



創興銀行有限公司  
**Chong Hing Bank Limited**  
(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

**REGULATORY DISCLOSURES**

**30 June 2024**

**(Unaudited)**

## Table of contents

Introduction.....	2
<b>Part I : Key prudential ratios and overview of RWA</b>	
KM1: Key prudential ratios.....	3
OV1: Overview of RWA.....	4
<b>Part IIA : Composition of regulatory capital</b>	
CC1: Composition of regulatory capital.....	5-7
CC2: Reconciliation of regulatory capital to balance sheet.....	8
CCA: Main features of regulatory capital instruments.....	9
<b>Part IIB : Macroprudential supervisory measures</b>	
CCyB1: Geographical distribution of credit exposures used in countercyclical capital buffer.....	10
<b>Part IIC : Leverage ratio</b>	
LR1: Summary comparison of accounting assets against leverage ratio exposure measure.....	11
LR2: Leverage ratio.....	12
<b>Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures</b>	
CR1: Credit quality of exposures.....	13
CR2: Changes in defaulted loans and debt securities.....	14
CR3: Overview of recognized credit risk mitigation.....	15
CR4: Credit risk exposures and effects of recognized credit risk mitigation – for STC approach.....	16
CR5: Credit risk exposures by asset classes and by risk weights – for STC approach.....	17
<b>Part IV : Counterparty credit risk</b>	
CCR1: Analysis of counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by approaches.....	18
CCR2: CVA capital charge.....	19
CCR3: Counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by asset classes and by risk weights – for STC approach.....	20
CCR5: Composition of collateral for counterparty default risk exposures (including those for contracts or transactions cleared through CCPs).....	21
CCR8: Exposures to CCPs.....	22
<b>Part VI : Market risk</b>	
MR1: Market risk under STM approach.....	23
<b>Abbreviations.....</b>	<b>24</b>

## **Regulatory disclosures (unaudited)**

### **Introduction**

The information contained in this document is for Chong Hing Bank Limited ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") to comply with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules ("the BDR") made under section 60A of the Banking Ordinance. It should be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements. The banking disclosures are prepared in accordance with the BDR and disclosure templates issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("the HKMA"). It has been prepared on a consolidated basis for regulatory purposes which is different from the consolidated basis for accounting purposes. Information regarding subsidiaries that are not included in the consolidation for regulatory purpose is set out in the "Basis of Consolidation section" of the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The approaches used in calculating the Group's regulatory capital and risk-weighted assets are in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules. The Group uses the standardised (credit risk) approach to calculate its credit risk. For counterparty credit risk, the Group uses the standardised approach (counterparty credit risk) to calculate its default risk exposures. For market risk, the Group uses the standardised (market risk) approach to calculate its market risk. For operational risk, the Group uses the basic indicator approach to calculate its operational risk.

A disclosure policy has been put in place for the disclosure of material information (including inside information) relating to the businesses, state of affairs, profit or loss and capital adequacy ratio to the stakeholders and the public in compliance with the disclosure obligations required by the Banking Ordinance, the Securities and Futures Ordinance and other applicable laws, rules and regulations. The banking disclosures are governed by the Group's disclosure policy, which have been approved by the Board. The disclosure policy sets out the governance, control and assurance requirements for publication of the document. The banking disclosures are reviewed by independent party in accordance with the Group's disclosure policy.

The Group's Banking Disclosure Statement at 30 June 2024 comprises Pillar 3 information required under the framework of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. The disclosures are made in accordance with the latest BDR issued by the HKMA.

According to the BDR, disclosure of comparative information is not required unless otherwise specified in the standard disclosure templates. Prior period disclosures can be found in the Regulatory Disclosures section of our website, [www.chbank.com](http://www.chbank.com).

**Part I : Key prudential ratios and overview of RWA (unaudited)**
**KM1: Key prudential ratios**

In HK\$'000		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
		As at 30 June 2024	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 December 2023	As at 30 September 2023	As at 30 June 2023
	<b>Regulatory capital (amount)</b>					
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	33,639,045	32,792,439	32,096,014	30,403,492	29,178,751
2	Tier 1	39,067,041	38,220,435	37,524,010	35,831,488	34,606,747
3	Total Capital	46,593,076	43,092,226	42,394,749	40,689,717	37,886,062
	<b>RWA (amount)</b>					
4	Total RWA	222,543,451	216,605,000	215,905,525	210,124,916	212,561,955
	<b>Risk-based regulatory capital ratios (as a percentage of RWA)</b>					
5	CET1 ratio (%)	15.12%	15.14%	14.87%	14.47%	13.73%
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	17.55%	17.65%	17.38%	17.05%	16.28%
7	Total capital ratio (%)	20.94%	19.89%	19.64%	19.36%	17.82%
	<b>Additional CET1 buffer requirements (as a percentage of RWA)</b>					
8	Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%	2.500%
9	Countercyclical capital buffer requirement (%)	0.578%	0.633%	0.610%	0.621%	0.620%
10	Higher loss absorbency requirements (%) (applicable only to G-SIBs or D-SIBs)	-	-	-	-	-
11	Total AI-specific CET1 buffer requirements (%)	3.078%	3.133%	3.110%	3.121%	3.120%
12	CET1 available after meeting the AI's minimum capital requirements (%)	10.62%	10.64%	10.37%	9.97%	9.23%
	<b>Basel III leverage ratio</b>					
13	Total leverage ratio (LR) exposure measure	306,680,517	295,071,496	320,788,368	298,815,243	297,809,176
14	LR (%)	12.75%	12.95%	11.70%	11.99%	11.62%
	<b>Liquidity Maintenance Ratio (LMR)</b>					
17a	LMR (%)	70.41%	61.69%	62.63%	61.21%	56.20%
	<b>Core Funding Ratio (CFR)</b>					
20a	CFR (%)	188.72%	186.34%	184.63%	180.85%	172.18%

**Part I : Key prudential ratios and overview of RWA (unaudited)**
**OV1: Overview of RWA**

The following table sets out the RWA by risk types and the corresponding minimum capital requirements (i.e. 8% of RWA), as required by the HKMA.

In HK\$'000		(a)	(b)	(c)
		RWA		Minimum capital requirements
		As at 30 June 2024	As at 31 March 2024	As at 30 June 2024
1	Credit risk for non-securitization exposures	186,835,012	188,322,747	14,946,801
2	<i>Of which STC approach</i>	186,835,012	188,322,747	14,946,801
2a	<i>Of which BSC approach</i>	-	-	-
3	<i>Of which foundation IRB approach</i>	-	-	-
4	<i>Of which supervisory slotting criteria approach</i>	-	-	-
5	<i>Of which advanced IRB approach</i>	-	-	-
6	Counterparty default risk and default fund contributions	1,405,812	1,815,727	112,465
7	<i>Of which SA-CCR approach</i>	1,132,242	1,327,483	90,579
7a	<i>Of which CEM</i>	-	-	-
8	<i>Of which IMM(CCR) approach</i>	-	-	-
9	<i>Of which others</i>	273,570	488,244	21,886
10	CVA risk	350,313	399,038	28,025
11	Equity positions in banking book under the simple risk-weight method and internal models method	-	-	-
12	Collective investment scheme ("CIS") exposures – LTA	-	2,045,646	-
13	CIS exposures – MBA	11,529,521	-	922,362
14	CIS exposures – FBA	-	-	-
14a	CIS exposures – combination of approaches	-	-	-
15	Settlement risk	-	-	-
16	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
17	<i>Of which SEC-IRBA</i>	-	-	-
18	<i>Of which SEC-ERBA (including IAA)</i>	-	-	-
19	<i>Of which SEC-SA</i>	-	-	-
19a	<i>Of which SEC-FBA</i>	-	-	-
20	Market risk	11,949,063	13,867,625	955,925
21	<i>Of which STM approach</i>	11,949,063	13,867,625	955,925
22	<i>Of which IMM approach</i>	-	-	-
23	Capital charge for switch between exposures in trading book and banking book (not applicable before the revised market risk framework takes effect)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
24	Operational risk	10,070,663	9,751,463	805,653
24a	Sovereign concentration risk	-	-	-
25	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% RW)	531,423	531,423	42,514
26	Capital floor adjustment	-	-	-
26a	Deduction to RWA	128,356	128,669	10,268
26b	<i>Of which portion of regulatory reserve for general banking risks and collective provisions which is not included in Tier 2 Capital</i>	-	-	-
26c	<i>Of which portion of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings which is not included in Tier 2 Capital</i>	128,356	128,669	10,268
27	Total	222,543,451	216,605,000	17,803,477

Total RWA increased by HK\$5.9billion as compared with last quarter. RWA for credit risk for non-securitization exposures was the main contributor and the key driver for the increase was the increase in Collective investment scheme ("CIS") exposures.

**Part IIA : Composition of regulatory capital (unaudited)**  
**CC1: Composition of regulatory capital**
**As at 30 June 2024**

		(a)	(b)
		Amount	Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>In HK\$'000</b>			
<b>CET1 capital: instruments and reserves</b>			
1	Directly issued qualifying CET1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	21,030,884	(6)
2	Retained earnings	11,687,260	(8)
3	Disclosed reserves	2,538,821	(10)
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase-out arrangements from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)	Not applicable	Not applicable
5	Minority interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the consolidation group)	-	
6	<b>CET1 capital before regulatory deductions</b>	<b>35,256,965</b>	
<b>CET1 capital: regulatory deductions</b>			
7	Valuation adjustments	7,703	
8	Goodwill (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	-	
9	Other intangible assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	685,113	(3)
10	Deferred tax assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	-	
11	Cash flow hedge reserve	-	
12	Excess of total EL amount over total eligible provisions under the IRB approach	-	
13	Credit-enhancing interest-only strip, and any gain-on-sale and other increase in the CET1 capital arising from securitization transactions	-	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	
15	Defined benefit pension fund net assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	35,730	(2) - (5)
16	Investments in own CET1 capital instruments (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	-	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in CET1 capital instruments	-	
18	Insignificant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
19	Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
20	Mortgage servicing rights (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	Not applicable	Not applicable
23	of which: significant investments in the ordinary share of financial sector entities	Not applicable	Not applicable
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	Not applicable	Not applicable
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	Not applicable	Not applicable
26	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 capital	889,374	
26a	Cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings (own-use and investment properties)	233,374	(9) + (11)
26b	Regulatory reserve for general banking risks	656,000	(12)
26c	Securitization exposures specified in a notice given by the Monetary Authority	-	
26d	Cumulative losses below depreciated cost arising from the institution's holdings of land and buildings	-	
26e	Capital shortfall of regulated non-bank subsidiaries	-	
26f	Capital investment in a connected company which is a commercial entity (amount above 15% of the reporting institution's capital base)	-	
27	Regulatory deductions applied to CET1 capital due to insufficient AT1 capital and Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	-	
28	<b>Total regulatory deductions to CET1 capital</b>	<b>1,617,920</b>	
29	<b>CET1 capital</b>	<b>33,639,045</b>	
<b>AT1 capital: instruments</b>			
30	Qualifying AT1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	5,427,996	(7)
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	5,427,996	
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	-	
33	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements from AT1 capital	-	
34	AT1 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in AT1 capital of the consolidation group)	-	
35	of which: AT1 capital instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out arrangements	-	
36	<b>AT1 capital before regulatory deductions</b>	<b>5,427,996</b>	
<b>AT1 capital: regulatory deductions</b>			
37	Investments in own AT1 capital instruments	-	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in AT1 capital instruments	-	
39	Insignificant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
40	Significant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to AT1 capital	-	
42	Regulatory deductions applied to AT1 capital due to insufficient Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	-	
43	<b>Total regulatory deductions to AT1 capital</b>	<b>-</b>	
44	<b>AT1 capital</b>	<b>5,427,996</b>	
45	<b>Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)</b>	<b>39,067,041</b>	
<b>Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions</b>			
46	Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments plus any related share premium	6,020,721	
47	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements from Tier 2 capital	-	(4)
48	Tier 2 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in Tier 2 capital of the consolidation group)	-	

**Part IIA : Composition of regulatory capital (unaudited)**  
**CC1: Composition of regulatory capital**
**As at 30 June 2024**

		(a)	(b)
		Amount	Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>In HK\$'000</b>			
49	<i>of which: capital instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out arrangements</i>	-	
50	Collective provisions and regulatory reserve for general banking risks eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	1,400,296	
51	<b>Tier 2 capital before regulatory deductions</b>	7,421,017	
<b>Tier 2 capital: regulatory deductions</b>			
52	Investments in own Tier 2 capital instruments	-	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 capital instruments and non-capital LAC liabilities	-	
54	Insignificant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold and, where applicable, 5% threshold)	-	
54a	Insignificant LAC investments in non-capital LAC liabilities of financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount formerly designated for the 5% threshold but no longer meets the conditions) (for institutions defined as "section 2 institution" under §2(1) of Schedule 4F to BCR only)	-	
55	Significant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
55a	Significant LAC investments in non-capital LAC liabilities of financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to Tier 2 capital	-105,018	
56a	Add back of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings (own-use and investment properties) eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	-105,018	
56b	Regulatory deductions applied to Tier 2 capital to cover the required deductions falling within §48(1)(g) of BCR	-	
57	<b>Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital</b>	-105,018	
58	<b>Tier 2 capital (T2)</b>	7,526,035	
59	<b>Total regulatory capital (TC = T1 + T2)</b>	46,593,076	
60	<b>Total RWA</b>	222,543,451	
<b>Capital ratios (as a percentage of RWA)</b>			
61	CET1 capital ratio	15.12%	
62	Tier 1 capital ratio	17.55%	
63	Total capital ratio	20.94%	
64	Institution-specific buffer requirement (capital conservation buffer plus countercyclical capital buffer plus higher loss absorbency requirements)	3.078%	
65	<i>of which: capital conservation buffer requirement</i>	2.500%	
66	<i>of which: bank specific countercyclical capital buffer requirement</i>	0.578%	
67	<i>of which: higher loss absorbency requirement</i>	0.000%	
68	CET1 (as a percentage of RWA) available after meeting minimum capital requirements	10.62%	
<b>National minima (if different from Basel 3 minimum)</b>			
69	National CET1 minimum ratio	Not applicable	Not applicable
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio	Not applicable	Not applicable
71	National Total capital minimum ratio	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)</b>			
72	Insignificant LAC investments in CET1, AT1 and Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	767,998	
73	Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	212,569	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital</b>			
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to the BSC approach, or the STC approach and SEC-ERBA, SEC-SA and SEC-FBA (prior to application of cap)	1,400,296	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under the BSC approach, or the STC approach, and SEC-ERBA, SEC-SA and SEC-FBA	2,503,652	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to the IRB approach and SEC-IRBA (prior to application of cap)	-	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under the IRB approach and SEC-IRBA	-	
<b>Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 1 Jan 2018 and 1 Jan 2022)</b>			
80	<i>Current cap on CET1 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements</i>	Not applicable	Not applicable
81	<i>Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)</i>	Not applicable	Not applicable
82	<i>Current cap on AT1 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements</i>	-	
83	<i>Amount excluded from AT1 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)</i>	-	
84	<i>Current cap on Tier 2 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements</i>	-	
85	<i>Amount excluded from Tier 2 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)</i>	-	

**Part IIA : Composition of regulatory capital (unaudited)**
**CC1: Composition of regulatory capital**
**As at 30 June 2024**
**Notes to the template:**
**In HK\$'000**

Row No.	Description	Hong Kong basis	Basel III basis
	<b>Other intangible assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)</b>	685,113	685,113
9	<p><u>Explanation</u></p> <p>As set out in paragraph 87 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010), mortgage servicing rights ("MSRs") may be given limited recognition in CET1 capital (and hence be excluded from deduction from CET1 capital up to the specified threshold). In Hong Kong, an AI is required to follow the accounting treatment of including MSRs as part of intangible assets reported in the AI's financial statements and to deduct MSRs in full from CET1 capital. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 9 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 9 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by reducing the amount of MSRs to be deducted to the extent not in excess of the 10% threshold set for MSRs and the aggregate 15% threshold set for MSRs, DTAs arising from temporary differences and significant investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities (excluding those that are loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies) under Basel III.</p>		
	<b>Deferred tax assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)</b>	-	-
10	<p><u>Explanation</u></p> <p>As set out in paragraphs 69 and 87 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010), DTAs of the bank to be realized are to be deducted, whereas DTAs which relate to temporary differences may be given limited recognition in CET1 capital (and hence be excluded from deduction from CET1 capital up to the specified threshold). In Hong Kong, an AI is required to deduct all DTAs in full, irrespective of their origin, from CET1 capital. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 10 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 10 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by reducing the amount of DTAs to be deducted which relate to temporary differences to the extent not in excess of the 10% threshold set for DTAs arising from temporary differences and the aggregate 15% threshold set for MSRs, DTAs arising from temporary differences and significant investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities (excluding those that are loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies) under Basel III.</p>		
	<b>Insignificant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)</b>	-	-
18	<p><u>Explanation</u></p> <p>For the purpose of determining the total amount of insignificant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities, an AI is required to aggregate any amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures provided by it to any of its connected companies, where the connected company is a financial sector entity, as if such loans, facilities or other credit exposures were direct holdings, indirect holdings or synthetic holdings of the AI in the capital instruments of the financial sector entity, except where the AI demonstrates to the satisfaction of the MA that any such loan was made, any such facility was granted, or any such other credit exposure was incurred, in the ordinary course of the AI's business. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 18 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 18 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.</p>		
	<b>Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)</b>	-	-
19	<p><u>Explanation</u></p> <p>For the purpose of determining the total amount of significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities, an AI is required to aggregate any amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures provided by it to any of its connected companies, where the connected company is a financial sector entity, as if such loans, facilities or other credit exposures were direct holdings, indirect holdings or synthetic holdings of the AI in the capital instruments of the financial sector entity, except where the AI demonstrates to the satisfaction of the MA that any such loan was made, any such facility was granted, or any such other credit exposure was incurred, in the ordinary course of the AI's business. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 19 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 19 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.</p>		
	<b>Insignificant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)</b>	-	-
39	<p><u>Explanation</u></p> <p>The effect of treating loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies which are financial sector entities as CET1 capital instruments for the purpose of considering deductions to be made in calculating the capital base (see note re row 18 to the template above) will mean the headroom within the threshold available for the exemption from capital deduction of other insignificant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments may be smaller. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 39 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 39 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.</p>		
	<b>Insignificant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold and, where applicable, 5% threshold)</b>	-	-
54	<p><u>Explanation</u></p> <p>The effect of treating loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies which are financial sector entities as CET1 capital instruments for the purpose of considering deductions to be made in calculating the capital base (see note re row 18 to the template above) will mean the headroom within the threshold available for the exemption from capital deduction of other insignificant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments and non-capital LAC liabilities may be smaller. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 54 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 54 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.</p>		
<b>Remarks:</b> The amount of the 10% threshold and 5% threshold mentioned above is calculated based on the amount of CET1 capital determined in accordance with the deduction methods set out in BCR Schedule 4F. The 15% threshold is referring to paragraph 88 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010) and has no effect to the Hong Kong regime.			



Part IIA : Composition of regulatory capital (unaudited)  
 CC2: Reconciliation of regulatory capital to balance sheet

	(a)	(b)	(c)
	Balance sheet as in published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Reference
In HK\$'000	At 30 June 2024	At 30 June 2024	
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and balances and placements with banks	58,217,702	58,195,616	
Derivative financial instruments	1,058,970	1,058,970	
Investments in securities	61,610,211	61,572,360	
Advances and other accounts	170,371,980	170,315,358	
of which: Impairment allowances eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	-	(744,296)	(1)
Defined benefit pension fund net assets	-	42,220	(2)
Investments in subsidiaries	-	192,569	
Amounts due from subsidiaries	-	7,871	
Tax recoverable	680	-	
Interests in associates	393,485	20,000	
Investment properties	302,127	302,127	
Property and equipment	956,475	953,021	
Deferred tax assets	33,486	33,486	(3)
Intangible assets	724,719	685,113	(4)
of which: Internally developed software	-	671,043	
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>293,669,835</b>	<b>293,336,491</b>	
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Deposits and balances of banks	8,346,710	8,346,710	
Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements	3,062,272	3,655,374	
Deposits from customers	225,994,847	226,108,819	
Amounts due to subsidiaries	-	952,364	
Derivative financial instruments	652,955	652,955	
Other accounts and accruals	5,050,665	4,340,424	
Current tax liabilities	176,205	176,205	
Certificates of deposit	2,239,579	2,239,579	
Loan capital	6,020,721	6,020,721	
of which: Portion eligible for Tier 2 capital subject to phase out arrangement	-	-	(5)
Deferred tax liabilities	159,900	158,379	
of which: Deferred tax net of deferred tax liabilities	-	33,486	(6)
of which: Deferred tax liabilities related to defined benefit pension fund	-	6,490	(7)
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>251,703,854</b>	<b>252,651,530</b>	
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the Bank</b>			
Share capital	21,030,884	21,030,884	(8)
Additional equity instruments	5,427,996	5,427,996	(9)
Reserves	15,507,101	14,226,081	
of which: Retained profits	-	11,687,260	(10)
of which: Cumulative fair value gains arising from revaluation of investment properties	-	36,238	(11)
of which: Disclosed reserves	-	2,538,821	(12)
of which: Land and building revaluation reserve	-	197,136	(13)
of which: Regulatory reserve	-	656,000	(14)
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>41,965,981</b>	<b>40,684,961</b>	
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>293,669,835</b>	<b>293,336,491</b>	

As at 30 June 2024

	Ordinary shares	USD400 million 5.7% Undated Non-Cumulative Subordinated Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	USD224 million 4.9% Tier 2 Subordinated Notes due 2032	USD300 million 5.5% Undated Non-Cumulative Subordinated Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	RMB1,500 million 4.20% Tier 2 Capital Bonds due 2033	RMB2,500 million 2.93% Tier 2 Capital Bonds due 2034
1 Issuer	Chong Hing Bank Limited	Chong Hing Bank Limited	Chong Hing Bank Limited	Chong Hing Bank Limited	Chong Hing Bank Limited	Chong Hing Bank Limited
2 Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	NA	ISIN : XS2020061326	ISIN : XS2487038650	ISIN : XS2209966386	Product code in the PRC: 23280063	Product code in the PRC: 29248005
3 Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong law	English law / Hong Kong law	Hong Kong law	English law / Hong Kong law	PRC law (except that the subordination provisions shall be governed by Hong Kong law)	PRC law (except that the subordination provisions shall be governed by Hong Kong law)
4 Regulatory treatment	Common Equity Tier 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5 Transitional Basel III rules*	Common Equity Tier 1	Additional Tier 1	Tier 2	Additional Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 2
6 Post-transitional Basel III rules*	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
7 Eligible at solo*/group/both & solo	Ordinary shares	Undated Non-Cumulative Subordinated Capital Securities	Other Tier 2 instruments	Undated Non-Cumulative Subordinated Capital Securities	Other Tier 2 instruments	Other Tier 2 instruments
8 Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	(HKD million) 21,030.9	(HKD million) 3,111.3	(HKD million) 1,746.8	(HKD million) 2,316.7	(HKD million) 1,599.4	(HKD million) 2,674.5
9 Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	NA	USD400 million	The subordinated notes with total face value of USD 224 million issued in registered form in denominations of USD250,000 each and integral multiples of USD1,000 in excess thereof	USD300 million	The subordinated bonds with total face value of RMB1,500 million and the subscription amount and the trading amount of the subordinated bonds shall be in denominations of RMB2,000,000 and integral multiples of RMB100 in excess thereof	The subordinated bonds with total face value of RMB2,500 million and the subscription amount and the trading amount of the subordinated bonds shall be in denominations of RMB2,000,000 and integral multiples of RMB100 in excess thereof
10 Par value of instrument	Shareholders' equity	Equity	Liability - amortised cost	Equity	Liability - amortised cost	Liability - amortised cost
11 Accounting classification	Various	15 July 2019	27 July 2022	03 Aug 2020	28 September 2023	11 June 2024
12 Original date of issuance	Perpetual	Perpetual	Dated	Perpetual	Dated	Dated
13 Original maturity date	No maturity	No maturity	27 July 2032	No maturity	28 September 2033	11 June 2034
14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	NA	The bank may redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes then outstanding on 27 July 2027, at their outstanding principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date of redemption, subject to adjustments following the occurrence of a Non-Viability Event and prior written consent of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.  The notes will be redeemable at the option of the Bank in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to their principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption, upon the occurrence of a Capital Event (Regulatory Redemption), a Tax Deduction Event (Tax Deduction Redemption) or upon the occurrence of certain changes in taxation in Hong Kong requiring the payment of additional amounts (Tax Redemption), in each case, subject to adjustments following the occurrence of a Non-Viability Event.  Tax Redemption, Tax Deduction Redemption and Regulatory Redemption are all subject to prior written consent of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.	The bank may redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes then outstanding on 27 July 2027, at their outstanding principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date of redemption, subject to adjustments following the occurrence of a Non-Viability Event and prior written consent of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.  The notes will be redeemable at the option of the Bank in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to their principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption, upon the occurrence of a Capital Event (Regulatory Redemption), a Tax Deduction Event (Tax Deduction Redemption) or upon the occurrence of certain changes in taxation in Hong Kong requiring the payment of additional amounts (Tax Redemption), in each case, subject to adjustments following the occurrence of a Non-Viability Event.  Tax Redemption, Tax Deduction Redemption and Regulatory Redemption are all subject to prior written consent of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.	The First Call Date is on 3 Aug 2025. The Capital Securities have no fixed redemption date. Optional Redemption (on a designated date in 2025 or on any Distribution Payment Date thereafter), Tax Redemption and Regulatory Redemption are all subject to prior written consent of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority. Redemption amount of each Perpetual Capital Security will be USD1,000 per calculation amount, subject to adjustment following the occurrence of a Non-Viability Event or the issue of a Resolution Notice.	The Bank is entitled to a one-time redemption right of the Bonds at the Bank's option. The Bank may redeem the Bonds then outstanding in part or in whole on 28 September 2028, at their outstanding principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date of redemption, subject to adjustments following the occurrence of a Non-Viability Event and prior written consent of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.  The Bonds will be redeemable at the option of the Bank in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to their principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption, upon the occurrence of a Regulatory Change Event (Regulatory Redemption), or upon the occurrence of certain changes in taxation in Hong Kong requiring the payment of additional amounts (Tax Redemption), in each case, subject to adjustments following the occurrence of a Non-Viability Event.	The Bank is entitled to a one-time redemption right of the Bonds at the Bank's option. The Bank may redeem the Bonds then outstanding in part or in whole on 11 June 2029, at their outstanding principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date of redemption, subject to adjustments following the occurrence of a Non-Viability Event and prior written consent of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.  The Bonds will be redeemable at the option of the Bank in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to their principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption, upon the occurrence of a Regulatory Change Event (Regulatory Redemption), or upon the occurrence of certain changes in taxation in Hong Kong requiring the payment of additional amounts (Tax Redemption), in each case, subject to adjustments following the occurrence of a Non-Viability Event.
16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable	NA	Any distribution payment dates thereafter first call date	NA	Any distribution payment dates thereafter first call date	NA	NA
17 Coupons / dividends	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
18 Coupon rate and any related index	The final dividend is proposed by the board of directors of the Bank and is subject to approval by the shareholders of the Bank in the annual general meeting. The interim dividend is declared by the board of directors of the Bank.	At a fixed rate of 5.7% per annum until 15 July 2024. Thereafter and every 5 years thereafter reset at: 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate + 3.858%	At a fixed rate of 4.9% per annum until 27 July 2027. At a Reset Interest Rate from 27 July 2027 to (but excluding) 27 July 2032 (the "Maturity Date")	At a fixed rate of 5.5% per annum until 3 Aug 2025. Thereafter and every 5 years thereafter reset at: 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate + 5.237%	At a fixed rate of 4.2% per annum.	At a fixed rate of 2.93% per annum.
19 Existence of a dividend stopper	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary	Fully discretionary	Mandatory	Fully discretionary	Mandatory	Mandatory
21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No	No	No	No	No
22 Noncumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative	Non-cumulative	Cumulative	Non-cumulative	Cumulative	Cumulative
23 Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible	Non-convertible	Convertible	Non-convertible	Convertible (Note 1)	Convertible (Note 1)
24 If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
25 If convertible, fully or partially	NA	Full or partial	Full or partial	NA	Full or partial	Full or partial
26 If convertible, conversion rate	NA	NA	NA	NA	Note 1	Note 1
27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	NA	NA	Mandatory	NA	Mandatory (Note 1)	Mandatory (Note 1)
28 If convertible, specific instrument type convertible into	NA	NA	Shares or other securities or other obligations	NA	Shares or other securities or other obligations (Note 1)	Shares or other securities or other obligations (Note 1)
29 If convertible, specific issuer of instrument it converts into	NA	NA	Chong Hing Bank Limited or another person	NA	Chong Hing Bank Limited or another person (Note 1)	Chong Hing Bank Limited or another person (Note 1)
30 Write-down feature	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	NA	If a Non-Viability Event occurs and is continuing, the Bank shall, upon the provision of a Non-Viability Event Notice, irrevocably reduce the then prevailing principal amount of, and cancel any accrued but unpaid Distribution in respect of, each Capital Security (in each case in whole or in part) by an amount equal to the Non-Viability Event Write-off Amount per Perpetual Capital Security.  "Non-Viability Event" means the earlier of: (i) the Hong Kong Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and (ii) the Hong Kong Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable.	If a Non-Viability Event occurs and is continuing, the Bank shall, upon the provision of a Non-Viability Event Notice, irrevocably reduce the then prevailing principal amount of, and cancel any accrued but unpaid Distribution in respect of, each Note (in each case in whole or in part) by an amount equal to the Non-Viability Event Write-off Amount per Note.  "Non-Viability Event" means the earlier of: (i) the Hong Kong Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and (ii) the Hong Kong Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable.	If a Non-Viability Event occurs and is continuing, the Bank shall, upon the provision of a Non-Viability Event Notice, irrevocably reduce the then prevailing principal amount of, and cancel any accrued but unpaid Distribution in respect of, each Capital Security (in each case in whole or in part) by an amount equal to the Non-Viability Event Write-off Amount per Perpetual Capital Security.  "Non-Viability Event" means the earlier of: (i) the Hong Kong Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and (ii) the Hong Kong Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable.	If a Non-Viability Event occurs and is continuing, the Bank shall, upon or prior to the provision of a Non-Viability Event Notice and following or concurrently with the Write-off of the aggregate principal amount of all Subordinated Capital Instruments which constitute Junior Obligations of the Issuer (which for the avoidance of doubt includes all Additional Tier 1 Capital Instruments) in accordance with the terms thereof, irrevocably (without the need for the consent of the Bondholders) reduce the then outstanding principal amount of, and cancel any accrued but unpaid interest in respect of, each Bond (in each case in whole or in part) by an amount equal to the Non-Viability Event Write-off Amount per Bond.  "Non-Viability Event" means the earlier of: (i) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a Write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and (ii) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable.	If a Non-Viability Event occurs and is continuing, the Bank shall, upon or prior to the provision of a Non-Viability Event Notice and following or concurrently with the Write-off of the aggregate principal amount of all Subordinated Capital Instruments which constitute Junior Obligations of the Issuer (which for the avoidance of doubt includes all Additional Tier 1 Capital Instruments) in accordance with the terms thereof, irrevocably (without the need for the consent of the Bondholders) reduce the then outstanding principal amount of, and cancel any accrued but unpaid interest in respect of, each Bond (in each case in whole or in part) by an amount equal to the Non-Viability Event Write-off Amount per Bond.  "Non-Viability Event" means the earlier of: (i) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a Write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and (ii) the Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable.
32 If write-down, full or partial	NA	Full or partial	Full or partial	Full or partial	Full or partial	Full or partial
33 If write-down, permanent or temporary	NA	Permanent	Permanent	Permanent	Permanent	Permanent
34 If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
35 Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument in the insolvency creditor hierarchy of the legal entity concerned).	Subordinated to additional tier 1 capital securities	In the event of a Winding-Up, the rights of the Security holders to payment of principal and Distributions on the Perpetual Capital Securities, and any other obligations in respect of the Perpetual Capital Securities, shall rank: (a) Subordinate and junior in right of payment to, and of all claims of: (i) all unsubordinated creditors of the Bank (including its depositors); (ii) any holders of Tier 2 Capital Instruments of the Bank; and (iii) the holders of other subordinated instruments or other obligations issued, entered into, or guaranteed by the Bank, and any other instrument or other obligation issued, entered into, or guaranteed by the Bank that ranks or is expressed to rank senior to the Perpetual Capital Securities by operation of law or contract; (b) Pari passu in right of payment to and of all claims of the holders of Parity Obligations; and (c) Senior in right of payment to, and of all claims of the holders of Junior Obligations of the Bank.	In the event of a winding-up, the rights of the Noteholders to payment of principal and interest on the Notes, and any other obligations in respect of the Notes, shall rank: (a) Subordinate and junior in right of payment to, and of all claims of: (i) all unsubordinated creditors of the Bank (including its depositors); (ii) all other Non-Preferred Creditors of the Bank whose claims are stated to rank senior to the Notes or rank senior to the Notes by operation of law or contract; (b) Pari passu in right of payment to and of all claims of the holders of Parity Obligations; and (c) Senior in right of payment to and of all claims of: (i) the holders of any other instrument or other obligation issued, entered into, or guaranteed by the Bank that ranks or is expressed to rank junior to the holders of Junior Obligations, and (ii) the holders of Junior Obligations.	In the event of a Winding-Up, the rights of the Security holders to payment of principal and Distributions on the Perpetual Capital Securities, and any other obligations in respect of the Perpetual Capital Securities, shall rank: (a) Subordinate and junior in right of payment to, and of all claims of: (i) all unsubordinated creditors of the Bank (including its depositors); (ii) any holders of Tier 2 Capital Instruments of the Bank; and (iii) the holders of other subordinated instruments or other obligations issued, entered into, or guaranteed by the Bank, and any other instrument or other obligation issued, entered into, or guaranteed by the Bank that ranks or is expressed to rank senior to the Perpetual Capital Securities by operation of law or contract; (b) Pari passu in right of payment to and of all claims of the holders of Parity Obligations; and (c) Senior in right of payment to, and of all claims of the holders of Junior Obligations of the Bank.	In the event of a Winding-Up of the Issuer, the rights and the claims of the Bondholders to payment of principal and interest on the Bonds shall rank: (i) junior in right of payment to, and of all claims of, all unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer (including its depositors and general creditors) and all other Subordinated Creditors of the Issuer whose claims are expressed to rank senior to the Bonds or rank senior to the Bonds by operation of law or contract; (ii) pari passu in right of payment to, and of all claims of, the holders of Parity Obligations; and (iii) senior in right of payment to, and of all claims of, the holders of Tier 1 Capital Instruments and the holders of other Junior Obligations, in each case, present and future.	In the event of a Winding-Up of the Issuer, the rights and the claims of the Bondholders to payment of principal and interest on the Bonds shall rank: (i) junior in right of payment to, and of all claims of, all unsubordinated creditors of the Issuer (including its depositors and general creditors) and all other Subordinated Creditors of the Issuer whose claims are expressed to rank senior to the Bonds or rank senior to the Bonds by operation of law or contract; (ii) pari passu in right of payment to, and of all claims of, the holders of Parity Obligations; and (iii) senior in right of payment to, and of all claims of, the holders of Tier 1 Capital Instruments and the holders of other Junior Obligations, in each case, present and future.
36 Non-compliant transitioned features	No	No	No	No	No	No
37 If yes, specify non-compliant features	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

\* Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules  
\* Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules  
\* Include solo-consolidated

The full terms and conditions of all capital instruments are available on the Bank's website: <http://www.chbank.com/en/personal/footer/about-ch-bank/regulatory-disclosures/terms-and-conditions/index.html>

**Part IIB : Macroprudential supervisory measures (unaudited)**
**CCyB1: Geographical distribution of credit exposures used in countercyclical capital buffer ("CCyB")**

Geographical breakdown of risk-weighted amounts (RWA) in relation to private sector credit exposures with a non-zero applicable JCCyB ratio

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2024			
		(a)	(c)	(d)	(e)
	Geographical breakdown by Jurisdiction (J)	Applicable JCCyB ratio in effect (%)	RWA used in computation of CCyB ratio	AI-specific CCyB ratio (%)	CCyB amount
1	Hong Kong SAR	1.000%	94,725,321		
2	Ireland	1.000%	229,276		
3	United Kingdom	2.000%	639,732		
4	South Korea	1.000%	34,369		
5	Australia	1.000%	739		
	Sum		95,629,437		
	Total		166,699,060	0.578%	1,286,301

The jurisdiction in which the Group has private sector credit exposure is determined on an "ultimate risk basis". Exposures are allocated to the jurisdiction where the risk ultimately lies, defined as the location where the "ultimate obligor" resides.

**Part IIC : Leverage ratio (unaudited)**
**LR1: Summary comparison of accounting assets against leverage ratio exposure measure**

In HK\$'000		(a)
		As at 30 June 2024
	Item	Value under the LR framework
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	293,669,835
2	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-333,344
2a	Adjustment for securitised exposures that meet the operational requirements for the recognition of risk transference	-
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the applicable accounting standard but excluded from the LR exposure measure	-
3a	Adjustments for eligible cash pooling transactions	-
4	Adjustments for derivative contracts	1,626,019
5	Adjustment for SFTs (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	78,320
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet ("OBS") items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of OBS exposures)	14,028,022
6a	Adjustments for prudent valuation adjustments and specific and collective provisions that are allowed to be excluded from exposure measure	-43,075
7	Other adjustments	-2,345,261
8	<b>Leverage ratio exposure measure</b>	<b>306,680,517</b>

Difference between the total balance sheet assets (net of on-balance sheet derivative exposures and securities financing transaction exposures) as reported in published financial statements and on-balance sheets exposures as stated in LR2 was due to investments in entities that are consolidated for accounting purpose but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation.

**Part IIC : Leverage ratio (unaudited)**  
**LR2: Leverage ratio**

		(a)	(b)
		As At 30 June 2024	As at 31 March 2024
<b>In HK\$'000</b>			
<b>On-balance sheet exposures</b>			
1	On-balance sheet exposures (excluding those arising from derivative contracts and SFTs, but including collateral)	290,821,930	281,660,114
2	Less: Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital	-1,617,920	-1,544,618
3	<b>Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivative contracts and SFTs)</b>	289,204,010	280,115,496
<b>Exposures arising from derivative contracts</b>			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative contracts (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)	363,529	400,403
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative contracts	2,583,006	2,962,788
6	Gross-up for collateral provided in respect of derivative contracts where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the applicable accounting framework	-	-
7	Less: Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided under derivative contracts	-261,546	-229,890
8	Less: Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures	-	-
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit-related derivative contracts	-	-
10	Less: Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit-related derivative contracts	-	-
11	<b>Total exposures arising from derivative contracts</b>	2,684,989	3,133,301
<b>Exposures arising from SFTs</b>			
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	2,924,646	1,695,155
13	Less: Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets	-	-
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	78,320	78,062
15	Agent transaction exposures	-	-
16	<b>Total exposures arising from SFTs</b>	3,002,966	1,773,217
<b>Other off-balance sheet exposures</b>			
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	87,631,670	73,506,855
18	Less: Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	-73,603,648	-61,114,428
19	<b>Off-balance sheet items</b>	14,028,022	12,392,427
<b>Capital and total exposures</b>			
20	<b>Tier 1 capital</b>	39,092,567	38,220,435
20a	<b>Total exposures before adjustments for specific and collective provisions</b>	308,919,987	297,414,441
20b	<b>Adjustments for specific and collective provisions</b>	-2,239,470	-2,342,945
21	<b>Total exposures after adjustments for specific and collective provisions</b>	306,680,517	295,071,496
<b>Leverage ratio</b>			
22	<b>Leverage ratio</b>	12.75%	12.95%

**Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures (unaudited)**  
**CR1: Credit quality of exposures**

As at 30 June 2024								
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	
	Gross carrying amounts of		Allowances / impairments	Of which ECL accounting provisions for credit losses on STC approach exposures		Of which ECL accounting provisions for credit losses on IRB approach exposures	Net values (a+b-c)	
	Defaulted exposures	Non-defaulted exposures		Allocated in regulatory category of specific provisions	Allocated in regulatory category of collective provisions			
<b>In HK\$'000</b>								
1	Loans	3,066,274	222,457,525	1,937,576	1,239,564	698,012	-	223,586,223
2	Debt securities	-	59,977,353	63,276	-	63,276	-	59,914,077
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	-	13,619,114	42,197	-	42,197	-	13,576,917
4	<b>Total</b>	<b>3,066,274</b>	<b>296,053,992</b>	<b>2,043,049</b>	<b>1,239,564</b>	<b>803,485</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>297,077,217</b>

The Group identifies the exposures as "default" if the exposure is past due for more than 90 days or has been rescheduled.

Loans included balances with banks, loans and advances to customers and balances with central banks.

Off-balance sheet exposures included direct credit substitutes, transaction-related contingencies, trade-related contingencies, forward asset purchases and irrevocable loans commitment.

**Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures (unaudited)**  
**CR2: Changes in defaulted loans and debt securities**

In HK\$'000		(a)
		Amount
	<b>Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the current reporting period</b>	
1	<b>(31 December 2024)</b>	<b>2,699,898</b>
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	1,206,139
3	Returned to non-defaulted status	(73,948)
4	Amounts written off	(756,822)
5	Other changes	(8,993)
	<b>Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the current reporting period</b>	
6	<b>(30 June 2024)</b>	<b>3,066,274</b>

**Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures (unaudited)**  
**CR3: Overview of recognized credit risk mitigation**

		As at 30 June 2024				
		(a)	(b1)	(b)	(d)	(f)
<b>In HK\$'000</b>		Exposures unsecured: carrying amount	Exposures to be secured	Exposures secured by recognized collateral	Exposures secured by recognized guarantees	Exposures secured by recognized credit derivative contracts
1	Loans	215,027,539	8,558,684	7,517,411	1,041,273	-
2	Debt securities	59,914,077	-	-	-	-
<b>3</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>274,941,616</b>	<b>8,558,684</b>	<b>7,517,411</b>	<b>1,041,273</b>	-
4	Of which defaulted	2,912,520	153,754	150,491	3,263	-



**Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures (unaudited)**
**CR4: Credit risk exposures and effects of recognized credit risk mitigation - for STC approach**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2024					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
		Exposures pre-CCF and pre-CRM		Exposures post-CCF and post-CRM		RWA and RWA density	
Exposure classes		On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	RWA	RWA density
1	Sovereign exposures	29,851,342	-	29,851,342	-	189	0.00%
2	PSE exposures	524,460	3,099,610	1,061,026	100,000	199,739	17.20%
2a	Of which: domestic PSEs	362,128	3,099,610	898,694	100,000	199,739	20.00%
2b	Of which: foreign PSEs	162,332	-	162,332	-	-	0.00%
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bank exposures	76,621,087	1,585,660	76,621,087	1,585,660	20,456,207	26.16%
5	Securities firm exposures	2,526,473	5,397,253	2,506,107	-	1,253,054	50.00%
6	Corporate exposures	154,240,726	61,079,681	147,532,734	5,461,966	148,757,834	97.23%
7	CIS exposures	3,798,103	-	3,798,103	-	11,529,521	303.56%
8	Cash items	344,048	-	7,295,227	876,388	614,747	7.52%
9	Exposures in respect of failed delivery on transactions entered into on a basis other than a delivery-versus-payment basis	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Regulatory retail exposures	4,588,399	1,908,114	4,584,638	5,555	3,442,645	75.00%
11	Residential mortgage loans	10,927,995	-	10,389,286	-	4,597,351	44.25%
12	Other exposures which are not past due exposures	4,121,462	528,867	3,904,544	-	3,904,544	100.00%
13	Past due exposures	2,598,169	4,463	2,598,169	-	3,608,702	138.89%
14	Significant exposures to commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	<b>Total</b>	<b>290,142,264</b>	<b>73,603,648</b>	<b>290,142,263</b>	<b>8,029,569</b>	<b>198,364,533</b>	<b>66.53%</b>

Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures (unaudited)  
 CR5: Credit risk exposures by asset classes and by risk weights - for STC approach

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2024										
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(ha)	(i)	(j)
Exposure class	Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Total credit risk exposures amount (post CCF and post CRM)
	1	Sovereign exposures	29,850,395	-	947	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	PSE exposures	162,332	-	998,694	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,161,026
2a	Of which: domestic PSEs	-	-	998,694	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	998,694
2b	Of which: foreign PSEs	162,332	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	162,332
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bank exposures	-	-	62,157,223	-	16,049,524	-	-	-	-	-	78,206,747
5	Securities firm exposures	-	-	-	-	2,506,107	-	-	-	-	-	2,506,107
6	Corporate exposures	-	-	256,857	-	8,691,991	-	143,416,618	629,234	-	-	152,994,700
7	CIS exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,798,103	3,798,103
8	Cash items	5,097,877	-	3,073,738	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,171,615
9	Exposures in respect of failed delivery on transactions entered into on a basis other than a delivery-versus-payment basis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Regulatory retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	4,590,193	-	-	-	-	4,590,193
11	Residential mortgage loans	-	-	-	8,549,673	-	938,592	901,021	-	-	-	10,389,286
12	Other exposures which are not past due exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,904,544	-	-	-	3,904,544
13	Past due exposures	854	-	3,685	-	-	-	564,961	2,028,669	-	-	2,598,169
14	Significant exposures to commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	<b>Total</b>	<b>35,111,458</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>66,491,144</b>	<b>8,549,673</b>	<b>27,247,622</b>	<b>5,528,785</b>	<b>148,787,144</b>	<b>2,657,903</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,798,103</b>	<b>298,171,832</b>

**Part IV : Counterparty credit risk (unaudited)**
**CCR1: Analysis of counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by approaches**

		As at 30 June 2024					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
		Replacement cost (RC)	PFE	Effective EPE	Alpha (α) used for computing default risk exposure	Default risk exposure after CRM	RWA
<b>In HK\$'000</b>							
1	SA-CCR (for derivative contracts)	236,614	1,740,206		1.4	2,767,548	1,132,242
1a	CEM (for derivative contracts)	-	-		1.4	-	-
2	IMM (CCR) approach			-	-	-	-
3	Simple Approach (for SFTs)					2,924,646	263,941
4	Comprehensive Approach (for SFTs)					-	-
5	VaR (for SFTs)					-	-
6	<b>Total</b>						<b>1,396,183</b>

**Part IV : Counterparty credit risk (unaudited)**  
**CCR2: CVA capital charge**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2024	
		(a)	(b)
		EAD post CRM	RWA
	Netting sets for which CVA capital charge is calculated by the advanced CVA method	-	-
1	(i) VaR (after application of multiplication factor if applicable)		-
2	(ii) Stressed VaR (after application of multiplication factor if applicable)		-
3	Netting sets for which CVA capital charge is calculated by the standardized CVA method	2,767,548	350,313
<b>4</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,767,548</b>	<b>350,313</b>

**Part IV : Counterparty credit risk (unaudited)**
**CCR3: Counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by asset classes and by risk weights - for STC approach**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2024										
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(ca)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(ga)	(h)	(i)
Risk Weight		0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Total default risk exposure after CRM
Exposure class												
1	Sovereign exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	PSE exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2a	Of which: domestic PSEs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2b	Of which: foreign PSEs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bank exposures	2,520,941	-	1,298,928	-	1,186,058	-	-	-	-	-	5,005,927
5	Securities firm exposures	-	-	4,940	-	149,269	-	-	-	-	-	154,209
6	Corporate exposures	-	-	43,537	-	58,965	-	424,125	-	-	-	526,627
7	CIS exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Regulatory retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Residential mortgage loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Other exposures which are not past due exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,431	-	-	-	5,431
11	Significant exposures to commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>12</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,520,941</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,347,405</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,394,292</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>429,556</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,692,194</b>

**Part IV : Counterparty credit risk (unaudited)**
**CCR5: Composition of collateral for counterparty default risk exposures (including those for contracts or transactions cleared through CCPs)**

	As at 30 June 2024					
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
	Derivative contracts				SFTs	
	Fair value of recognized collateral received		Fair value of posted collateral		Fair value of recognized collateral received	Fair value of posted collateral
Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated			
<b>In HK\$'000</b>						
Cash - domestic currency	-	-	-	87,715	-	-
Cash - other currencies	-	522,062	-	387,572	2,635,505	322,293
Other sovereign debt	-	-	-	-	-	1,931,254
Bank bonds	-	-	-	-	339,721	617,419
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	38,685
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>522,062</b>	-	<b>475,287</b>	<b>2,975,226</b>	<b>2,909,651</b>

**Part IV : Counterparty credit risk (unaudited)**  
**CCR8: Exposures to CCPs**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2024	
		(a)	(b)
		Exposure after CRM	RWA
<b>1</b>	<b>Exposures of the AI as clearing member or clearing client to qualifying CCPs (total)</b>		<b>9,629</b>
2	Default risk exposures to qualifying CCPs (excluding items disclosed in rows 7 to 10), of which:	481,425	9,629
3	(i) OTC derivative transactions	481,425	9,629
4	(ii) Exchange-traded derivative contracts	-	-
5	(iii) Securities financing transactions	-	-
6	(iv) Netting sets subject to valid cross-product netting agreements	-	-
7	Segregated initial margin	-	
8	Unsegregated initial margin	-	-
9	Funded default fund contributions	-	-
10	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-
<b>11</b>	<b>Exposures of the AI as clearing member or clearing client to non-qualifying CCPs (total)</b>		<b>-</b>
12	Default risk exposures to non-qualifying CCPs (excluding items disclosed in rows 17 to 20), of which:	-	-
13	(i) OTC derivative transactions	-	-
14	(ii) Exchange-traded derivative contracts	-	-
15	(iii) Securities financing transactions	-	-
16	(iv) Netting sets subject to valid cross-product netting agreements	-	-
17	Segregated initial margin	-	
18	Unsegregated initial margin	-	-
19	Funded default fund contributions	-	-
20	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-

**Part VI : Market risk (unaudited)**
**MR1: Market risk under STM approach**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2024
		(a)
		RWA
	Outright product exposures	
1	Interest rate exposures (general and specific risk)	5,209,650
2	Equity exposures (general and specific risk)	-
3	Foreign exchange (including gold) exposures	6,487,338
4	Commodity exposures	-
	Option exposures	
5	Simplified approach	-
6	Delta-plus approach	252,075
7	Other approach	-
8	Securitization exposures	-
<b>9</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>11,949,063</b>



**Regulatory Disclosures**  
**Abbreviations**
**Abbreviations**
**Brief Description**

AI	Authorized Institution
AT1	Additional Tier 1
BDR	Banking (Disclosure) Rules
CCF	Credit Conversion Factor
CCP	Central Counterparty
CCR	Counterparty Credit Risk
CCyB	Countercyclical Capital Buffer
CEM	Current Exposure Method
CET1	Common Equity Tier 1
CFR	Core Funding Ratio
CIS	Collective Investment Scheme
CRM	Credit Risk Mitigation
CVA	Credit Valuation Adjustment
EAD	Exposure At Default
ECL	Expected Credit Loss
EPE	Expected Positive Exposure
FVOCI	Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income
HKMA	Hong Kong Monetary Authority
IAA	Internal Assessment Approach
IMM(CCR)	Internal Models (Counterparty Credit Risk) Approach
IMM	Internal Models Approach
IRB	Internal Ratings-Based Approach
LMR	Liquidity Maintenance Ratio
LR	Leverage Ratio
OTC	Over-The-Counter
PFE	Potential Future Exposure
PSE	Public Sector Entity
RW	Risk-Weight
RWA	Risk-Weighted Asset/ Risk-Weighted Amount
SA-CCR	Standardised Approach (Counterparty Credit Risk)
SEC-ERBA	Securitization External Ratings-Based Approach
SEC-FBA	Securitization Fall-back Approach
SEC-IRBA	Securitization Internal Ratings-Based Approach
SEC-SA	Securitization Standardised Approach
SFT	Securities Financing Transaction
STC	Standardised (Credit Risk) Approach
STM	Standardised (Market Risk) Approach
VaR	Value At Risk