

INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BANK OF CHINA (ASIA) LIMITED 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

Regulatory Disclosure Statement

2024 1st QUARTER

(UNAUDITED)

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1. Purpose and Basis of Consolidation

The information contained in this Regulatory Disclosure Statement (the "Statement") is for Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") to comply with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules ("BDR") (Cap. 155M) and Part 6 of the Financial Institutions (Resolution) (Loss-absorbing Capacity Requirements – Banking Sector) Rules, and does not constitute statutory financial statements.

While the Regulatory Disclosure Statement is not required to be subject to external audit, the statement has been reviewed and verified in accordance with the Group's governance processes over financial reporting and policies on disclosures.

Except where indicated otherwise, the financial information contained in this Statement has been prepared on the basis of regulatory scope of consolidation specified by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA") to the Bank.

2. Key Prudential Ratios and Metrics

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a. Key Prudential Ratios (KM1)

		(HK\$′000)					
		(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)					
		31/03/2024	31/12/2023	30/09/2023	30/06/2023	31/03/2023	
	Regulatory capital (amount)	1		I		I	
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	119,178,824	116,273,462	113,376,766	113,656,329	112,619,097	
2	Tier 1	146,841,845	143,903,421	141,057,467	141,361,428	140,375,822	
3	Total capital	152,330,528	150,159,969	147,742,370	148,122,175	146,724,305	
	RWA (amount)			I.		1	
4	Total RWA	625,710,160	622,030,858	627,876,035	642,522,902	672,328,778	
	Risk-based regulatory capital ratios (as a p	ercentage of RW	A)			I	
5	CET1 ratio (%)	19.05%	18.69%	18.06%	17.69%	16.75%	
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	23.47%	23.13%	22.47%	22.00%	20.88%	
7	Total capital ratio (%)	24.35%	24.14%	23.53%	23.05%	21.83%	
	Additional CET1 buffer requirements (as a	percentage of RV	VA)	I		I	
8	Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	
9	Countercyclical capital buffer requirement (%)	0.66%	0.64%	0.67%	0.67%	0.65%	
10	Higher loss absorbency requirements (%) (applicable only to G-SIBs or D-SIBs)	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	
11	Total AI-specific CET1 buffer requirements (%)	4.16%	4.14%	4.17%	4.17%	4.15%	
12	CET1 available after meeting the Al's minimum capital requirements (%)	14.55%	14.19%	13.56%	13.19%	12.25%	
	Basel III leverage ratio						
13	Total leverage ratio (LR) exposure measure	993,738,293	976,370,799	976,873,356	974,644,412	1,022,298,594	
14	LR (%)	14.78%	14.74%	14.44%	14.50%	13.73%	
	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) / Liquidity N	Aaintenance Rati	io (LMR)				
	Applicable to category 1 institution only:						
15	Total high quality liquid assets (HQLA)	162,309,250	166,846,872	152,072,287	136,216,518	135,371,630	
16	Total net cash outflows	99,930,839	86,638,224	82,811,529	83,121,607	67,890,520	
17	LCR (%)	164.61%	198.04%	184.69%	168.05%	204.38%	
	Applicable to category 2 institution only:						
17a	LMR (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) / Core Fu	unding Ratio (CFR)					
	Applicable to category 1 institution only:						
18	Total available stable funding	573,485,855	558,705,332	556,637,149	535,922,830	545,238,097	
19	Total required stable funding	447,200,985	446,453,370	442,122,014	441,538,570	455,734,585	
20	NSFR (%)	128.24%	125.14%	125.90%	121.38%	119.64%	
	Applicable to category 2A institution only:						
20a	CFR (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

b. Key Metrics – LAC Requirements for the Group (at LAC Consolidation Group Level) (KM2(A))

		(HK\$'000)				
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
		31/03/2024	31/12/2023	30/09/2023	30/06/2023	31/03/2023
Of th	ne material entity at LAC consolidation group level					
1	Internal loss-absorbing capacity available	162,109,841	159,927,594	158,154,209	158,543,191	157,164,739
2	Risk-weighted amount under the LAC Rules	625,710,160	622,030,858	627,876,035	642,522,902	672,328,778
3	Internal LAC risk-weighted ratio	25.91%	25.71%	25.19%	24.68%	23.38%
4	Exposure measure under the LAC Rules	993,738,293	976,370,799	976,873,356	974,644,412	1,022,298,594
5	Internal LAC leverage ratio	16.31%	16.38%	16.19%	16.27%	15.37%
6a	Does the subordination exemption in the antepenultimate paragraph of Section 11 of the FSB TLAC Term Sheet apply?(Note 1)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6b	Does the subordination exemption in the penultimate paragraph of Section 11 of the FSB TLAC Term Sheet apply?(Note 1)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6c	If the capped subordination exemption applies, the amount of funding issued that ranks pari passu with excluded liabilities and that is recognised as external loss-absorbing capacity, divided by funding issued that ranks pari passu with excluded liabilities and that would be recognised as external loss-absorbing capacity if no cap was applied (Note 1)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note 1: The subordination exemptions in the antepenultimate and penultimate paragraphs of Section 11 of the Financial Stability Board ("FSB") Total Loss Absorbing Capacity ("TLAC") Term Sheet do not apply in Hong Kong under the Loss Absorbing Capacity ("LAC") Rules.

c. Key Metrics – TLAC Requirements for Non-HK Resolution Entity (at Resolution Group Level) (KM2(B))

		(HK\$ Million)				
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
		31/03/2024	31/12/2023	30/09/2023	30/06/2023	31/03/2023
Of th	ne non-HK resolution entity at resolution group level (Note 1)					
1	External loss-absorbing capacity available	5,244,648	5,185,172	4,950,726	4,818,261	5,016,821
2	Total risk-weighted amount under the relevant non-HK LAC regime	27,307,252	27,144,334	26,343,412	26,109,873	26,706,153
3	External loss-absorbing capacity as a percentage of risk-weighted amount	19.21%	19.10%	18.79%	18.45%	18.79%
4	Leverage ratio exposure measure under the relevant non-HK LAC regime	53,984,831	51,749,986	50,750,460	49,465,934	50,490,228
5	External loss-absorbing capacity as a percentage of leverage ratio exposure measure	9.72%	10.02%	9.76%	9.74%	9.94%
6a	Does the subordination exemption in the antepenultimate paragraph of Section 11 of the FSB TLAC Term Sheet apply?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6b	Does the subordination exemption in the penultimate paragraph of Section 11 of the FSB TLAC Term Sheet apply?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6c	If the capped subordination exemption applies, the amount of funding issued that ranks pari passu with excluded liabilities and that is recognised as external loss-absorbing capacity, divided by funding issued that ranks pari passu with excluded liabilities and that would be recognised as external loss-absorbing capacity if no cap was applied	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note 1: As LAC requirement under a regulatory regime in Mainland China has not yet been implemented, so the values for rows 1 to 5 are reported using the values of total regulatory capital, risk-weighted amount and leverage ratio exposure measure of the non-HK resolution entity.

3. Overview of Risk Management and RWA

Overview of Risk-Weighted Amount ("RWA") (OV1)

		(HK\$'000)			
		(a)	(b)	(c)	
		RV	VA	Minimum capital requirements	
		31/03/2024	31/12/2023	31/03/2024	
1	Credit risk for non-securitization exposures	562,137,754	562,682,208	44,971,021	
2	Of which STC approach	562,137,754	562,682,208	44,971,021	
2a	Of which BSC approach	-	-	-	
3	Of which foundation IRB approach	-	-	-	
4	Of which supervisory slotting criteria approach	-	-	-	
5	Of which advanced IRB approach	-	-	-	
6	Counterparty default risk and default fund contributions	7,985,936	6,781,371	638,875	
7	Of which SA-CCR approach	5,353,545	3,676,692	428,284	
7a	Of which CEM	-	-	-	
8	Of which IMM(CCR) approach	N/A	N/A	N/A	
9	Of which others	2,632,391	3,104,679	210,591	
10	CVA risk	1,929,813	1,699,400	154,385	
11	Equity positions in banking book under the simple risk-weight method and internal models method	-	-	-	
12	Collective investment scheme ("CIS") exposures – LTA	5,595,678	5,184,786	447,654	
13	CIS exposures – MBA	N/A	N/A	N/A	
14	CIS exposures – FBA	N/A	N/A	N/A	
14a	CIS exposures – combination of approaches	N/A	N/A	N/A	
15	Settlement risk	-	-	-	
16	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-	
17	Of which SEC-IRBA	-	-	-	
18	Of which SEC-ERBA (including IAA)	-	-	-	
19	Of which SEC-SA	-	-	-	
19a	Of which SEC-FBA	-	-	-	
20	Market risk	22,105,200	20,146,388	1,768,416	
21	Of which STM approach	22,105,200	20,146,388	1,768,416	
22	Of which IMM approach	_	-	-	
23	Capital charge for switch between exposures in trading book and banking book (not applicable before the revised market risk framework takes effect)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
24	Operational risk	24,346,163	23,929,863	1,947,693	
24a	Sovereign concentration risk	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Overview of Risk-Weighted Amount ("RWA") (OV1) (continued)

		(HK\$'000)		
		(a)	(b)	(c)
		RWA		Minimum capital requirements
		31/03/2024	31/12/2023	31/03/2024
25	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% RW)	2,072,300	2,069,525	165,784
26	Capital floor adjustment	-	-	-
26a	Deduction to RWA	462,683	462,683	37,015
26b	Of which portion of regulatory reserve for general banking risks and collective provisions which is not included in Tier 2 Capital	-	-	-
26c	Of which portion of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings which is not included in Tier 2 Capital	462,683	462,683	37,015
27	Total	625,710,161	622,030,858	50,056,813

In the first quarter of 2024, RWA of the Group amounts to HKD 625.71 billion, which is an increase of HKD 3.68 billion or 0.59% compared to the fourth quarter in 2023.

Non-securitization credit risk RWA is at HKD 562.14 billion, which is reduced by HKD 0.54 billion or 0.10% compared to the last quarter. Compared with last quarter, the 45.61% increase or an increase of HK\$1.68 billion in RWA for counterparty default risk and default fund contributions under SA-CCR approach was mainly due to the increase of the RWA from foreign exchange ("FX") rate derivative contracts and derivative contracts with netting agreements.

Other RWA items only experienced small or moderate fluctuations which were in line with business development. There was neither settlement risk, nor securitization exposure RWA on both current and last reporting dates. There was neither regulatory reserve for general banking risks nor collective provision which needed to be deducted from RWA. There was no RWA capital floor adjustment.

The Group is in compliance with the Banking (Capital) Rules to calculate RWA. The Group adopts the standardized (credit risk) approach ("STC") for the non-securitization credit risk RWA (including equity exposure and CIS exposure) calculation. In accordance with the Banking (Capital) (Amendment) Rules 2020 enacted by HKMA, the Group adopts SA-CCR approach for the calculation of counterparty credit risk exposure arising from the Bank's derivatives contracts and default risk exposure from derivatives cleared through central counterparty ("CCP"), which is implemented in the counterparty credit risk RWA calculation. The Group adopts standardized credit valuation adjustment ("CVA") method for the CVA risk RWA calculation, the standardized (market risk) approach ("STM") for the market risk RWA calculation.

4. Leverage Ratio

Leverage Ratio (LR2)

		(a)	(b)
		(HK\$'0	
		31/03/2024	31/12/2023
On-k	alance sheet exposures		- , ,
1	On-balance sheet exposures (excluding those arising from derivative contracts and		
	SFTs, but including collateral)	917,651,352	905,821,88
2	Less: Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital	(1,968,370)	(1,815,289
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivative contracts and SFTs)	915,682,982	904,006,59
Ехро	sures arising from derivative contracts		
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative contracts (where applicable net of	4.022.004	
	eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)	4,022,064	2,655,82
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative contracts	12,421,289	9,514,92
6	Gross-up for collateral provided in respect of derivative contracts where deducted		
	from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the applicable accounting framework		
7	Less: Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided under	(1,225,387)	(1,413,336
	derivative contracts	(1,223,307)	(1,-13,330
8	Less: Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures		
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit-related derivative contracts	-	
10	Less: Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written	_	
	credit-related derivative contracts		
11	Total exposures arising from derivative contracts	15,217,966	10,757,415
Ехро	sures arising from SFTs		
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting	24,153,451	13,051,19
	transactions		
13	Less: Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets	(6,665,118)	(6,031,995
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	847,814	2,647,80
15	Agent transaction exposures	-	
16	Total exposures arising from SFTs	18,336,147	9,667,00
Othe	r off-balance sheet exposures		
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	216,435,645	243,169,73
18	Less: Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	(162,178,436)	(181,026,019
19	Off-balance sheet items	54,257,209	62,143,71
Capi	tal and total exposures		
20	Tier 1 capital	146,841,845	143,903,42
20a	Total exposures before adjustments for specific and collective provisions	1,003,494,304	986,574,73
20b	Adjustments for specific and collective provisions	(9,756,011)	(10,203,939
21	Total exposures after adjustments for specific and collective provisions	993,738,293	976,370,799
Leve	rage ratio		
22	Leverage ratio	14.78%	14.74%

Leverage Ratio (LR2) (continued)

Item 4:

The replacement cost associated with all derivative contracts increased by HKD 1,366 million or an increase of 51.44% compared to last quarter due to fair value change of derivative contracts.

Item 5:

The add-on amounts for the potential future exposure ("PFE") associated with all derivative contracts increased by HKD 2,906 million or an increase of 30.55% compared to last quarter due to increase in PFE from interest rate contracts and exchange rate contracts.

Item 11(include 4 and 5):

Replacement cost associated with all derivative contracts increased by HKD 1,366 million or an increase of 51.44%. Additionally, the add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative contracts increased by HKD 2,906 million or an increase of 30.55%. As a result, total exposures arising from derivative contracts increased by HKD4,461 million or an increase of 41.46%.

Item 12:

The Gross securities financing transaction ("SFT") assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions, increased by HKD 11,102 million or an increase of 85.07% compared to last quarter due to increase in the amount of repo-style transactions.

Item 14:

Counterparty Credit Risk ("CCR") exposure for SFT assets decreased by HKD 1,800 million or a decrease of 67.98%, due to decrease in CCR from repo-style transactions.

Item 16 (include 12 and 14):

The Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions, increased by HKD 11,102 million or an increase of 85.07%. Additionally, Counterparty Credit Risk ("CCR") exposure for SFT assets decreased by HKD 1,800 million or a decrease of 67.98%. As a result, total exposures arising from SFTs increased by HKD 8,669 million or an increase of 89.68% compared to last quarter.

5. Liquidity

Liquidity Coverage Ratio – for Category 1 Institution (LIQ1)

Numb	er of data points used in calculating the average value of the LCR and related	(HK\$'0)00)
compo	onents set out in this template: (72)	(a)	(b)
Basis (of disclosure: consolidated	Unweighted value (average)	Weighted value (average)
A.	HQLA		
1	Total HQLA		162,309,25
B. (Cash outflows		
2	Retail deposits and small business funding, of which:	183,865,619	17,685,76
3	Stable retail deposits and stable small business funding	10,011,681	300,37
4	Less stable retail deposits and less stable small business funding	173,853,938	17,385,394
4a	Retail term deposits and small business term funding	-	
5	Unsecured wholesale funding (other than small business funding), and debt securities and prescribed instruments issued by the AI, of which:	310,374,529	155,734,42
6	Operational deposits	3,650,282	910,10
7	Unsecured wholesale funding (other than small business funding) not covered in row 6	306,695,525	154,795,59
8	Debt securities and prescribed instruments issued by the AI and redeemable within the LCR period	28,722	28,72
9	Secured funding transactions (including securities swap transactions)		65,88
10	Additional requirements, of which:	65,244,702	13,313,23
11	Cash outflows arising from derivative contracts and other transactions, and additional liquidity needs arising from related collateral requirements	8,575,940	7,337,85
12	Cash outflows arising from obligations under structured financing transactions and repayment of funding obtained from such transactions	-	
13	Potential drawdown of undrawn committed facilities (including committed credit facilities and committed liquidity facilities)	56,668,762	5,975,38
14	Contractual lending obligations (not otherwise covered in Section B) and other contractual cash outflows	8,316,956	8,316,95
15	Other contingent funding obligations (whether contractual or non-contractual)	408,620,233	1,879,53
16	Total Cash Outflows		196,995,80
C .	Cash Inflows		
17	Secured lending transactions (including securities swap transactions)	974,539	82,19
18	Secured and unsecured loans (other than secured lending transactions covered in row 17) and operational deposits placed at other financial institutions	116,286,096	89,073,74
19	Other cash inflows	64,399,480	7,909,01
20	Total Cash Inflows	181,660,115	97,064,96
D .	Liquidity Coverage Ratio		Adjusted value
21	Total HQLA		162,309,250

Number of data points used in calculating the average value of the LCR and related		(HK\$'000)		
components set out in this template: (72)		(a)	(b)	
Basis of	Basis of disclosure: consolidated		Weighted value (average)	
22	Total Net Cash Outflows		99,930,839	
23	LCR (%)		164.61%	

Liquidity Coverage Ratio – for Category 1 Institution (LIQ1) (continued)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio ("LCR") throughout the first quarter of 2024 meets the regulatory requirement and maintains at a safe level.

The average LCR as of the first quarter of 2024 decreased by 33.43% compared to that as of the fourth quarter of 2023. Such decrease was mainly due to reduction of HKD 4.5 billion on average in High Quality Liquid Assets ("HQLA"), of which the average Level 1 securities decreased by HKD 3.8 billion, as well as an increase of HKD 13.3 billion on average in total net cash outflows, of which the average unsecured wholesale financial institution ("FI") funding decreased by HKD 15.0 billion but the average contractual cash inflows from FI lending decreased by HKD 32.0 billion. Others resulted from the maturing impact from various kinds of assets and liabilities.

(i) Main drivers of LCR results

The change in the Bank's LCR was mainly due to the changes in HQLA position, as well as the maturing impacts from various kinds of assets and liabilities which impacts the net cash outflows.

(ii) Composition of HQLA

The Bank holds a portfolio of unencumbered HQLA which can be readily liquidated to meet cash flow obligations under stress scenarios, as defined in the LCR rules. These liquid assets consist primarily of Level 1 HQLA, such as the Hong Kong Exchange Fund Bills and Notes as well as other government debt securities, supplemented by Level 2A and 2B HQLA, such as bonds issued by highly rated corporate issuers.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio - for Category 1 Institution (LIQ1) (continued)

(iii) Concentration of funding sources

The Bank maintains a diversified funding base composed mainly by retail and corporate customer deposits, supplemented by wholesale funding including but not limited to issuance of certificates of deposit and term debts. Short-term interbank money market borrowing is also used from time to time to meet temporary funding needs. The Bank continues to expand and diversify its deposit base, and to increase the proportion of stable deposits in its overall funding pool.

(iv) Derivative exposures

The Bank closely monitors all its exchange traded and over-the-counter derivative exposures arising from customer transactions and their corresponding hedging activities. Such derivative contracts comprise mainly of foreign exchange forwards, interest rate and cross currency swaps. Collateral may be required to be posted to counterparties depending on the marked-to-market of the derivative contracts.

(v) Currency mismatch

The fundings of the Bank are mainly customer deposits and capital denominated in HKD. To meet customer loan demand, the Bank swaps surplus HKD funding into USD and other foreign currencies. This represents the major currency mismatch of the Bank.

On the other hand, the Bank covers its HKD mismatch by holding HQLA denominated in USD when necessary. This is in line with the LCR alternative liquidity approach option elected by the HKMA.

(vi) Centralization of liquidity management

The Bank has a wholly owned subsidiary in Mainland China, Chinese Mercantile Bank ("CMB"), which has set up its own liquidity risk management policy and managed liquidity risk in accordance with its local regulatory requirements. CMB calculates its own LCR, which would then be consolidated with the Bank's LCR to reflect the liquidity position on a Group basis.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio - for Category 1 Institution (LIQ1) (continued)

(vii) Approach to liquidity risk management

The Bank has established a comprehensive liquidity risk management framework in accordance with the HKMA requirements and Basel Committee on Banking Supervision guidance. The Board is ultimately responsible for liquidity risk management, with the support from the Risk Management Committee of Board of Directors, senior management committees including the Senior Executive Risk Management Committee and the Asset and Liability Committee Policies and procedures are in place, with properly approved limits and indicators in order to identify, measure and monitor liquidity risk. Stress tests are conducted regularly, and the Bank has readied the Contingency Funding Plan with detailed procedures in dealing with a potential liquidity crisis.