



創興銀行有限公司  
**Chong Hing Bank Limited**  
(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

**REGULATORY DISCLOSURES**

**30 June 2019**  
(Unaudited)

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## **Regulatory disclosures (unaudited)**

### **Introduction**

The information contained in this document is for Chong Hing Bank Limited ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") to comply with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules made under section 60A of the Banking Ordinance. The banking disclosures are prepared in accordance with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules and disclosure templates issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority. It has been prepared on a consolidated basis for regulatory purposes which is different from the consolidated basis for accounting purposes. Information regarding subsidiaries that are not included in the consolidation for regulatory purpose is set out in the "Basis of Consolidation section" of the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The approaches used in calculating the Group's regulatory capital and risk-weighted assets are in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules. The Group uses the standardised (credit risk) approach to calculate its credit risk. For counterparty credit risk, the Group uses the current exposure method to calculate its default risk exposures. For market risk, the Group uses the standardised (market risk) approach to calculate its market risk. For operational risk, the Group uses the basic indicator approach to calculate its operational risk.

The banking disclosures are governed by the Group's disclosure policy, which have been approved by the Board. The disclosure policy sets out the governance, control and assurance requirements for publication of the document. The banking disclosures are reviewed by independent party in accordance with the Group's disclosure policy.

The Group's Banking Disclosure Statement at 30 June 2019 comprises Pillar 3 information required under the framework of the Basel committee on Banking Supervision ("BCBS"). The disclosures are made in accordance with the latest BDR issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

According to the BDR, disclosure of comparative information is not required unless otherwise specified in the standard disclosure templates. Prior period disclosures can be found in the Regulatory Disclosures section of our website, [www.chbank.com](http://www.chbank.com).

**Part I : Key prudential ratios and overview of RWA (unaudited)**
**KM1: Key prudential ratios**

In HK\$'000		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
		As at 30 June 2019	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 December 2018	As at 30 September 2018	As at 30 June 2018
<b>Regulatory capital (amount)</b>						
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	18,228,225	18,475,007	17,737,981	17,927,724	13,291,047
2	Tier 1	20,540,255	20,787,037	20,050,011	20,239,754	15,603,077
3	Total Capital	25,488,495	25,703,037	25,100,544	25,236,189	20,521,443
<b>RWA (amount)</b>						
4	Total RWA	143,523,675	137,336,150	132,006,902	124,156,734	117,977,847
<b>Risk-based regulatory capital ratios (as a percentage of RWA)</b>						
5	CET1 ratio (%)	12.70%	13.45%	13.44%	14.44%	11.27%
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	14.31%	15.14%	15.19%	16.30%	13.23%
7	Total capital ratio (%)	17.76%	18.72%	19.01%	20.33%	17.39%
<b>Additional CET1 buffer requirements (as a percentage of RWA)</b>						
8	Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.500%	2.500%	1.875%	1.875%	1.875%
9	Countercyclical capital buffer requirement (%)	1.793%	1.830%	1.368%	1.398%	1.334%
10	Higher loss absorbency requirements (%) (applicable only to G-SIBs or D-SIBs)	-	-	-	-	-
11	Total AI-specific CET1 buffer requirements (%)	4.293%	4.330%	3.243%	3.273%	3.209%
12	CET1 available after meeting the AI's minimum capital requirements (%)	8.20%	8.95%	8.94%	9.94%	6.77%
<b>Basel III leverage ratio</b>						
13	Total leverage ratio (LR) exposure measure	213,215,679	201,325,649	199,848,313	185,108,090	167,735,008
14	LR (%)	9.63%	10.33%	10.03%	10.93%	9.30%
<b>Liquidity Maintenance Ratio (LMR)</b>						
17a	LMR (%)	46.19%	45.80%	46.50%	44.31%	43.55%
<b>Core Funding Ratio (CFR)</b>						
20a	CFR (%)	148.89%	152.20%	161.74%	157.68%	156.39%

**Part I : Key prudential ratios and overview of RWA (unaudited)**  
**OV1: Overview of RWA**

The following table sets out the RWA by risk types and the corresponding minimum capital requirements (i.e. 8% of RWA), as required by the HKMA.

In HK\$'000		(a)	(b)	(c)
		RWA		Minimum capital requirements
		As at 30 June 2019	As at 31 March 2019	As at 30 June 2019
1	Credit risk for non-securitization exposures	130,986,314	124,793,053	10,478,905
2	<i>Of which STC approach</i>	130,986,314	124,793,053	10,478,905
2a	<i>Of which BSC approach</i>	-	-	-
3	<i>Of which foundation IRB approach</i>	-	-	-
4	<i>Of which supervisory slotting criteria approach</i>	-	-	-
5	<i>Of which advanced IRB approach</i>	-	-	-
6	Counterparty default risk and default fund contributions	1,443,478	1,520,097	115,478
7	<i>Of which SA-CCR</i>	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
7a	<i>Of which CEM</i>	1,298,783	1,315,337	103,903
8	<i>Of which IMM(CCR) approach</i>	-	-	-
9	<i>Of which others</i>	144,695	204,760	11,575
10	CVA risk	570,400	635,625	45,632
11	Equity positions in banking book under the simple risk-weight method and internal models method	-	-	-
12	Collective investment scheme ("CIS") exposures – LTA	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
13	CIS exposures – MBA	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14	CIS exposures – FBA	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14a	CIS exposures – combination of approaches	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
15	Settlement risk	-	-	-
16	Securitization exposures in banking book	2,147	-	172
17	<i>Of which SEC-IRBA</i>	-	-	-
18	<i>Of which SEC-ERBA (including IAA)</i>	2,147	-	172
19	<i>Of which SEC-SA</i>	-	-	-
19a	<i>Of which SEC-FBA</i>	-	-	-
20	Market risk	4,019,688	4,189,100	321,575
21	<i>Of which STM approach</i>	4,019,688	4,189,100	321,575
22	<i>Of which IMM approach</i>	-	-	-
23	Capital charge for switch between exposures in trading book and banking book (not applicable before the revised market risk framework takes effect)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
24	Operational risk	6,104,813	5,800,275	488,385
24a	Sovereign concentration risk	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
25	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% RW)	531,423	531,423	42,514
26	Capital floor adjustment	-	-	-
26a	Deduction to RWA	134,588	133,423	10,767
26b	<i>Of which portion of regulatory reserve for general banking risks and collective provisions which is not included in Tier 2 Capital</i>	-	-	-
26c	<i>Of which portion of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings which is not included in Tier 2 Capital</i>	134,588	133,423	10,767
27	Total	143,523,675	137,336,150	11,481,894

Total RWA increased by HK\$6.2 billion as compared with last quarter. RWA for credit risk for non-securitization exposures was the main contributor and the key driver for the increase was the increase in loans to corporates.

**Part IIA : Composition of regulatory capital (unaudited)**
**CC1: Composition of regulatory capital**
**As at 30 June 2019**

		(a)	(b)
		Amount	Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>In HK\$'000</b>			
<b>CET1 capital: instruments and reserves</b>			
1	Directly issued qualifying CET1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	9,977,060	(7)
2	Retained earnings	7,438,742	(9)
3	Disclosed reserves	2,612,965	(11)
4	<i>Directly issued capital subject to phase-out arrangements from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)</i>	Not applicable	Not applicable
5	Minority interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the consolidation group)	-	
6	<b>CET1 capital before regulatory deductions</b>	20,028,767	
<b>CET1 capital: regulatory deductions</b>			
7	Valuation adjustments	873	
8	Goodwill (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	-	
9	Other intangible assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	558,917	(4)
10	Deferred tax assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	12,773	(3)
11	Cash flow hedge reserve	-	
12	Excess of total EL amount over total eligible provisions under the IRB approach	-	
13	Credit-enhancing interest-only strip, and any gain-on-sale and other increase in the CET1 capital arising from securitization transactions	-	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	
15	Defined benefit pension fund net assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	23,273	(2) - (6)
16	Investments in own CET1 capital instruments (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	-	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in CET1 capital instruments	-	
18	Insignificant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
19	Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
20	Mortgage servicing rights (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	Not applicable	Not applicable
23	of which: significant investments in the ordinary share of financial sector entities	Not applicable	Not applicable
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	Not applicable	Not applicable
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	Not applicable	Not applicable
26	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 capital	1,204,706	
26a	Cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings (own-use and investment properties)	244,706	(10) + (12)
26b	Regulatory reserve for general banking risks	960,000	(13)
26c	Securitization exposures specified in a notice given by the Monetary Authority	-	
26d	Cumulative losses below depreciated cost arising from the institution's holdings of land and buildings	-	
26e	Capital shortfall of regulated non-bank subsidiaries	-	
26f	Capital investment in a connected company which is a commercial entity (amount above 15% of the reporting institution's capital base)	-	
27	Regulatory deductions applied to CET1 capital due to insufficient AT1 capital and Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	-	
28	<b>Total regulatory deductions to CET1 capital</b>	1,800,542	
29	<b>CET1 capital</b>	18,228,225	
<b>AT1 capital: instruments</b>			
30	Qualifying AT1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	2,312,030	(8)
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	2,312,030	
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	-	
33	<i>Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements from AT1 capital</i>	-	
34	AT1 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in AT1 capital of the consolidation group)	-	
35	of which: AT1 capital instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out arrangements	-	
36	<b>AT1 capital before regulatory deductions</b>	2,312,030	
<b>AT1 capital: regulatory deductions</b>			
37	Investments in own AT1 capital instruments	-	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in AT1 capital instruments	-	
39	Insignificant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
40	Significant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to AT1 capital	-	
42	Regulatory deductions applied to AT1 capital due to insufficient Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	-	
43	<b>Total regulatory deductions to AT1 capital</b>	-	
44	<b>AT1 capital</b>	2,312,030	
45	<b>Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)</b>	20,540,255	
<b>Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions</b>			
46	Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments plus any related share premium	2,976,247	
47	<i>Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements from Tier 2 capital</i>	468,707	(5)
48	Tier 2 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in Tier 2 capital of the consolidation group)	-	

**Part IIA : Composition of regulatory capital (unaudited)**
**CC1: Composition of regulatory capital**
**As at 30 June 2019**

		(a)	(b)
		Amount	Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
<b>In HK\$'000</b>			
49	<i>of which: capital instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out arrangements</i>	-	
50	Collective provisions and regulatory reserve for general banking risks eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	1,393,168	-(1) + (13)
51	<b>Tier 2 capital before regulatory deductions</b>	4,838,122	
<b>Tier 2 capital: regulatory deductions</b>			
52	Investments in own Tier 2 capital instruments	-	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 capital instruments and non-capital LAC liabilities	-	
54	Insignificant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold and, where applicable, 5% threshold)	-	
54a	Insignificant LAC investments in non-capital LAC liabilities of financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount formerly designated for the 5% threshold but no longer meets the conditions) (for institutions defined as "section 2 institution" under §2(1) of Schedule 4F to BCR only)	-	
55	Significant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
55a	Significant LAC investments in non-capital LAC liabilities of financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to Tier 2 capital	(110,118)	
56a	Add back of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings (own-use and investment properties) eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	(110,118)	- [(10) + (12)] x 45%
56b	Regulatory deductions applied to Tier 2 capital to cover the required deductions falling within §48(1)(g) of BCR	-	
57	<b>Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital</b>	(110,118)	
58	<b>Tier 2 capital (T2)</b>	4,948,240	
59	<b>Total regulatory capital (TC = T1 + T2)</b>	25,488,495	
60	<b>Total RWA</b>	143,523,675	
<b>Capital ratios (as a percentage of RWA)</b>			
61	CET1 capital ratio	12.70%	
62	Tier 1 capital ratio	14.31%	
63	Total capital ratio	17.76%	
64	Institution-specific buffer requirement (capital conservation buffer plus countercyclical capital buffer plus higher loss absorbency requirements)	4.293%	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.500%	
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical capital buffer requirement	1.793%	
67	of which: higher loss absorbency requirement	0.000%	
68	CET1 (as a percentage of RWA) available after meeting minimum capital requirements	8.20%	
<b>National minima (if different from Basel 3 minimum)</b>			
69	National CET1 minimum ratio	Not applicable	Not applicable
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio	Not applicable	Not applicable
71	National Total capital minimum ratio	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)</b>			
72	Insignificant LAC investments in CET1, AT1 and Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	143,031	
73	Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	212,569	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital</b>			
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to the BSC approach, or the STC approach and SEC-ERBA, SEC-SA and SEC-FBA (prior to application of cap)	1,393,168	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under the BSC approach, or the STC approach, and SEC-ERBA, SEC-SA and SEC-FBA	1,661,740	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to the IRB approach and SEC-IRBA (prior to application of cap)	-	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under the IRB approach and SEC-IRBA	-	
<b>Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 1 Jan 2018 and 1 Jan 2022)</b>			
80	<i>Current cap on CET1 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements</i>	Not applicable	Not applicable
81	<i>Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)</i>	Not applicable	Not applicable
82	<i>Current cap on AT1 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements</i>	-	
83	<i>Amount excluded from AT1 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)</i>	-	
84	<i>Current cap on Tier 2 capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements</i>	468,707	
85	<i>Amount excluded from Tier 2 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)</i>	1,149,405	

**Part IIA : Composition of regulatory capital (unaudited)**
**CC1: Composition of regulatory capital**
**As at 30 June 2019**
**Notes to the template:**
**In HK\$'000**

Row No.	Description	Hong Kong basis	Basel III basis
9	<b>Other intangible assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)</b>	558,917	558,917
	<u>Explanation</u> As set out in paragraph 87 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010), mortgage servicing rights ("MSRs") may be given limited recognition in CET1 capital (and hence be excluded from deduction from CET1 capital up to the specified threshold). In Hong Kong, an AI is required to follow the accounting treatment of including MSRs as part of intangible assets reported in the AI's financial statements and to deduct MSRs in full from CET1 capital. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 9 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 9 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by reducing the amount of MSRs to be deducted to the extent not in excess of the 10% threshold set for MSRs and the aggregate 15% threshold set for MSRs, DTAs arising from temporary differences and significant investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities (excluding those that are loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies) under Basel III.		
10	<b>Deferred tax assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)</b>	12,773	-
	<u>Explanation</u> As set out in paragraphs 69 and 87 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010), DTAs of the bank to be realized are to be deducted, whereas DTAs which relate to temporary differences may be given limited recognition in CET1 capital (and hence be excluded from deduction from CET1 capital up to the specified threshold). In Hong Kong, an AI is required to deduct all DTAs in full, irrespective of their origin, from CET1 capital. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 10 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 10 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by reducing the amount of DTAs to be deducted which relate to temporary differences to the extent not in excess of the 10% threshold set for DTAs arising from temporary differences and the aggregate 15% threshold set for MSRs, DTAs arising from temporary differences and significant investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities (excluding those that are loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies) under Basel III.		
18	<b>Insignificant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)</b>	-	-
	<u>Explanation</u> For the purpose of determining the total amount of insignificant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities, an AI is required to aggregate any amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures provided by it to any of its connected companies, where the connected company is a financial sector entity, as if such loans, facilities or other credit exposures were direct holdings, indirect holdings or synthetic holdings of the AI in the capital instruments of the financial sector entity, except where the AI demonstrates to the satisfaction of the MA that any such loan was made, any such facility was granted, or any such other credit exposure was incurred, in the ordinary course of the AI's business. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 18 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 18 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.		
19	<b>Significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)</b>	-	-
	<u>Explanation</u> For the purpose of determining the total amount of significant LAC investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities, an AI is required to aggregate any amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures provided by it to any of its connected companies, where the connected company is a financial sector entity, as if such loans, facilities or other credit exposures were direct holdings, indirect holdings or synthetic holdings of the AI in the capital instruments of the financial sector entity, except where the AI demonstrates to the satisfaction of the MA that any such loan was made, any such facility was granted, or any such other credit exposure was incurred, in the ordinary course of the AI's business. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 19 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 19 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.		
39	<b>Insignificant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)</b>	-	-
	<u>Explanation</u> The effect of treating loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies which are financial sector entities as CET1 capital instruments for the purpose of considering deductions to be made in calculating the capital base (see note re row 18 to the template above) will mean the headroom within the threshold available for the exemption from capital deduction of other insignificant LAC investments in AT1 capital instruments may be smaller. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 39 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 39 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.		
54	<b>Insignificant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by, and non-capital LAC liabilities of, financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold and, where applicable, 5% threshold)</b>	-	-
	<u>Explanation</u> The effect of treating loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies which are financial sector entities as CET1 capital instruments for the purpose of considering deductions to be made in calculating the capital base (see note re row 18 to the template above) will mean the headroom within the threshold available for the exemption from capital deduction of other insignificant LAC investments in Tier 2 capital instruments and non-capital LAC liabilities may be smaller. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 54 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 54 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.		
<b>Remarks:</b>			
The amount of the 10% threshold and 5% threshold mentioned above is calculated based on the amount of CET1 capital determined in accordance with the deduction methods set out in BCR Schedule 4F. The 15% threshold is referring to paragraph 88 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2010) and has no effect to the Hong Kong regime.			



**Part IIA : Composition of regulatory capital (unaudited)**
**CC2: Reconciliation of regulatory capital to balance sheet**

	(a)	(b)	(c)
	Balance sheet as in published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Reference
	As at 30 June 2019	As at 30 June 2019	
<b>In HK\$'000</b>			
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and short-term funds	23,713,099	23,705,496	
Placements with banks maturing between one to twelve months	7,098,277	7,098,277	
Derivative financial instruments	763,269	763,269	
Investments in securities	53,467,366	53,404,189	
Advances and other accounts	115,444,225	115,094,770	
of which: Impairment allowances eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	-	(433,168)	(1)
Defined benefit pension fund net assets	-	27,696	(2)
Investments in subsidiaries	-	192,569	
Amounts due from subsidiaries	-	4,937	
Interests in associates	382,871	20,000	
Investment properties	313,422	313,422	
Property and equipment	1,133,054	1,128,926	
Deferred tax assets	12,773	12,773	(3)
Intangible assets	598,523	558,917	(4)
of which: Internally developed software	-	544,827	
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>202,926,879</b>	<b>202,297,545</b>	
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Deposits and balances of banks	11,194,765	11,194,765	
Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements	7,182,750	7,182,750	
Deposits from customers	147,378,064	147,456,623	
Amounts due to subsidiaries	-	498,416	
Derivative financial instruments	1,985,210	1,985,210	
Other accounts and accruals	2,860,564	2,516,431	
Current tax liabilities	357,681	353,400	
Certificates of deposit	4,090,359	4,090,359	
Loan capital	4,594,359	4,594,359	
of which: Portion eligible for Tier 2 capital subject to phase out arrangement	-	468,707	(5)
Deferred tax liabilities	87,431	84,435	
of which: Deferred tax liabilities related to defined benefit pension fund	-	4,423	(6)
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>179,731,183</b>	<b>179,956,748</b>	
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the Bank</b>			
Share capital	9,977,060	9,977,060	(7)
Additional equity instruments	2,312,030	2,312,030	(8)
Reserves	10,906,606	10,051,707	
of which: Retained profits	-	7,438,742	(9)
of which: Cumulative fair value gains arising from revaluation of investment properties	-	65,073	(10)
of which: Disclosed reserves	-	2,612,965	(11)
of which: Land and building revaluation reserve	-	179,633	(12)
of which: Regulatory reserve	-	960,000	(13)
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>23,195,696</b>	<b>22,340,797</b>	
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>202,926,879</b>	<b>202,297,545</b>	

**As at 30 June 2019**

	Ordinary shares	USD300 million Undated Non-Cumulative Subordinated Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	USD204.024 million 6% Subordinated Notes due 2020	USD382.903 million 3.876% Tier 2 Subordinated Notes due 2027
1 Issuer	Chong Hing Bank Limited	Chong Hing Bank Limited	Chong Hing Bank Limited	Chong Hing Bank Limited
2 Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited's Stock Code : 01111	ISIN : XS1107229582	ISIN : XS0556302163	ISIN : XS1649885974
3 Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong law	English law / Hong Kong law	English law / Hong Kong law	English law / Hong Kong law
<i>Regulatory treatment</i>				
4 Transitional Basel III rules <sup>#</sup>	Common Equity Tier 1	NA	Tier 2	NA
5 Post-transitional Basel III rules <sup>+</sup>	Common Equity Tier 1	Additional Tier 1	Ineligible	Tier 2
6 Eligible at solo*/group/group & solo	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
7 Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Ordinary shares	Undated Non-Cumulative Subordinated Capital Securities	Other Tier 2 instruments	Other Tier 2 instruments
8 Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	(HKD million) 9,977.1	(HKD million) 2,312.0	(HKD million) 468.7	(HKD million) 2,976.2
9 Par value of instrument	NA	USD300 million	The subordinated notes with total face value of USD 204.024 million issued in registered form in denominations of USD100,000 each and integral multiples of USD1,000 in excess thereof	The subordinated notes with total face value of USD 382.903 million issued in registered form in denominations of USD200,000 each and integral multiples of USD1,000 in excess thereof
10 Accounting classification	Shareholders' equity	Equity	Liability - amortised cost	Liability - amortised cost
11 Original date of issuance	Various	25 September 2014	4 November 2010	26 July 2017
12 Perpetual or dated	Perpetual	Perpetual	Dated	Dated
13 Original maturity date	No maturity	No maturity	4 November 2020	26 July 2027
14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	NA	The First Call Date is on 25 September 2019. The Capital Securities have no fixed redemption date. Optional Redemption (on a designated date in 2019 or on any Distribution Payment Date thereafter), Tax Redemption and Regulatory Redemption are all subject to prior written consent of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority. Redemption amount will be the then prevailing principal amount.	The notes will be redeemable at the option of the Bank in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to their principal amount together with accrued and unpaid interest to the date fixed for redemption, upon the occurrence of certain changes in taxation in Hong Kong requiring the payment of additional amounts. The Bank may at its option, having given not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the noteholders, redeem all the notes.	The bank may redeem all, but not some only, of the Notes then outstanding on 26 July 2022, at their outstanding principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date of redemption, subject to adjustments following the occurrence of a Non-Viability Event and prior written consent of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority. The notes will be redeemable at the option of the Bank in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to their principal amount together with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption, upon the occurrence of a Capital Event (Regulatory Redemption), a Tax Deduction Event (Tax Deduction Redemption) or upon the occurrence of certain changes in taxation in Hong Kong requiring the payment of additional amounts (Tax Redemption). Tax Redemption, Tax Deduction Redemption and Regulatory Redemption are all subject to prior written consent of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.
16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable	NA	Any distribution payment dates thereafter first call date	NA	NA
<i>Coupons / dividends</i>				
17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
18 Coupon rate and any related index	The final dividend is proposed by the board of directors of the Bank and is subject to approval by the shareholders of the Bank in the annual general meeting. The interim dividend is declared by the board of directors of the Bank.	At a fixed rate of 6.5% per annum until 25 September 2019. Thereafter reset at: five years U.S. Treasury Rate + 4.628%	6%	At a fixed rate of 3.876% per annum until 25 July 2022. At a Reset Interest Rate from 26 July 2022 to (but excluding) 26 July 2027 (the "Maturity Date")
19 Existence of a dividend stopper	No	Yes	No	No
20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary	Fully discretionary	Mandatory	Mandatory
21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No	No	No
22 Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Cumulative	Cumulative
23 Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible	Non-convertible	Convertible	Convertible
24 If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	NA	NA	If at any time (on or) after 1 January 2013, the note no longer fully qualifies as term subordinated debt for inclusion in Category III - Tier 2 capital of the Bank upon changes to regulatory requirements, the Bank may, at its option and subject to the prior written approval of the HKMA, exercise a change of the status of the note by serving the "Change in Status Notice" to the noteholders. Upon a "Change in Status Notice" becoming effective, the note shall thereafter constitute unsubordinated obligations and the rate of interest on the note shall be reduced from 6% per annum to 5.5% per annum. As the "Change in Status Notice" has not been served, the rate of interest on the note remains at 6% per annum.	Each Noteholder shall be subject to having the Notes being written off, cancelled, converted or modified, or to having the form of the Notes changed, in the exercise of any Hong Kong Resolution Authority Power by the relevant Hong Kong Resolution Authority without prior notice which may include (without limitation) the conversion of all or a part of the principal amount of, or interest on, the Notes into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or another person (and the issue to or conferral on the holder of such shares, securities or obligations), including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the terms of the Notes.
25 If convertible, fully or partially	NA	NA	Fully	Full or partial
26 If convertible, conversion rate	NA	NA	1 : 1	NA
27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	NA	NA	Optional	Mandatory
28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	NA	NA	Other : Senior note	Shares or other securities or other obligations
29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	NA	NA	Chong Hing Bank Limited	Chong Hing Bank Limited or another person
30 Write-down feature	No	Yes	No	Yes
31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	NA	If a Non-Viability Event occurs and is continuing, the Bank shall, upon the provision of a Non-Viability Event Notice, irrevocably reduce the then principal amount of, and cancel any accrued but unpaid Distribution in respect of, each Capital Security (in each case in whole or in part) by an amount equal to the Non-Viability Event Write-off Amount per Capital Security.  "Non-Viability Event" means the earlier of: (i) the Hong Kong Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that the Hong Kong Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a Write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and (ii) the Hong Kong Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable.	NA	If a Non-Viability Event occurs and is continuing, the Bank shall, upon the provision of a Non-Viability Event Notice, irrevocably reduce the then principal amount of, and cancel any accrued but unpaid interest in respect of, each Note (in each case in whole or in part) by an amount equal to the Non-Viability Event Write-off Amount per Note.  "Non-Viability Event" means the earlier of: (i) the Hong Kong Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that the Hong Kong Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a Write-off or conversion is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable; and (ii) the Hong Kong Monetary Authority notifying the Bank in writing that a decision has been made by the government body, a government officer or other relevant regulatory body with the authority to make such a decision, that a public sector injection of capital or equivalent support is necessary, without which the Bank would become non-viable.
32 If write-down, full or partial	NA	Full or partial	NA	Full or partial
33 If write-down, permanent or temporary	NA	Permanent	NA	Permanent
34 If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	NA	NA	NA	NA
35 Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument in the insolvency creditor hierarchy of the legal entity concerned).	Subordinated to additional tier 1 capital securities	Subordinated to all claims of: (i) all unsubordinated creditors of the Bank (including depositors), (ii) creditors in respect of Tier 2 Capital Securities of the Bank, and (iii) all other Subordinated Creditors of the Bank whose claims are stated to rank senior to the Capital Securities or rank senior to the Capital Securities by operations of law or contract.	Certificates of deposit	In the event of a winding-up, the rights of the Noteholders to payment of principal and interest, and any other obligations in respect of the Notes, shall rank :  (a) Subordinate and junior in right of payment to, and of all claims of, (i) all unsubordinated creditors of the Bank (including depositors), and (ii) all other Subordinated Creditors of the Bank whose claims are stated to rank senior to the Notes or rank senior to the Notes by operations of law or contract  (b) Pari passu in right of payment to and of all claims of the holders of Tier 2 Capital Instruments (or its equivalent) under applicable Capital Regulations or any instrument or other obligation issued, entered into, or guaranteed by the Bank that ranks or is expressed to rank pari passu with the Notes by operation of law or contract, excludes any Junior Obligations of the Bank.  (c) Senior in right of payment to and of all claims of, (i) the holders of Junior Obligations, and (ii) the holders of Tier 1 Capital Instruments of the Bank, in each case in the manner provided in the Trust Deed.
36 Non-compliant transitioned features	No	No	Yes	No
37 If yes, specify non-compliant features	NA	NA	No loss absorption provision at the point of non-viability	NA

**Footnote:**
<sup>#</sup> Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

<sup>+</sup> Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules

<sup>\*</sup> Include solo-consolidated

The full terms and conditions of all capital instruments are available on the Bank's website: <http://www.chbank.com/en/personal/footer/about-ch-bank/regulatory-disclosures/terms-and-conditions/index.shtml>

Chong Hing Bank has successfully issued USD400 million 5.7% Undated Non-cumulative Subordinated Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities on 15 July 2019. For details, please refer to [http://www.chbank.com/en/pdf/2019/Main\\_Features\\_of\\_Additional\\_Tier1\\_Capital\\_Securities\\_Eng.pdf](http://www.chbank.com/en/pdf/2019/Main_Features_of_Additional_Tier1_Capital_Securities_Eng.pdf)

**Part IIB : Macroprudential supervisory measures (unaudited)**
**CCyB1: Geographical distribution of credit exposures used in countercyclical capital buffer ("CCyB")**

Geographical breakdown of risk-weighted amounts (RWA) in relation to private sector credit exposures with a non-zero applicable JCCyB ratio

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2019			
		(a)	(c)	(d)	(e)
	Geographical breakdown by Jurisdiction (J)	Applicable JCCyB ratio in effect (%)	RWA used in computation of CCyB ratio	AI-specific CCyB ratio (%)	CCyB amount
1	Hong Kong SAR	2.500%	86,892,898		
2	United Kingdom	1.000%	665,705		
	Sum		87,558,603		
	Total		121,555,286	1.793%	2,573,379

The jurisdiction in which the Group has private sector credit exposure is determined on an "ultimate risk basis". Exposures are allocated to the jurisdiction where the risk ultimately lies, defined as the location where the "ultimate obligor" resides.

**Part IIC : Leverage ratio (unaudited)**
**LR1: Summary comparison of accounting assets against leverage ratio exposure measure**

In HK\$'000		(a)
		As at 30 June 2019
	Item	Value under the LR framework
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	202,926,879
2	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	(629,334)
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the applicable accounting standard but excluded from the LR exposure measure	-
4	Adjustments for derivative contracts	3,515,812
5	Adjustment for SFTs (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	443,687
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet ("OBS") items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of OBS exposures)	8,780,277
6a	Adjustment for specific and collective provisions that are allowed to be excluded from exposure measure	(13,525)
7	Other adjustments	(1,808,117)
8	<b>Leverage ratio exposure measure</b>	213,215,679

Difference between the total balance sheet assets (net of on-balance sheet derivative exposures and securities financing transaction exposures) as reported in published financial statements and on-balance sheets exposures as stated in LR2 was due to investments in entities that are consolidated for accounting purpose but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation.

**Part IIC : Leverage ratio (unaudited)**
**LR2: Leverage ratio**

		(a)	(b)
		As at 30 June 2019	As at 31 March 2019
<b>In HK\$'000</b>			
<b>On-balance sheet exposures</b>			
1	On-balance sheet exposures (excluding those arising from derivative contracts and SFTs, but including collateral)	195,651,113	184,088,187
2	Less: Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital	(1,804,966)	(1,668,979)
3	<b>Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivative contracts and SFTs)</b>	193,846,147	182,419,208
<b>Exposures arising from derivative contracts</b>			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative contracts (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)	762,183	858,765
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative contracts	3,515,812	3,200,991
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the applicable accounting framework	-	-
7	Less: Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided under derivative contracts	-	-
8	Less: Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures	-	-
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivative contracts	-	-
10	Less: Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivative contracts	-	-
11	<b>Total exposures arising from derivative contracts</b>	4,277,995	4,059,756
<b>Exposures arising from SFTs</b>			
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	6,506,063	4,864,224
13	Less: Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets	-	-
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	443,687	1,901,530
15	Agent transaction exposures	-	-
16	<b>Total exposures arising from SFTs</b>	6,949,750	6,765,754
<b>Other off-balance sheet exposures</b>			
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	47,665,196	45,987,822
18	Less: Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	(38,884,919)	(37,269,520)
19	<b>Off-balance sheet items</b>	8,780,277	8,718,302
<b>Capital and total exposures</b>			
20	<b>Tier 1 capital</b>	20,540,255	20,787,037
20a	<b>Total exposures before adjustments for specific and collective provisions</b>	213,854,169	201,963,020
20b	<b>Adjustments for specific and collective provisions</b>	(638,490)	(637,371)
21	<b>Total exposures after adjustments for specific and collective provisions</b>	213,215,679	201,325,649
<b>Leverage ratio</b>			
22	<b>Leverage ratio</b>	9.63%	10.33%

Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures (unaudited)  
 CR1: Credit quality of exposures

		As at 30 June 2019						
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
		Gross carrying amounts of		Allowances / impairments	Of which ECL accounting provisions for credit losses on STC approach exposures		Of which ECL accounting provisions for credit losses on IRB approach exposures	Net values (a+b-c)
		Defaulted exposures	Non-defaulted exposures		Allocated in regulatory category of specific provisions	Allocated in regulatory category of collective provisions		
<b>In HK\$'000</b>								
1	Loans	346,877	141,130,854	624,964	205,322	419,642	-	140,852,767
2	Debt securities	-	53,353,481	92,181	-	92,181	-	53,261,300
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	-	16,888,931	12,848	-	12,848	-	16,876,083
4	Total	346,877	211,373,266	729,993	205,322	524,671	-	210,990,150

The Group identifies the exposures as "default" if the exposure is past due for more than 90 days or has been rescheduled.

Loans included balances with banks, loans and advances to customers and balances with central banks.

Debt securities classified as Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI") were mainly issued by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and the Mainland China, corporates and financial institutions from Hong Kong and Mainland China.

Off-balance sheet exposures included direct credit substitutes, trade-related contingencies, forward asset purchases and irrecoverable loans commitment.

**Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures (unaudited)**  
**CR2: Changes in defaulted loans and debt securities**

In HK\$'000		(a)
		Amount
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period (31 December 2018)	321,174
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	43,427
3	Returned to non-defaulted status	(10,258)
4	Amounts written off	(323)
5	Other changes	(7,143)
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the current reporting period (30 June 2019)	346,877

**Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures (unaudited)**
**CR3: Overview of recognized credit risk mitigation**

		As at 30 June 2019				
		(a)	(b1)	(b)	(d)	(f)
		Exposures unsecured: carrying amount	Exposures to be secured	Exposures secured by recognized collateral	Exposures secured by recognized guarantees	Exposures secured by recognized credit derivative contracts
<b>In HK\$'000</b>						
1	Loans	132,169,026	8,683,741	7,315,319	1,368,422	-
2	Debt securities	53,261,300	-	-	-	-
3	Total	185,430,326	8,683,741	7,315,319	1,368,422	-
4	Of which defaulted	211,237	135,640	135,640	-	-



**Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures (unaudited)**
**CR4: Credit risk exposures and effects of recognized credit risk mitigation - for STC approach**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2019					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
		Exposures pre-CCF and pre-CRM		Exposures post-CCF and post-CRM		RWA and RWA density	
Exposure classes	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	RWA	RWA density	
1	Sovereign exposures	23,305,053	-	23,305,053	-	162	0.00%
2	PSE exposures	445,519	-	962,463	-	192,493	20.00%
2a	Of which: domestic PSEs	-	-	516,944	-	103,389	20.00%
2b	Of which: foreign PSEs	445,519	-	445,519	-	89,104	20.00%
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bank exposures	36,251,353	235,314	36,293,829	47,063	9,427,425	25.94%
5	Securities firm exposures	1,122,307	3,788,907	1,120,819	81,600	601,210	50.00%
6	Corporate exposures	116,728,788	40,403,074	110,469,553	4,700,384	107,110,004	93.00%
7	CIS exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Cash items	457,466	-	7,632,367	757,106	785,328	9.36%
9	Exposures in respect of failed delivery on transactions entered into on a basis other than a delivery-versus-payment basis	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Regulatory retail exposures	272,422	423,079	258,697	7,388	199,564	75.00%
11	Residential mortgage loans	13,088,216	-	12,532,202	-	4,997,351	39.88%
12	Other exposures which are not past due exposures	8,297,156	2,810,822	7,393,297	109,109	7,502,406	100.00%
13	Past due exposures	163,150	4,000	163,150	-	170,371	104.43%
14	Significant exposures to commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	<b>Total</b>	<b>200,131,430</b>	<b>47,665,196</b>	<b>200,131,430</b>	<b>5,702,650</b>	<b>130,986,314</b>	<b>63.64%</b>

**Part III : Credit risk for non-securitization exposures (unaudited)**
**CR5: Credit risk exposures by asset classes and by risk weights - for STC approach**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2019										
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(ha)	(i)	(j)
Risk Weight		0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Total credit risk exposures amount (post CCF and post CRM)
Exposure class												
1	Sovereign exposures	23,304,242	-	811	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,305,053
2	PSE exposures	-	-	962,463	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	962,463
2a	Of which: domestic PSEs	-	-	516,944	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	516,944
2b	Of which: foreign PSEs	-	-	445,519	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	445,519
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bank exposures	-	-	29,243,935	-	7,036,640	-	60,317	-	-	-	36,340,892
5	Securities firm exposures	-	-	-	-	1,202,419	-	-	-	-	-	1,202,419
6	Corporate exposures	-	-	-	-	16,718,852	-	97,852,102	598,983	-	-	115,169,937
7	CIS exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Cash items	4,463,626	-	3,925,649	-	-	-	198	-	-	-	8,389,473
9	Exposures in respect of failed delivery on transactions entered into on a basis other than a delivery-versus-payment basis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Regulatory retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	266,085	-	-	-	-	266,085
11	Residential mortgage loans	-	-	-	11,576,739	-	39,885	915,578	-	-	-	12,532,202
12	Other exposures which are not past due exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,502,406	-	-	-	7,502,406
13	Past due exposures	827	-	4,148	-	-	-	135,443	22,732	-	-	163,150
14	Significant exposures to commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	<b>Total</b>	<b>27,768,695</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>34,137,006</b>	<b>11,576,739</b>	<b>24,957,911</b>	<b>305,970</b>	<b>106,466,044</b>	<b>621,715</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>205,834,080</b>

Part IV : Counterparty credit risk (unaudited)

CCR1: Analysis of counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by approaches

		As at 30 June 2019					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
		Replacement cost (RC)	PFE	Effective EPE	Alpha ( $\alpha$ ) used for computing default risk exposure	Default risk exposure after CRM	RWA
<b>In HK\$'000</b>							
1	SA-CCR (for derivative contracts)	-	-		1.4	-	-
1a	CEM	711,502	3,345,785		N/A	4,057,286	1,298,783
2	IMM (CCR) approach			-	-	-	-
3	Simple Approach (for SFTs)					6,506,063	120,562
4	Comprehensive Approach (for SFTs)					-	-
5	VaR (for SFTs)					-	-
6	<b>Total</b>						<b>1,419,345</b>

**Part IV : Counterparty credit risk (unaudited)**  
**CCR2: CVA capital charge**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2019	
		(a)	(b)
		EAD post CRM	RWA
	Netting sets for which CVA capital charge is calculated by the advanced CVA method	-	-
1	(i) VaR (after application of multiplication factor if applicable)		-
2	(ii) Stressed VaR (after application of multiplication factor if applicable)		-
3	Netting sets for which CVA capital charge is calculated by the standardized CVA method	4,057,287	570,400
<b>4</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>4,057,287</b>	<b>570,400</b>

**Part IV : Counterparty credit risk (unaudited)**
**CCR3: Counterparty default risk exposures (other than those to CCPs) by asset classes and by risk weights - for STC approach**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2019										
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(ca)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(ga)	(h)	(i)
Exposure class	Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	250%	Others	Total default risk exposure after CRM
1	Sovereign exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	PSE exposures	-	-	968	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	968
2a	Of which: domestic PSEs	-	-	968	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	968
2b	Of which: foreign PSEs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Multilateral development bank exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Bank exposures	6,042,842	-	3,286,122	-	686,935	-	-	-	-	-	10,015,899
5	Securities firm exposures	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	46
6	Corporate exposures	-	-	-	-	256,000	-	289,045	-	-	-	545,045
7	CIS exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Regulatory retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Residential mortgage loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Other exposures which are not past due exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,391	-	-	-	1,391
11	Significant exposures to commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>12</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>6,042,842</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,287,090</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>942,981</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>290,436</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10,563,349</b>

Part IV : Counterparty credit risk (unaudited)

CCR5: Composition of collateral for counterparty default risk exposures (including those for contracts or transactions cleared through CCPs)

As at 30 June 2019						
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
	Derivative contracts				SFTs	
	Fair value of recognized collateral received		Fair value of posted collateral		Fair value of recognized collateral received	Fair value of posted collateral
	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated		
<b>In HK\$'000</b>						
Cash - domestic currency	-	-	-	3,097	-	-
Cash - other currencies	-	62,544	-	1,873,261	6,556,944	-
Other sovereign debt	-	-	-	-	-	1,096,351
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	5,339,998
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>62,544</b>	-	<b>1,876,358</b>	<b>6,556,944</b>	<b>6,436,349</b>

**Part IV : Counterparty credit risk (unaudited)**  
**CCR8: Exposures to CCPs**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2019	
		(a)	(b)
		Exposure after CRM	RWA
<b>1</b>	<b>Exposures of the AI as clearing member or client to qualifying CCPs (total)</b>		<b>24,133</b>
2	Default risk exposures to qualifying CCPs (excluding items disclosed in rows 7 to 10), of which:	813,912	16,278
3	(i) OTC derivative transactions	813,912	16,278
4	(ii) Exchange-traded derivative contracts	-	-
5	(iii) Securities financing transactions	-	-
6	(iv) Netting sets subject to valid cross-product netting agreements	-	-
7	Segregated initial margin	-	
8	Unsegregated initial margin	392,752	7,855
9	Funded default fund contributions	-	-
10	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-
<b>11</b>	<b>Exposures of the AI as clearing member or client to non-qualifying CCPs (total)</b>		<b>-</b>
12	Default risk exposures to non-qualifying CCPs (excluding items disclosed in rows 17 to 20), of which:	-	-
13	(i) OTC derivative transactions	-	-
14	(ii) Exchange-traded derivative contracts	-	-
15	(iii) Securities financing transactions	-	-
16	(iv) Netting sets subject to valid cross-product netting agreements	-	-
17	Segregated initial margin	-	
18	Unsegregated initial margin	-	-
19	Funded default fund contributions	-	-
20	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-

**Part V: Securitization exposures (unaudited)**  
**SEC1: Securitization exposures in banking book**

In HK\$'000		As at 30 June 2019								
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)
		Acting as originator (excluding sponsor)			Acting as sponsor			Acting as investor		
		Traditional	Synthetic	Sub-total	Traditional	Synthetic	Sub-total	Traditional	Synthetic	Sub-total
<b>1</b>	<b>Retail (total) – of which:</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>7,157</b>	-	<b>7,157</b>
2	residential mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	credit card	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	other retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,157	-	7,157
5	re-securitization exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>6</b>	<b>Wholesale (total) – of which:</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	loans to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	commercial mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	lease and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	other wholesale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	re-securitization exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



**Part V: Securitization exposures (unaudited)**
**SEC4: Securitization exposures in banking book and associated capital requirements – where AI acts as investor**

		As at 30 June 2019																
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)	(n)	(o)	(p)	(q)
		Exposure values (by RW bands)				Exposure values (by regulatory approach)				RWAs (by regulatory approach)				Capital charges after cap				
		≤20% RW	>20% to 50% RW	>50% to 100% RW	>100% to <1250% RW	1250% RW	SEC-IRBA	SEC-ERBA (incl. IAA)	SEC-SA	SEC-FBA	SEC-IRBA	SEC-ERBA (incl. IAA)	SEC-SA	SEC-FBA	SEC-IRBA	SEC-ERBA (incl. IAA)	SEC-SA	SEC-FBA
<b>In HK\$'000</b>																		
1	<b>Total exposures</b>	-	7,157	-	-	-	-	7,157	-	-	-	2,147	-	-	-	172	-	-
2	Traditional securitization	-	7,157	-	-	-	-	7,157	-	-	-	2,147	-	-	-	172	-	-
3	Of which securitization	-	7,157	-	-	-	-	7,157	-	-	-	2,147	-	-	-	172	-	-
4	Of which retail	-	7,157	-	-	-	-	7,157	-	-	-	2,147	-	-	-	172	-	-
5	Of which wholesale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Of which re-securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Of which senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Of which non-senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Synthetic securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Of which securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Of which retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Of which wholesale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Of which re-securitization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Of which senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Of which non-senior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Part VI : Market risk (unaudited)

MR1: Market risk under STM approach

		As at 30 June 2019
		(a)
In HK\$'000		RWA
	Outright product exposures	
1	Interest rate exposures (general and specific risk)	1,118,000
2	Equity exposures (general and specific risk)	-
3	Foreign exchange (including gold) exposures	2,901,688
4	Commodity exposures	-
	Option exposures	
5	Simplified approach	-
6	Delta-plus approach	-
7	Other approach	-
8	Securitization exposures	-
<b>9</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>4,019,688</b>

**Regulatory Disclosures**  
**Abbreviations**

**Abbreviations**

**Brief Description**

AI	Authorized Institution
AT1	Additional Tier 1
CCF	Credit Conversion Factor
CCP	Central Counterparty
CCR	Counterparty Credit Risk
CCyB	Countercyclical Capital Buffer
CEM	Current Exposure Method
CET1	Common Equity Tier 1
CIS	Collective Investment Scheme
CRM	Credit Risk Mitigation
CVA	Credit Valuation Adjustment
EAD	Exposure At Default
ECL	Expected Credit Loss
EPE	Expected Positive Exposure
FVOCI	Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income
HKMA	Hong Kong Monetary Authority
IAA	Internal Assessment Approach
IMM(CCR)	Internal Models (Counterparty Credit Risk) Approach
IMM	Internal Models Approach
IRB	Internal Ratings-Based Approach
LR	Leverage Ratio
OTC	Over-The-Counter
PFE	Potential Future Exposure
PSE	Public Sector Entity
RW	Risk-Weight
RWA	Risk-Weighted Asset/ Risk-Weighted Amount
SA-CCR	Standardised Approach (Counterparty Credit Risk)
SEC-ERBA	Securitization External Ratings-Based Approach
SEC-FBA	Securitization Fall-back Approach
SEC-IRBA	Securitization Internal Ratings-Based Approach
SEC-SA	Securitization Standardised Approach
SFT	Securities Financing Transaction
STC	Standardised (Credit Risk) Approach
STM	Standardised (Market Risk) Approach
VaR	Value At Risk