	<u>(227)</u>	<u>(79)</u>	<u>(13)</u>	<u>(51)</u>	<u>3,532</u>

## 附註:

於二零二一年三月三十一日，沒有持有結構性倉盤額。

(二零二零年九月三十日：無)

期權淨持倉量是根據其期權合約的得爾塔加權持倉量來計算。

## Notes:

There is no structural position held as at 31 March 2021.

(30 September 2020 : HK\$Nil).

Net options position is calculated on the basis of the delta-weighted position of the options contracts.

## (12) 流動資金風險管理

流動資金風險乃本行因財務狀況惡化或其他原因，未能取得必要資金履行付款責任之風險，後果可能是未能符合現金流之需要或因此需要繳付更高利息以取得所需資金所承受之損失。

為適時準確地確定本行之實際流動資金風險及實行正確方法管理流動資金風險，本行已訂立流動資金風險管理政策並列明於總行及本行的基本政策，詳細規則及程序中。

本行是根據總行的政策及程序中列明的全球性規則及企業級監控及管理架構，以及本土的經濟環境及條件，從而制定流動資金的策略及目標。

總行的流動資金風險管理主要由總行高級管理層，包括董事會，公司主席及市場風險及資產負債管理委員會負責。本行的流動資金風險管理策略是由香港司庫部門負責執行，而風險管理部門則負責整體的流動資金之風險監控，報告，及分析。

本行的市場風險及資產負債管理委員會由本地管理層，香港司庫部門及風險管理部門組成，並舉行定期及非定期會議以檢視及商議有關流動資金風險管理之重要事宜。

本集團資金策略規定維持充裕的高流動性資產以符合流動資金緊急時的資金需要。對於關聯方交易，本公司採取與第三者交易同樣的審慎處理政策，並包含於逾期錯配計算及錯配限額的監控中。

本行對於流動資金風險的管理包括以下各項：

- 舉行定期市場風險及資產負債管理委員會會議；
- 對有可能發生的流動資金風險設立預警；
- 按照內部及監管機構的規定，監控資產負債的流動資金比率；
- 設立資金錯配限額以控制現金流的錯配
- 定期實行資金應變計劃中的對策排演；
- 定期為流動資金狀況進行壓力測試，包括普通市場危機情景，機構特定危機情景及上述二者共同發生之情景；
- 執行日內的流動資金風險管理，方式包括預先設立每日貸款額度及日內回購等措施，以確保本行時刻保持充足流動資金；
- 監察資產負債表中主要項目之變動，持續時期及比例；
- 監察存戶或資金的集中程度，以防止過份依賴個別大額存戶或資金來源；及
- 透過借貸及還款比率管理長短線資金；

由二零一五年度開始，平均流動性維持比率根據香港金融管理局要求採立第2類機構計算。

第一季平均流動性維持比率

第二季平均流動性維持比率

第三季平均流動性維持比率

第四季平均流動性維持比率

本分行在二零二零及二零一九年度之平均流動性維持比率是本分行在該年內每季之每月平均流動性維持比率之平均數。

其計算符合香港金融管理局訂定之綜合基準。

由二零一八年度開始，核心資金比率根據香港金融管理局要求採立第2A類機構計算

第一季平均核心資金比率

第二季平均核心資金比率

第三季平均核心資金比率

第四季平均核心資金比率

本分行在二零二零及二零一九年度之平均核心資金比率是本分行在該年內每季之每月平均核心資金比率之平均數。

其計算符合香港金融管理局訂定之綜合基準。

## (12) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Bank will be unable to secure necessary funding due to deteriorating financial condition or a similar reason, and will therefore be unable to meet cash flow requirements, or that it will suffer a loss because it is compelled to pay interest rates significantly higher than normal rates to secure funding.

With the objective to determine precisely and timely the location and amount of liquidity risk, and to execute proper measures against such risk, the Bank has set out the liquidity risk management framework and documented such in its fundamental policies, detailed rules and procedures at the Head Office (the "HO") and Hong Kong office levels.

Following the Head Office's policies and procedures whereby the global rules and the corporate level monitoring and management structure are set out, the Hong Kong office's policies and procedures are formulated to outline the liquidity strategy and goals specific to the local business environment and conditions.

At the Head Office, senior management including the Board of Directors, the President and members of the Market Risk & Asset and Liability Committee exercise significant management oversight regarding liquidity risk management. At Hong Kong Office, the liquidity risk management strategy is carried by the Hong Kong Treasury Division, while the Risk Management Division is responsible for the monitoring, reporting, and analyzing liquidity risk.

The Hong Kong Market Risk & Asset and Liability Committee comprising key members from local management, Hong Kong Treasury Division and Risk Management Division, conducts meeting on a regular and when necessary basis to review and deliberate important liquidity risk management matters.

It is the funding strategy to hold appropriate amount of highly liquid assets in order to meet with the liquidity needs in time of liquidity strain. It is also our prudent policy to treat intra-group companies' transactions same as other third party transactions and must be included in the calculation of open gap positions and monitored within the funding gap limits.

Below are the major liquidity risk control carried by the HK office:

- Convening regular Market Risk and ALM Committee Meeting;
- Setting early warning indicators for identifying potential vulnerabilities in liquidity risks;
- Monitoring liquidity ratios against internal and regulatory requirements;
- Setting up funding gap limits to control cash flow mismatches;
- Perform regular rehearsal for the measures as defined in the contingency funding plan;
- Performing regular stress tests, which include general market crisis scenario, institution-specific crisis scenario, and a combination of both scenarios;
- Performing intra-day liquidity management, and securing sufficient intra-day funding through various means including pre-arranged daylight facility, intra-day repo, etc.;
- Monitoring the movements, durations profile and proportion of each major item on the balance sheet;
- Monitoring diversification of deposit/funding balance to avoid over-reliance on single depositor/funding source; and
- Managing the short term and long term funding by way of ratios between borrowing and lending.

Starting from 2015, due to regulatory changes, liquidity maintenance ratio applied to category 2 financial institutions.

	FY2020	FY2019
The average liquidity maintenance ratio from Apr to Jun	66.50%	55.79%
The average liquidity maintenance ratio from Jul to Sep	54.09%	53.28%
The average liquidity maintenance ratio from Oct to Dec	51.23%	55.45%
The average liquidity maintenance ratio from Jan to Mar	53.76%	61.51%

The average liquidity maintenance ratios for FY2020 & FY2019 are the simple average of three months' average liquidity maintenance ratios for each quarter.

The calculation of the average liquidity maintenance ratio is in accordance with the guidelines of Hong Kong Monetary Authority.

Starting from 2018, due to regulatory changes, core funding ratio applied to category 2A financial institutions.

	FY2020	FY2019
The average core funding ratio from Apr to Jun	118.10%	155.98%
The average core funding ratio from Jul to Sep	109.48%	144.45%
The average core funding ratio from Oct to Dec	105.67%	116.56%
The average core funding ratio from Jan to Mar	109.92%	105.41%

The average core funding ratios for FY2020 & FY 2019 are the simple average of three months' average core funding ratios for each quarter.

The calculation of the average liquidity maintenance ratio is in accordance with the guidelines of Hong Kong Monetary Authority.

(13) 薪酬制度

為配合總行指引及維持良好企業管治，本行於二零一一年三月成立了薪酬委員會。

薪酬委員會每年最少舉行兩次會議，負責制定瑞豐銀行(香港)之薪酬福利制度，並就本行高層管理人員及主要人員之一切薪酬結事宜提出建議，以確保本行之薪酬福利制度符合有關監管機構要求。該委員會亦會至少每年檢討一次對本行薪酬福利政策是否足夠有效，及就實施情況進行獨立於本行管理層。

本行薪酬制度的主旨在於支持一種以表現掛鈎為本，從而能符合各相關人士的目標的企業文化。

於決定本行之薪酬政策時，薪酬委員會考慮本行之業務目標及策略、人事管理政策、短期及長期企業表現、市場慣例、貴商及經濟環境、風險管理政策、及監管機構之要求、總行政策等因素，並盡量平衡各相關人士之要求，包括客戶、股東、僱員及監管機構。

本行之薪酬政策適用於所有本地員工。外派人員及從其他分行借調人員則由各分行之薪酬政策處理。

簡而言之，本行之薪酬政策在尋求獎勵長期創造價值的時候，並不鼓勵過份承受風險。

本委員會可以邀請任何合適之僱員或其他有關人士出席會議，當中並成立了薪酬風險顧問小組，為薪酬委員會提供有關薪酬政策有否配合風險管理及合規事宜的意見。

於2020年度，本薪酬委員會舉行七次會議，檢討及通過於2019年度各部門之薪酬增長、業績獎勵金、及高層管理人員薪酬政策。

薪酬風險顧問小組亦於2020年6月薪酬委員會前，就2020年6月業績獎勵金之風險評估舉行一次會議。

高層管理人員及主要人員之薪酬

於2020年度，本行有28名員工被列為高層管理人員。(高層管理人員指行政總裁或以上級別。於2020年度，當中有6名員工被列為主要人員。)

關於本行高層管理人員及主要人員之薪酬於2020年度之薪酬總額資料(以固定薪金及浮動薪酬劃分)，現謹列如下：

Table with 5 columns: Compensation Category, 2020 Annual (HK\$), 2019 Annual (HK\$), and sub-columns for Non-deferred and Deferred. Rows include Fixed Remuneration (Cash) and Variable Remuneration (Cash).

按(1)2020年度內歸屬及支付;及(2)於2020年度尚未歸屬，而劃分之延付浮動薪酬總額，現謹列如下：

Table with 5 columns: Compensation Category, 2020 Annual (HK\$), 2019 Annual (HK\$), and sub-columns for 2020 and 2019 performance. Rows include Outstanding and Unvested Cash.

2020年度高層管理人員之薪酬被保留之尚未歸屬延付浮動薪酬之總額為港幣一百五十萬四千零八元正。

於2020年度，本行並無向任何高層管理人員之薪酬發放或支付保證花紅或解僱金。

(13) Remuneration System

The Remuneration Committee was established in March 2011 in accordance with our Head Office's instruction and the need for good corporate governance in the remuneration system.

The Remuneration Committee meets at least twice a year to formulate the framework of the remuneration system of MHBK, make recommendations for the compensation structure of Senior Management & Key Personnel, and ensure the operation of the remuneration system is conducted in accordance with principles set out by governing bodies or regulators. Remuneration Committee will also ensure that at least an annual review of the Bank's remuneration system & its operations is conducted independent of management.

Our remuneration package aims to support a performance-driven culture that aligns our objectives with those of stakeholders.

When determining the Bank's Remuneration Policy, the Remuneration Committee will consider its business objectives & strategies, people management policies, short & long-term corporate performance, market practices, business & economic environment, risk management policies, & regulatory requirements, Head Office policies, etc. We balance the requirements of our stakeholders: customers, shareholders, employees, & regulators.

The Remuneration Policy covers all local employees of Hong Kong Branch. Expatriates & secondees from other Branches shall be dealt with by their individual policy at Head Office or home Branch separately.

In simple terms, our Remuneration Policy seeks to reward long term value creation whilst not encouraging excessive risk-taking.

Remuneration Committee may invite any employees or other persons to attend meetings as it considers appropriate to achieve its objectives. In particular, the Remuneration Risk Advisory Group (RRAG), which is established to advise the Remuneration Committee on remuneration vis-à-vis risk & compliance issues, may attend upon invitation.

In FY 2020, Remuneration Committee held seven meeting to review and approve the salary increment, bonus pools for various depts, and compensation packages for Senior Management and others for FY 2019;

One Remuneration Risk Advisory Group (RRAG) meeting was also held to review the risk associated with the bonus pools for different Divisions in Hong Kong prior to the June RC meetings.

Remuneration of Senior Management and Key Personnel

There were 28 employees being classified as Senior Management during the financial year 2020. (Senior Management are those staff who are of corporate rank of Managing Director and above, including 6 staffs were categorized as Key Personnel during the financial year 2020)

Aggregate quantitative information on the remuneration for the Bank's Senior Management including key personnel during the financial year 2020, split into fixed and variable remuneration, are set out below:

Table with 5 columns: Amount of remuneration, Financial Year 2020 (HK\$), Financial Year 2019 (HK\$), and sub-columns for Non-deferred and Deferred. Rows include Fixed Remuneration (Cash) and Variable Remuneration (Cash).

Aggregate amount of deferred variable remuneration, split into (a) vested and paid during the financial year 2020 and (b) outstanding and unvested as at financial year 2020, are set out below:

Table with 5 columns: Amount of remuneration (HK\$), Financial Year 2020 (HK\$), Financial Year 2019 (HK\$), and sub-columns for Performance 2020 and Prior Performance Years. Rows include Vested and paid out with interest (Cash) and Outstanding and unvested (Cash).

The outstanding of unvested deferred variable remuneration for Senior Management at financial year 2020 was HK\$1,500,408.

No Senior Management has been awarded or paid guaranteed bonus or severance payment during the financial year 2020.

## 乙部份—銀行資料

(Mizuho Financial Group, Inc. 的賬目是根據Japan Accepted Accounting Principles 而編訂)

二零二一年三月三十一日綜合數字

### I. 資本比率

- (1) 總資本比率
- (2) 一級資本比率
- (3) 普通股本 - 一級資本比率

- (4) 資本總額
- (5) 一級資本
- (6) 普通股本 - 一級資本
- (7) 風險加權資產
- (8) 總資本要求

由二零一二年開始, 總資本比率根據監管要求採立符合國際標準的Basel III計算。

### (2) 股東資金總額

股東權益

### II. 其他財務資料

- 資產總額
- 負債總額
- 貸款總額 (包括貸款及票據貼現)
- 客戶存款總額 (包括可兌換存款証)

稅前溢利/(虧損)

### 遵從披露方案的聲明

本人, 本行之行政總裁, 聲明以上所披露之資料已完全遵從香港金融管理局監管政策手冊CA-D-1(銀行業(披露)規則的應用指引)所載之披露資料標準, 並且真確無訛亦不具誤導成份。

大貫 太一  
行政總裁, 香港分行  
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.

### 披露報表可供公眾索閱

如欲索取本披露報表的副本, 可向瑞穗銀行香港分行的接待處查詢, 地址香港九龍尖沙咀梳士巴利道18號K11 Atelier 12樓。

本披露報表的副本已存放於香港金融管理局的銀行查冊組及網站 <https://www.mizuhogroup.com/asia-pacific/hong-kong>, 供公眾查閱。

## Section B - Bank Information

(Mizuho Financial Group, Inc follows Japan Accepted Accounting Principles in preparing the accounts)

Consolidated basis as at 31 March 2021

### I. Capital Ratio (Basel III)

- (1) Total Capital Ratio
- (2) Tier 1 Capital Ratio
- (3) Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratio

- (4) Total Capital
- (5) Tier 1 Capital
- (6) Common Equity Tier 1 Capital
- (7) Risk weighted Assets
- (8) Total Required Capital (7)X8%

Starting FY2012, due to regulatory changes, Basel III is applied to financial institutions subject to international standard.

### (2) Shareholders' funds

Shareholders' funds

### II. Other financial information

- Total assets
- Total liabilities
- Total advances (including loans and bills discounted)
- Total customer deposits (including Negotiable Certificates of Deposit)

Pre-tax profit/(loss)

### Declaration of Compliance

As the Chief Executive of the Branch, I certify that the information disclosed above complies fully with the disclosure requirements as set out in the Hong Kong Monetary Authority's Supervisory Policy Manuals on CA-D-1(Guideline on the Application of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules) and is not false and misleading.

Taichi ONUKI  
Chief Executive, Hong Kong Branch  
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.

### Disclosure Statement Available to The Public

Copies of the Disclosure Statement may be obtained from the reception of Mizuho Bank, Hong Kong Branch on 12/F, K11 Atelier, 18 Salisbury Road,, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

A copy of the Disclosure Statement has been lodged with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority's Public Registry and is available on the website <https://www.mizuhogroup.com/asia-pacific/hong-kong> for public inspection.